Friday August 23 1985

Norwegian election: a case of who cares wins, Page 3

World news

Business summary

Corporation. Page 8

TOKYO issues rose as foreign in-

LONDON stocks railied after falter-

ing early in the session. The FT Ordinary share index lost 1.0 to 987.2.

WALL STREET: At 2pm the Dow

Jones industrial average was 7.40 lower at 1,322.13. Page 32

DOLLAR was weaker in London, falling to DM 2.7425 (DM 2.7655), FFr 8.375 (FFr 8.4475), SwFr 2.2435 (SwFr 2.2685) and Y235,85 (Y236.95).

On Bank of England figures the dol-

lar's exchange rate index fell to 135.3 from 136.5. Page 25

STERLING benefited from the dol-

lar's weakness in London, gaining

1.45 cents to \$1.4075. It also rose to

DM 3.8625 (DM 3.85), FFr 11.79 (Ffr 11.73), SwFr 3.1575 (SwFr 3.155) and

Y331,75 (Y329.5). The pound's ex-

change rate index rose 0.7 to 82.4 Page 25

GOLD: In New York the Comex Oc-

toher settlement was \$338.60. Gold

rose 75 cents in the London bullion

market to \$336.00 but was lower in

U.S. FACTORIES reported a sharp

ders of durable goods. However in-flation is holding its moderate

A. H. ROBINS, maker of the Dal-

kon shield contraceptive, faces a le-

gal challenge to their suit for pro-tection under the U.S. Bankruptcy

Code from lawyers representing women who claim the device in-

CASTLEMAINE TOOHEYS, lead-

ing Australian brewer, received an

approach from an unnamed compa-

ny, which the brewer said might

lead to a takeover offer above the A\$7.50 (U.S.\$5.35) a share from

AMERICAN EXPRESS, U.S. finan-

VERA. West German energy group, expects higher profits for 1985 and hints at a possible increase in divi-

WEINKELLEREI Walter Seidel,

West German wine importer, de-clared itself insolvent because of

DM 4.8m (\$1,74m) losses related to

the Austrian wine scandal.

Bond Corporation. Page 14

for \$225m. Page 13

Page 13

Zurich at \$335.25. Page 24

course. Page 4

jured them. Page 13

No. 29,709

Bonn's top Ericsson profits spy hunter decline disappears by 31%

West Germany's counter-intelli- ERICSSON, Swedish telecon West Germany's counter-invan-gence service, hunting three van-ished spy suspects, said that one of its own senior officials had gone missing. Hans Tiedge is said to be responsible for directing operations cations and electronics group, re-ported profits 31 per cent lower at SKr 644m (\$78m) in the first half of the year and said it was still runresponsible for directing operations against East German agents in West Germany. ning up considerable losses on its troubled information systems division. Page 12 and Lex

Chancellor Helmut Kohl said the SINGER, U.S. sewing ma spy affair had strained relations maker, sold its operations in 11 European countries to a newly formed with East Germany. He accused East Berlin of sowing mistrust be-British company, European Home tween the two states.

Tiedge worked in the most sensitive area of Bonn's intelligence ser- METROPOLITAN LIFE, U.S. insurvice and had detailed knowledge.

about its activities including the identitities of Western agents.

Page 3

PER POPULITARY LEFE, U.S. Insurance into the UK life market by buying Albany life Insurance Company from its present owner, American General

Libya moves troops

" AFRICA

Libya reportedly concentrated 20,000 to 25,000 troops on Tunisia's Libya reportedly concentrated vestors sought large-capital stocks. 20,000 to 25,000 troops on Tunisia's The Nikkei-Dow market average border in the Zuwarah area on the put on 29.34 to 12,734.05. Page 32 Mediterranean coast as tension mounted with the expulsion of more Tunisian workers from Libya.

Berri rejects plan

Shia Moslem leader Nabih Berri turned down as inadequate a Syrian sponsored plan to halt four days of Moslem-Christian fighting in Beirut. Page 2

Moscow deniai

The Soviet Union rejected as outrageous and absurd U.S. charges that it used a possible cancer-inducing chemical to track Americans in Moscow. **Earlier story**, Page 3

S. Africa strike off

South Africa's biggest black trade union agreed to postpone a mine strike set for Sunday after a new of-fer from employers. Page 2.

Greenpeace charge

New Zealand police said the woman charged with sinking Rainbow Warrior, the flagship of Greenpeace, the in the French army. Page 2

Ambassador recalled

Portugal recalled its ambassador to Australia for consultations after Australian Prime Minister Bob Hawke recognised Indonesian sovereignty over East Timor, a former Portuguese colony. Page 2

French clash

President François Mitterrand and the right-wing opposition in France are shaping up for a constitutional clash over the appointment of new presidents to state-owned banks and industries. Page 12

Peace talks fail

Talks to resolve Sri Lanka's bloody communal conflict collapsed amid renewed violence between majority Sinhalese and minority Tamils.

Swindlers sentenced

Ten leading members of a Frankfurt investment firm were found guilty of swindling 1,350 savers in a DM 43m (\$15.7m) fraud and sentenced to jail terms of up to six

Excommunicated

A Spanish bishop declared a medical team and their 20-year-old pa-tient excommunicated after one of the country's first legal abortions was performed in the city of Jerez de la Frontera, southern Spain.

Afghan shooting

Afghan guerrillas said they shot ships in Afghanistan's southeastern province of Logar.

Icon thief jailed

A former monastery worker was jailed for 11 years in the Soviet north-western city of Pskov for stealing icons from churches.

54 die in UK as Boeing 737 catches fire at take-off |Ford may

sirport in northern England, killing 54 of the 136 passengers and crew aboard, writes Michael Donne, ce Correspondent, in Lon-

Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the British Prime Minister, promised "the most rigorous inquiry into the cause after visiting the scene of the

The aircraft, en route to Corfu with package holidaymakers, was accelerating along the runway for take-off when an explosion oc-curred in the port engine, causing

The pilot slowed and halted the aircraft just off the runway, but the

African economic sanctions now

nearing final approval in Congress

and instead order milder punitive

measures on his own initiative, Ad-

ministration officials said yester-

day. Such an approach would allow

engagement" policy of trying to se-

cure change in South Africa by

Mr Larry Speakes, the White House spokesman, with the presidential party in Los Angeles, again insisted yesterday that Mr Reagan had made no final decision. Other

officials have said that the decision,

expected next month, would be guided by the political situation in

South Africa af the time, as well as

The Administration, however,

by developments on Capitol Hill.

2.8 per cent fall in July for new or- Mr Reagan disapproves of sanc- start with a hard core of eight right-

at least part of the congressional

package. He could accept, for exam-

ple, a ban on sales of U.S. comput-

ers that could be used to enforce

refuse to follow equal-opportunity

executive authority, while at the

tions in principle, he could sur

quiet diplomacy, the officials said.

gency exits, were trapped in the blazing wreckage. The rear fuselage of the aircraft broke off.

At one stage ground firemen appeared to have doused the blaze, but it broke out again when two oxygen tanks in the rear of the aircraft exploded. British Airways, parent of British

Airtours, which operated the aircraft, subsequently denied state-ments attributed to it earlier that the cause of the crash was failure of part of the turbine in the port engine. "It is far too early to say, and anyway it is not up to us to say," a

The matter is now in the hands of the accidents investigation branch rear of the aircraft was already a of Britain's Department of Trans-

Reagan set to veto

order milder curbs

ride his veto of the congressional

The House of Representatives

has already overwhelmingly ap-

proved the four-part congressional plan, which would ban American

imports of gold Krugerrand coins

and technology, in addition to the

prohibition on banks loans and

computer sales. The Senate is ex-

pected to endorse the measures

soon after it reconvenes on Septem-

in both Houses - a prospect that ap-

pears virtually certain in the Demo-crat-controlled House of Represen-

tatives. Mr Reagan would thus have

to persuade a blocking minority of

just over one third of the 100 sena-

The Administration's hope ap-

pears to be that if Mr Reagan took

some action on his own, and there

rally enough Republican senators

to his side. But for this strategy to work, it is essential, in the White

any form of sanctions.

SA sanctions and

BY REGINALD DALE, U.S. EDITOR, IN WASHINGTON

PRESIDENT Ronald Reagan is in- tion he could persuade the Republi-

clined to veto the package of South can-controlled Senate not to over-

him to maintain the "constructive" and exports of nuclear equipment

has already made it clear that while tors to sustain his veto. He would

apartheid, and a ban on U.S. Gov-seemed to be some signs of prog-eroment loans to companies that ress in South Africa itself, he could

Administration officials now say work, it is essential, in the White that Mr Reagan could introduce House view, that President Botha

these two measures under his own shows serious evidence of willing-executive authority, while at the ness to negotiate with black

A BOEING 737 operated by a tour sea of flame and many of the pas-subsidiary of British Airways sengers, unable to reach the emer-crashed yesterday at Manchester gency exits, were trapped in the Farnborough for intensive exami-were just on top of each other trynation. The cockpit voice recorder and flight data recorder, which monitor crew conversations and the of the aircraft were among those aircraft's systems, have not yet been recovered. They may have been destroyed in the crash and subsequent fire.

Part of the aircraft's engine cowling was found 400 feet away. The two engines in the Boeing 737-200 are made by Pratt & Whitney of the

All 82 survivors were taken to Manchester hospitals, but only 15 were detained with severe burns. Most of the others were treated for shock. A fireman was also injured. One survivor said there was mass panic as passengers fought to es-

sistent recently in urging all parties

in South Africa to come quickly to the negotiating table. At the same time, it is urging Mr Botha to "clari-ty" what the proposed dialogue

should be about, so as to allow it to

Right-wingers in the Administra-tion are still bitterly opposed to

sanctions and are attempting to

play up the progress they believe Mr Botha has already made. Other

officials, however, are frustrated

that earlier South African promises

of rapid political change have not been fulfilled.

Times that Mr Botha's August 15

speech laying out a "manifesto" for the future had not included the de-

tailed proposals for reform that the U.S. had been led to expect at a meeting with Mr Pik Botha, the

South African Foreign Minister, in

Continuing economic and political uncertainties saw the rand match

the record low of 38.5 cents to which

it fell last Friday following critical

domestic and international reac-

tions to the Durban speech by

the day at slightly over 40 cents but

dealers anticipated continued

The immediate cause of the fall

were unconfirmed reports of diffi-

culties in rolling over foreign loans

Miners postpone strike, Page 2

The rand recovered late to end

Vienna the previous week.

President Botha.

A presidential veto could be over-ridden by majorities of two thirds tion official told the New York

were just on top of each other try-ing to get out," he said.

Stewardesses seated in the rear who died. The dead were taken to an empty hangar, temporarily turned into a mortuary.

Manchester Airport was closed throughout the day, with all other flights being either cancelled, postponed, or diverted to Liverpool and other airports. The airport handles some 200 flights daily.

Mr David Steel, Liberal Party

leader, said it was "clear that the rapid spread of the fire through the aircraft and the inability of so many people to escape it in the ensuing panic, contributed to the scale of the tragedy.

"This, together with the possibility of the extra seats configuration which exists on many charter flights, must be among the points pursued at the subsequent inquiry." Mr Steele was voicing a concer that has been expressed in the past - whether package boliday aircraft are overloaded. The 737-200 is normally configured to seat about 110 passengers, but is often loaded with

130 or more in a high-density boliday charter configuration.

Boeing has delivered over 1,100 of
the aircraft to 133 airlines since it first entered service in 1968, with nearly another 200 waiting to be de-livered. It is thus the world's most popular short-haul jet, after the

Continued on Page 12 Cracks found in JAL 747, Page 2

NatWest plan for U.S. broking to test Fed rules

BY CLIVE WOLMAN IN LONDON

NATIONAL Westminster Bank applied yesterday to set up a UK-style stockbroking operation in New York in a move which will challenge the Federal Reserve Board's bank

If successful, NatWest will be the first commercial bank to set up a U.S. brokerage service on the City of London model which offers intment research, share recommendations and the execution and clearing of buy and sell orders. It plans to use the brokerage operation, which will be aimed at institutional investors, as a base from which to expand its international share-dealing and corporate finance services.

The brokerage service, however, to be carried out through a new Delaware-incorporated subsidiary called County Securities Corpora-tion, will not include the making of markets in U.S. shares or the underwriting of new issues. These services form part of the standard repertoire of a U.S. securities como ny, but banks are forbidden by U.S. law to engage in them because of their traditional riskiness.

The current regulations of the banks have acquired execution-only brokerage subsidiaries.
Mr Philip Rimell, chairman of

which represents U.S. securities companies, to prevent its application being accepted.

The bank will be committing only

about £2m (\$2.78m) of capital to the venture and employing 20 to 30 in the first year. But, Mr Rimell said, that about \$20m would be committed "at the second stage." Ms Elaine Sternberg of County

Securities agreed that the company would not be able to compete with the corporate finance or investor services offered by large securities companies which trade in, and underwrite, large blocks of shares. She said the brokerage service

would be marketed on the basis of the company's investment research

The other spin-off from the operation, she said, would be to build up the bank's international underwrittirement proposal for workers, ing of new U.S. equity issues. At which will cut the age at which empresent, nearly 10 per cent of new U.S. issues are believed to be underwritten outside the U.S., thus escaping the U.S. banking regulations ~ and the proportion has been grow-ing rapidly. County Bank, Nat-West's merchant banking subsidiary, is already a major underwriter

companies, do not permit a bank to tions of Fielding, Newson, Smith set up a subsidiary which offers a and County Bisgood, the two Loncombined securities research and don Stock Exchange firms which the year, and will then bring it into execution service. But some U.S. NatWest has contracted to buy next use at specific locations year, are to be transferred to County Securities.

Fed to amend its regulations so that iary, is also preparing itself, Mr point at which it can make profits the application could be accepted. A Sternberg said, for the possible libon a given amount of sales by

cut 10,000 salaried staff jobs

By Terry Dodsworth in New York

FORD MOTOR of the U.S. said yesterday that it was working on a new redundancy plan for salaried staff which could well lead to job cuts of around 10,000 in its North American car operations over the next

The programme is due to start shortly on a trial basis in the group's Rouge steel plant and its U.S. tractor operations. These businesses have been chosen because they have immediate financial problems, the company said, but the cuts could later be extended to other operations when the company sees an economic need to enforce

Ford's plan demonstrates the continuing pressure to reduce costs and increase efficiency on the U.S. motor industry after a period in which it has had to adjust to increasing imports and a less inflationary price environment.

Despite the rise in employment

among the motor companies asso-ciated with the boom in vehicle sales over the last two years, employee numbers have plunged from the peak levels achieved in the late 1970s. At Ford, for instance, employment of hourly-paid shopfloor workers was 153,200 in 1979, but has since fallen to 106,200.

Salaried employment in the whole of the group's U.S. operations has slumped from 82,900 to 63,900 in the same period, and in the automotive activities, it has dropped from 70,100 to 48,800.

Under the new plan, the aim will be to avoid enforced redundancies of the type that hit the workforce particularly heavily during the 1981-82 recession. At the centre of the scheme will be a voluntary reployees can apply for redundancy from 55 to 45 years. New benefit

scales will be introduced for the package. The company indicated vesterday that the two trial runs which it is launching shortly will help it develop concrete proposals to achieve next five years. It expects to put the plan to employees before the end of

Ford could give no estimate of the likely impact of the proposed pro-County Securities, said, however, that he expected to persuade the Fed to amend its regulations so that on a given amount of sales by around 40 per cent.

Curbs sought on Japanese im-ports, Page 3; Austin Rover set for shutdowns, Page 12

same time vetoing the larger pack- leaders. age. The hope, presumably, would be that by taking at least some ac- the Administration has been so in-Lloyd's faces £500m

LAC MINERALS, Canadian gold producer, plans to expand into plati-num production following agree-ment to purchase a one-third stake

in Stillwater Mining, for \$15m. CARL ICAHN, Wall Street financier, plans to raise his stake in Trans World Airlines from 45.5 per cent to more than 50 per cent without waiting for a formal response from the company to his bid. NIXDORF, West German computer group, expects strong trading to continue this year following a 24 per cent increase in sales during the first half of the year. Page 13

According to the results indicat-

Lloyd's market is expected to be boosted by substantial earnings from investment income on its premium revenues, which are running in excess of £3bn. According to Mr John Rew, who with a team of underwriting mem-

Kr 600, Portugal Esc 80; Spain Pia 110; Swaden Kr 6.50; Switzerland Fr 220;

dne to be announced by Lloyd's un-til next month, an extensive study open for three years to assess more accurately the extent of insurance liabilities on its insurance policies. derwriting members who have surveyed the results of virtually all the business units of the market. The gion of £50m, compared with £152m in the previous underwriting peri-

od. But the underwriting members yesterday argued that Lloyd's show their figures without making any deduction for the amounts which are taken in commissions by the agents who look after members' affairs. They said that once that item was deducted - which in the last completed underwriting account for 1982 could be about £50m - then Lloyd's was probably only breaking Performance has been hit at

Lloyd's by a range of trading prob-lems. Large claims from industrial companies facing suits for damages by former employees for the con-traction of industrial diseases have bers prepared the latest study, in- poured into the market.

Bouygues may

struction group, is expected to take a substantial stake in a newly merged. French-based consumer batteries company as part of a fur-ther diversification that could eventually take it out of the construction

initial FFr 50-60m (\$5.9-57.1m) to give it a 24.5 per cent stake in Saft Wonder - a new group being formed through the merger of the consumer battery concern Saft Mazda and battery manufacturer Piles Wonder. Through major new investmen

and tie-ups with other European battery groups including the Dan-ish GMT, the aim would be to transabout FFr 1.5bn.

Continued on Page 12

take stake in battery group

By David Housego in Paris

Bouygues would be putting in an

form Saft Wonder into a major in-ternational group that could com-pete with the large U.S. groups like Union Carbide with the Ucar brand and Dart and Kraft with Duracell The two French companies already hold some 70 per cent of the French market and have combined sales of

BOUYGUES, France's largest con-

cial services group, is planning to repurchase a 25 per cent stake in underwriting loss First Data Resources, the group's bank card processing subsidiary, BY JOHN MOORE, CITY CORRESPONDENT, IN LONDON A RECORD underwriting loss of vestment income may take the £500m (\$695m) was predicted yes overall results to a "break-even" poterday for the Lloyd's insurance sition for the 1982 underwriting acmarket in its last completed trading count. Lloyd's uses an unusual accounperiod for 1982. Although official figures are not ting method - leaving its accounts

has been prepared by a group of unstudy suggests that Lloyd's has been hit by the worst underwriting results ever

ed, Lloyd's has suffered an even worse trading period than it did in the mid-1960s when the market was hit by about £40m of underwriting losses arising from insurance claims on storm damage from Hurricane Betsy. However, the overall result of the

والمرازي والمرازي والمرازي والمرازي والمرازي والمنطبة وال

Chile: splits in armed forces Lex: Hanson Trust; L.M. amid coup plot rumours ... 4 Ericsson; Horizon Travel . 12

on international trade 4 into capital markets 13 Editorial comment: Leban- Management: where employ-

to the bid for SCM 10 defects 21

delay of six months was likely. He eralisation of U.S. regulations added that it was possible that legal which may eventually permit banks action would be initiated by the to set up fully fledged securities Securities Industry Association, companies. XZ and Grindlays. A new force in International Banking has been created. The Australia & New Zealand Banking Group with its acquisition of the UK based Grindlays Bank, has established a formidable presence on the international banking scene with group

O.The BELT/ALANZBANKG

Amets of USE 80 billion. An asset base that spans the globe with over 1,660 beauther and officer

in 45 combries, placing the ANZ Group in the ideal position to assist corporations with their particular domestic and luterostional lineace requirements. Both ANZ and Grindleys have re experience in interrutional

lingues and triated services, each with

over 150 years experience. This new force is staffed with repetitional professional relocational and all poor remarks beinking reads.

Whether they be cross border relocation in a global familing group which is highly respected to the professional banking group which is highly respected.

in international banking circles with the strength, lieubility and professionalism to handle your banking requirements. you can't go past ANZ and Grindleys.

lanking Group The new force in International Banking. Grindlays Bunk plk, Namerva House

Modague Close, London SEI 9DH

Tel-01-0260545 Tel-883043/5 CRNDLY G

_ CONTENTS -

dend, Page 15

America 4

Mid-East: future of Arab- Medical research: awesome

on; UK building societies . 10 ees fix their own salaries . 20

Israeli 'peace process' 2 cost of breakthrough 11

Gatt: U.S. seeks consensus Deutsche Bank: branching

Hanson Trust: background Law: redress for building

S. Africa miners postpone strike after fresh offers

A THREATENED strike by South Africa's black National Union of Mineworkers (NUM) due to begin on Sunday has been postponed while union s consider new proposals from the majority of companies represented in the dispute by the Chamber of Mines.

The union will respond to the offers next Wednesday and delay until September any strike action. If the strike goes ahead it could directly affect mines which produce 60 per cent of South Africa's gold and about 20 per cent of coal.

The new offers, made after eight and a half hours of nego-tiations which ended early yesterday morning, range from a major shift by the leading mining house Anglo American, to modest improvements from Gold Fields of South Africa and Anglovaal. At the other end of the scale Geneor refused to shift from the 14.1 per cent to 29.6 per cent wage increases unilaterally implemented by all the companies in July, saying that the pay rise had been "generally well accepted" by its em-

The switch in the Chamber's negotiating strategy from a united front to a range of bi-lateral offers places the NUM in a predicament acknowledged by union officials. "If the extremely complex set of offers to our union were accepted or rejected outright (they) could have the effect of dividing our members." the NUM said

An NUM statement issued after the talks said that the union would not be recommending acceptance of the offers.
"This move was decided upon to avoid the division that could take place amongst members who would no doubt be sub-jected to management propa-

"This is the time to unite all official, our members against mining houses such as Gencor, GFSA, Anglovaal and Rand Mines," The NUM represents 150,000 dark Anglo-American offer requiring of the country's 550,000 black gold and coal mine workers.

The union is at its strongest in the Anglo American mines which have offered the best which have offered the best been a split in its ranks. "It terms, and which employ 80 per cent of the NUM membership.

Union strength is negligible, flexible in negotiations, this is however in Gencor's sold mines. What we must do." said My

SOME 59 more people have been detained in South Africa under the country's emergency regulations, the police reported yesterday. This brings the total arrested to 2,135, of whom approximately half were released after questioning.

questloning.
General Johann Coetzee, the Commissioner of Police, has banned gatherings to commemorate the first anniversary of the outbreak of township unrest in the Vaal triangle of the Transvaal nearly one year ago. Over 609 poople have died in one of the most violent periods in South Africa's history.

Africa's history. In Johannesburg's black township of Soweto, scores of young black pupils, some reported under 10 years old, were arrested by police yesterday.

for an across the board 22 per cent award to between 18 and cent award to between 18 and well as improved working con-ditions. It increases the already implemented 14.1 to 19.6 per cent award to between 18 and 22 per cent for surface workers, and 17 to 20 per cent for underground workers. The new offer also raises holiday leave allowances from 50 to 60 per cent of monthly wage, effectively adding a further 1 per cent to the overall offer.

Rand Mines (RM) has put forward an additional R4 a month across the board in-crease to colliery employees, and a 10 per cent increase in holiday leave allowance, while GFSA, and Anglovaal offered only the extra 10 per cent holi-

day allowance.

"Of all the offers made to our union," said an NUM official, "we found that the offers made by GFSA, Rand Mines and Anglovaal to be most unaccentable, and found the unacceptable, and found the Anglo-American offer requiring

ent of the NUM membership.

Union strength is negligible, flexible in negotiations, this is owever, in Gencor's gold mines, what we must do," said Mr. The Anglo American offer Clive Knobbs, President of the

Smith and Nkomo 'plotted overthrow' of Mugabe

MR ENOS NKALA, the Mr Smith dismissed the Army captain.

Zimbabwe Home Affairs Minicharges as "fiction" and chaltion parties led by former lenged the minister to take tion parties led by former action if he had evidence of a Prime Minister Mr Ian Smith plot. Mr Nkala, who is in charge action if he had evidence of a Prime Minister, said Ms Prieur's identification did not mean the French Government inquiry headed by Joshua Nkomo of plotting to study the situation as together to topple the Government after the Prime Minister's presently urging members of Mr Nkomo's Zimbabwe African People's Union (Zapu) to undermine the security of the state through subversion.

Government inquiry headed by respected to the pressure bulkhead of the ill-fated jet which ing 520 people.

Government inquiry headed by respected to the pressure bulkhead of the ill-fated jet which ing 520 people.

The crack week in Japan kill-ing 520 people.

The crack was found on the pressure crash. Information from the bulkheads of each of the two crashed aircraft's flight recorder any government role in the rudder hinge of a Japan Asia the rudder hinge of a Japan As

Two Koreas agree on historic exchange

By Steven B. Butler in Seoul

reached an agreement yester-day that will provide for a historic exchange of "home visits" by 100 members of families separated during the

The exchange, scheduled for next month, will be the first concrete result of negotiations between the Red Cross societies of both sides that began in May. A similar series of nego-tiations during the 1970s, which were aimed broadly at reunit-ing separated families, ended in failure.

South Korea had hoped the exchange would involve many exchange would involve many more people, but wrangling over the details produced an agreement that fell short of original expectations. Seoul had proposed that family members be allowed to travel to their original homes, but eventually gave in to the North's incisgave in to the North's insis-tence that the reunions be confined to Seoul and Pyongyang, the countries respective capitals.

An exchange of performing arts troupes will take place at the same time.
As part of the continuing negotiations between the two Red Cross societies, on August 27 a delegation from South the first time in over a decade.

South Korea's gross national product grew by 2.7 per cent during the second quarter of this year, according to preliminary statistics of the Bank of Korea, recording Korea's worst economic performance since the first quarter of 1981. The figures bring Korea's GNP growth for the first balf of the year down to 3.2 per cent, compared to an original growth target for the entire year of 7.5 per cent. The Government has gradually introduced a series of measures to stimulate the company. to stimulate the economy during the second half of the year. A decline in exports is the principal cause of the poor

French Army link in NZ ship sinking

New Zealand police yesterday for the first time officially linked the French defence establishment to the sinking of the Greenpeace protest ship Rainbow Warrior, Renter reports from Wellington.
Police said French authorities

had officially identified a woman held here as Ms Dominique Prieur, a 36-year-old French

Mervyn de Silva assesses the background to the collapse of peace talks with the Tamils

Sri Lankan leader faced with stark choice

news of Sikh leader Sart Harchant Singh Longowal's assassinaton has probably had the most striking impact in Sri

Before his death despairing Sinhalese liberals in the south and war-weary Tamils in the north had both been asking the north had both been asking the raises the spectre of a rising same eager questions, Will tide of violence on the island Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi of as the Sinhalese majority and India help President Junuis Jayewardene to achieve his own "Punjab-style" breakthrough? Was there a brave Tamil Longowal at the peace talks in Thimpu, capital of Bhutan?

Only too loud and clear the answers have all been in the negative. Mr Gandhi's own peace initiative in the Punjab is now under threat with Sart Longowal's death and yesterday the Indian-sponsored Sri Lankan Tamil peace talks collapsed in

disarray. Mr J. N. Dixit, India's High Commissioner in Colombo, said the talks had been adjourned indefinitely. In India's view the "resurgence of violence" in Sri Lanka and "the gap between the Government's position and the stand taken by Tamil separatists made the adjournment neces-

Mr Dixit said he had conveyed to president Jaye-kardene of Sri Lanka the Indian Prime Minister's hope that the present ceasefire will be "sustained to whatever extent possible" in order "to an atmosphere con-

ducive" to the resumption of brother, Dr Hector Jayewar-dene who led the Sri Lankan delegation will meet Prime Minister Rajir Gandhi today or

tomorrow.

The breakdown in the talks the minority Tamils seeking substantial devolution draw

increasingly apart.

President Jayewardene is now faced with the prospect of stark choice of either taking increasingly harsh military measures to combat the Tamil demands or to persuade his agree to a substantially improved package of reforms.

Three days ago Tamil delegates walked out en bloc from the conference room after accusing the Sri Lankan armed

forces of indiscriminate civilian

hazardous Himalayan adven-

Jayewardene-facing a bleak outlook

guerrilla groups.

But the Tamils had closed

The Government in turn charged at least one of the extremelst groups with spreading the story of a massacre to "sabotage" the talks.

After the walk-out, Mr. Gandi's ambitious, if well-intentioned, attempt at "camp David" type conflict-management seemed more than ever a hazardous Himalayan adventions.

The



bilities of major differences any case, Mr Gandhi, the spon-between the moderate, parlia-sor, had already outlined the mentary Tamii United Libera-tion Front (Talf) and the five a united Sri Lanka and its

The participation of the tulf, formerly known as "the federal party," and the presence, more crucially of the militants seemed to have shown that the Tamils weer not only ready to drop their "celam" (independent state) demand but accept towards in then federalize. something less than federalism. In Sri Lankan eyes, this and the June 18 ceasefire were the main achievements of an Indian diplomacy working directly from Delhi and indirectly through the Tamilnadu Govern-"self - determination" When talks opened in July, claim and the concept of tradi-the Government's team probe, it is and the concept of tradi-ndo doubt hopefully, the possi-ever, summarily dismissed. In ment in Madras, the home of the

of the guerrilla groups, and the sanctuary for over 80,000 Tamil

Fol

Jüj

Espio

East (

frenci

to get

BY DAVID MAR!

PDC:

the years of

町かった こ Ety (V₁ · · # % T. -- . . .

DT : . . Mary ...

超速 点 per ... April 19 and 19

biters n. . ;

Te decorate in

DE Start 17 1

bears,

新加い - - - -

STATE OF THE STATE

Section 1

و الدجودية

Estate ...

Size Same

E Carrie

4.17:0

refugees.
Before the Thimpu talks the Indian foreign secretary's shuttling had two basic aims; to persuade both the Government and the Tamil leaders to prepare a clearly defined scheme of "devolution and decentralisation of power" to the local-regional level and to promot a broad "Sinhalese consensus" by convincing the Sri Lankan opposition that this Indian initiative was likely to

be Sri Lanka's very last chance To achieve a Sinhalese con-sensus the key figure is former Premier Mrs Sirimavo Bandar-anaike, whose Sri Lankan Freedom Party is the traditional rival of the ruling United rival of the ruling United National Party. She has now teamed up with the hardine Buddhist clergy and is demand-a national referendum to ap-prove any offer made to the Tamile

Tamis.

The gap between the Tamils and the Sinhalese is very large and nothing India can do at this stage can bridge it. Now that the talks in Thimpu have collapsed President Jayewar-dene's room for manocuvre is very small. His own Sinhalese supporters are divided. the Tamils have closed ranks and with the security situation deteriorating daily the prospect is for more bloodshed before all sides are ready to go back to the negotiating table.

Berri rejects Syrian peace plan for Beirut

15 minutes after it was due to in East Beirut killing at least minister of tourism and public latest round of Christian-go into effect yesterday and Mr seven people and closing Beirut works, who cut short a planned Moslem hostilities has risen to Nabih Berri, the Shi'ite Moslem airport for the second day. A leader, turned down a Syrian-sponsored plan to hait four days day damaged runways, shattered of Moslem-Christian fighting as glass in the main terminal

A special security committee

Chaired by Brigadier Ghazi

Chaired by Brigadier Ghazi

In the afternoon, loud booms

Kanaan, the head of Syrian were heard in the Moslem

military intelligence in Lebanon, sector of the Lebanese capital

agreed on a truce that involved

the nection of Syrian phoperature

Completion of the Generate sec-

CEASEFIRE collapsed only into Christian residential areas Jumblat, his Druze ally and ouilding and destroyed a Middle

egreed on a truce that involved shattering hopes for a peaceful the posting of Syrian observers conclusion of the fiercest section of the fiercest section with the particular truck of the fiercest section of the fiercest section of the fiercest section with the particular truck of the fiercest section of the fiercest

visit to Moscow Mr Berri scoffed at the amouncement issued in Chtaura

by the security committee say-ing that Syrian military observers would be reduced to counting the blows, as French observers have done before He stressed that guarantees

were needed before his Amal the posting of Syrian observers along confrontation lines.

But Mr Berri, head of the Spirits were temporarily to any agreement, recalling that Lebanese Army artilized the proposals, demanding that Lebanese Army artilized to any agreement, recalling that past ceasefires had been for the prohibition of Prime Minister Rashid Moslem minister, whose Shi'ite Moslem and Christian sides have been using rocket characteristic surveillance.

The session was boycotted by against Christian militias and armour launchers, missiles, tank shells against Christian militias and army units, has resisted earlier densely populated residential areas in Beirut and its suburbs.

The casualty toll from this 67 dead and 300 wounded. A mysterious car-bomb war that hit Christian and Moslem areas was the prelude to heavy bombardment and rocketing of civilian centres and rural towns and villages this week. ceasefire agreement

thrashed out by representatives of the Druze Progressive Socialist Party, Amal, the Lebanese Army and the Christian militias (the Lebanese) collections of the Prophilic Christian militias (the Lebanese) collections of t

Gandhi ponders **Punjab election** date dilemma

Gandhi decided yesterday to go ahead with next month's polls in Punjab despite calls for them to be put off following the murder of Sikh leader Harchand Singh Longowal.

Chief Election Commissioner Ram Krishna Trivedl said the Punjab Government had said it was confident it could ensure the safety of all candidates and guarantee an orderly poll. But he said voting would be post-poned by three days until September 25. The election must be held

exactly a month after au official notification of the poli. This was due to be issued today but has been put off until August 26 so that religious ceremonies in Longowal's memory can be held, Trivedi added.

The assassination posed a serious challenge to Mr Gandhi and to the peace accord he signed on July 24 with Mr Longowal on ending the Punjab crisis. Sikh militants rejected the pact and vowed to continue their ght against the Govern-

Mr S. B. Chavan the Home not allow an "impression to gain ground that a person's assassination would lead to gain ground that a election postponement."

"Few extremists would not be allowed to hold the country to ransom," the Minister told the upper house. He fell short of saying that the elections would definitely be held as

Crack found in rudder of Japanese 747 operated by Japanese Airlines

A CRACK and some surface scratches have been found on one Japan Asia Airways and two JAL Boeing Jumbo 747 SR jets, according to Japan's Ministry of Transport yesterday. JAL said the scratches and crack bear no relation to the

Japan Air Lines said yesterday it had stopped advertising in Japan and overseas following the crash which killed 520 people on August 12, Reuters reports.

sidered had taste to maintain

a high public profile after a disaster like this," Mr Geof-frey Tudor of JAL said. "It would be bad form, a sign of insincerity and lack of con-

Checks with the airlines showed that 33 of the 69 have now been inspected,
The Transport Ministry also

began its own series of on-the-spot inspections of JAL's main-tenance centres yesterday. Agency's technical department. and 15 inspectors visited Tokyo international airport at Haneda, where they examined maintenance and service reports and acquired "background" intormation on the service performance on JA-8119, the jet

Minister told Parliament yesterday that the government would

scheduled, however.

Richard Johns examines the difficulties of finding an approach to the problem of the Palestinian demand for a homeland

U.S. ponders how to revive Middle East peace process

Arab diplomatic endeavour, not Jordan. least by King Hussein of Jordan, When least by King Hussein of Jordan, When the Likud-dominated to revive in the Middle East coalition then in power in Israel what has come to be known as summarily rejected the American proposals, the U.S. Administration virtually abandoned the acknowledges how intractable the "peace process."

the Arab-Israeli conflict is and how labyrinthine must be sny approach to solving the root problem of satisfying the The U.S. is now attempting at least to come to terms with the joint peace initiative lauched by Jordan and the Palestine Liberation Organisation six months ago, despite the involvement of the PLO, a body

totally beyond the pale in Israel and, therefore, in America as well. There is a real prospect, though no certainty, that U.S. officials will git down with a joint Jordanian-Palestinian delegation in the near future. It will be the first above-board

American contact with Pales-tinians, whose claim to self-

acknowledged by Washington. Initially, any such encounter can only be very tentative. But bilateral peace treaty with it would amount to a resumption Israel. of the "peace process" by a super-power recognised by all the Arab parties as the vital broker in any settlement. This is because of its close links with Israel and the theoretical lever-age it has over the Jewish state

ecause of Jerusalem's desperate financial dependence.

The Reagan Plan, drawn up in September 1982, was unlike the Camp David accords and the peace treaty with Egypt, which were ambiguous about the future of the occupied terri-tories. It envisaged Palestinian which may mean that in future self-government—as opposed to radical self-determination — in a con- will not have the power of veto

IT HAS taken nearly a year of federal arrangement with

Yet the U.S. could hardly ignore the Jordanian Palestinian ignore the Jordanian-Palestinian initiative when the plan was espoused by President Mubarak of Egypt, its main Arab ally, and then vigorously promoted by him on his visit to Washington in March. It was he who proposed a dialogue between a Jordanian-Palestinian delegation and the US as a starting point and the U.S. as a starting point to prepare for direct negotia-tions with Israel as envisaged in the February 11 accord be-tween King Hussein and Mr Yassir Arafat, the PLO chair-

Now the plan has the implicit endorsement, given earlier this month at the Casablanca summit, of a majority of 16 of the 21 members of the Arab League, including the conservative Arab states which the U.S. Administration counts among its friends. It also includes Egypt, which was expelled from the Arab League because of its

Support for the initiative could hardly be described as fulsome, quite apart from the omission in the communique of any explicit approval. The meeting was down-graded by the absence of six heads of state including those of Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, and Iraq.

However, the meeting set what could be an important

precedent. The traditional rule of con which may mean that in future radical "rejectionist" states



Arab leaders, King Hassan of Morocco (left), Mr Yassir Arafat and King Husseln of Jordan showing solidarity at the Casablanca sammit

si contrary to the resolutions of the previous summit held in Fez in Septemer 1982, the most recent enshrined consensus on Palestinian self-determination.

The relevant resolution spoke "the establishment of an independent Palestinian state with Jerusalem as its capital." The vital quid pro quo was contained in the next article with its reference to the UN Security Council guaranteeing "peace to of participating countries, all states in the region. That was regarded by all the par-ticipants, including the PLO, as

over moves by moderates Plan was as far as the pan-towards a final peace settlement. Arab consensus was prepared wrangles behind the scenes Of more immediate importance, none of the states attending the u.S. position and Amman and Jerusalem. even that of the Israeli Labour Party. It envisages the formation of a Palestinian state in a ment that the U.S. would have confederal relationship with no dealings with the PLO unless Jordan in return for peace and until it accepted Resolution based on Security Council 242 and recognised Israel's right resolutions and, in particular, Resolution 242 of 1967, the sub-

The U.S., in contemplating of Palestinian self-determina-an intermediary role, faces what the said has seemed until now an in-

superable obstacle in the form of PLO involvement. The question of Palestinian representation in any joint deleimplicit offer of recognition to gation entering into a dialogue stract.

has been, since April, the subThat response to the Reagan ject of consultations between

In -975, Israel extracted from

The PLO's stated misgivings sequent framework for all peace about Resolution 242 are that it does not include the principle of Palestinian self-determinait if the U.S. first recognised

the principle. If the U.S. were left to itself, that deadlock might be broken. As for Israel, "the only place we meet the PLO is in the battlefield," according to Mr

Yitzhak Rabin, the deputy those ambiguous, narrow pro-leader of the Labour Party who is Minister of Defence in the accord—which should, anyway, resent coalition that is also the consensus view.

could consider talking to the PLO and hope to survive politi-PLO and hope to survive points cally. The undying emnity It is no wonder that the cally. The undying emnity It is no wonder that the cally would not be alleviated even if State Department is desperting the PLO were to ately anxious not to raise false about progress and has terrorism as well — a move which would be dismissed as deceitful strategem.

For the time being the U.S. and Israeli objection to the ingly divided Israeli Government, Labour and Likud alike, ruled out participation of any PLO member in a joint delegation.

For the time being the U.S. and Israeli objection to the Jordanian-Palestinian demand for negotiations to take place in the context of an international conference involving the Swiet Union of only academic in the context of an international conference involving the Swiet Union of the Israeli objection to the Jordanian-Palestinian demand for negotiations to take place in the context of an international conference involving the swiet of the Israeli objection to the Jordanian-Palestinian demand in the context of the Israeli objection to the Jordanian-Palestinian demand for negotiations to take place in the context of an international conference involving the context of the Israeli objection to the Jordanian-Palestinian demand for negotiations to take place in the context of an international conference involving the context of an international context of an inter

However, revived American interest in the "peace process" has at least prompted Mr Shimon Peres, Israel's Premier, to announce that his Government intends to offer self-government to Palestinians in the West Bank adding that his arguably, the Soviet Union must be as wall. coalition partners were in be as well.

The Israeli Labour Party is essent nominally committed to negotiate with King Hussein the

It rules out any independent its hegemony on Jordan and antity and self-government can and independent its hegemony on Jordan and independent its hegemony of the properties in the properties i entity and self-government can amount to little, if anything, as long as the PLO is proscribed in its widest political manifes-

tations. Likud is against any terri-

summer of this year. The U.S. State Department knows that no Israeli leader could consider talking to the consider talking to the constant to the c

would not be alleviated even to stely anxious not to raise to recognise Israel and renounce hopes about progress and has warned against any dramatic. breakthrough.

For the time being the U.S.

Union is of only academic in-

agreement
But security would have to remain in Israel's hands, he said. His proposition was not new and is very much within the limited context of the Camp David acords.
The Israeli Labour Party is The Israeli Labour Party is essential to make any deal stick.

Objection to the Soviet Union's participation is based on fears that it might block any progress on behalf of its Syrian client. Jordan and the PLO would argue that in the final analysis Moscow's approval is essential to make any deal stick.

Even at this tentative stage, return of some territory — half of which on the West Bank is expropriated — in return for peace.

Level at this tendence of Syria cannot be evaded. The American tendency is to ignore it because Syria's regional strategy is to impose as Lebanon.

byria is now the patron of nearly all the anti-Arafat Palestinian factions. It is certain to do its utmost to undertorial compromise and has not mine any negotiations which produced any ideas on how 1.2m do not take into account its Palestinian inhabitants might be given political rights beyond region: the recovery of the

of its role as the arbiter of Lebanon's future. Implicitly, the U.S. and Israel, with their fingers badly burned is Lebanon conceding

the latter. Positive Soviet participation in the process would depend on a real measure of super-power detente, a prospect which should be easier to appraise after the Reagan-Gorbachev summit. Israeli acceptance of a role

for Moscow and willingness to make minimal concessions might be obtained in a better global environment if more Jews were allowed freely to Jews were allowed freely we emigrate from the Soviet Union, But the peace process will have to progress a long way through the labyrinth before that possibilities in confidence that possibilities in confidence that possibilities in confidence.

bility is confronted.

The overwhelming odds at the moment are that it will be stopped dead in its tracks by divisions and extremism on both sides, Israeli and Arab, helore it in graeli before it is reached.

FINANCIAL TIMES

FINANCIAL TIMES

Published by The Financial
Times (Europe) Ltd., Frankfurt
Branch, represented by E. Hugo.
Frankfurt/Main, and, as members of the Board of Directors, F.
Barlow, R.A.F. McClean, G.T.S.
Damer, M.C. Gorman, D.E.P.
Palmer, London, Printer: Frankfurter-Societäte-BruckereiGmbH, Frankfurt/Main, Besponsible editor: C.E.P. Smith, Frankfurt/Main, © The Financial
Times Ltd, 1885.
FFMAMCIAL SWEETER WINNESS

FINANCIAL TIMES, USPS No. 190849, published daily except Sundays and holidays, U.S. subscription rates 3365.00 per annum. Second class postage paid at New York, N.Y. and at additional malling offices. POST-MASTER: send address changes to FINANCIAL TIMES, 14 East 80th Street, New York, N.Y. 80th Street, New York, N.Y.

EUROPEAN NEWS

STIFFER EEC RULES SOUGHT Ford urges curbs on Japanese imports

BY PAUL CHEESERIGHT IN BRUSSELS

manufacturer in Europe last to improve its international year, wants to curb Japanese competitive position. It does penetration of the EEC motor industry by stiffening up the rules of origin. Such a stiffening could make

European manufacturing ven-tures less attractive to Japanese companies and pose problems for joint Euro-Japanese ven-tures already in place, including that of BL and Honda in the

Mr Robert Lutz, the Ford of Europe chairman, has spelt out the case for change in a memorandum sent to M Jacques Delors president of the European Commission

If the idea is picked up, it could prove attractive to France, which unilaterally holds down Japanese imports, and Italy which has the apparently contra-dictory policy of restricting imports but playing host to a joint venture between Nissan and Alfa Romeo.

Present rules provide for EEC origin to be conferred on

a product when the last sub-stantial phase of manufacturing or assembly takes place in an EEC country. For cars "sub-

stantial" means 60 per cent of the ex-factory invoice price.

According to Ford, "products from Japanese-invoived ven-tures should only be regarded as non-Japanese if an 80 per cent risonwally defined Furn as non-Japanese if an 80 per cent, rigorously defined, European content level is achieved."

Austin Rover's production of the Honda-based Rover 200 the Honda-based Rover 200 the domestic series would qualify; but an intent to assemble Honda cars on spare Austin Rover capacity would probably run foul of trade policy such a definition. Austin such a definition. Austin Rover's first Honda-based model the Triumph Acciaim,

initially had a 70 per cent local

FORD, the biggest_selling car buy time for the EEC industry competitive position. It does not think this position is improved by establishing with Japanese funds what it calls "token assembly plants."

The plants not only add to over-capacity, Ford told the Commission, but they threaten the research and development capacity of domestic manufac-turers and put pressure on them to lower the European content of their products.

Apart from the projects be-tween BL and Honda, and Alfa tween BL and Honoz, and Alfa Romeo and Nissan, other ven-tures established or planned include the Nissan plant in the UK, Bedford's links with Isuzu, Nissan's involvement with Motor Iberica in Spain, and Hino's truck plant in Ireland. Nissan, however, is already com-mitted to 80 per cent local con-

mitted to 80 per cent local con-tent if it moves to full manu-facturing in the UK. The initial 24,000 cars a year to be assembled from 1986 will come off its import quota. From the Japanese point of view, plant establishment in the EEC offers confuned access to a market of 300m people without the problems of tariff and quotas on products assembled in Japan

Ford wants the EEC to ensure "moderation" of Japanese imports until such time as the Japanese Government corrects what it sees as the undervaluation of the yen and until the domestic motor industry has completed its structural

The group's plea for an EEC trade policy towards Japan comes at a time of increasing governmental irritation over Japanese trade policy. This has resulted in moves to raise content.

Underlying Ford's advocacy and take a more arbitrary line of this case is the desire to in anti-dumping cases.

Espionage harms ties with East Germany, says Kohl

WEST GERMAN Chancellor the Constitution" in Cologne Helmut Kohl said yesterday the had been missing since affair of three suspected Com-munist spies in Bonn had strained relations with East Germany, and accused East Berlin of sowing mistrust between the two states, Reuter

reports from Bonn.
In an interview with West
German television, Herr Kohl
said the new indicatoins that there were long-term agents in sensitive posts in Bonn showed that East Germany's calls for better ties were often mere

propaganda. Meanwhile, West German who worked for the country's counter-intelligence service.
The Federal Prosecutor's Office said an employee at the Office for the Protection of mistrust," he added.

While refusing to go into de-tail about the hunt for two secretaries and a messenger suspected of working for East German intelligence, the Chan-cellor said the affair had inevitably harmed links between the two Germanies.

"Yes, of course it is a strain (on relations), and this is not the only case, this is not our first experience of this kind," Herr Rohl said.

"When spying and eavesinvestigators said yesterday they dropping is going on in our were looking for a fourth man ministries, in our parties, in business organisations and trade unions, indeed everywhere relatively important decisions are taken—this inevitably creates

French Aids contacts to get early warnings

FRENCH PEOPLE shown through at risk, above all through the threat blood tests to have been in contact with the virus causing Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (Aids) will be informed by the medical authorities to enable prompt treatment to be carried out.

This has been decided by M Laurent Fabrus, the Prime Minister, following the introduction at the beginning of this month of compulsory Aids screening tests for all blood donations in France.

The decision is important for both medical and ethical reasons because research has indicated that only about 10 per cent of people shown by tests to carry Aids anti-bodies will eventually contract the

The Government has thus had to weigh up the likelihood of unnecessarily alarming blood donors against the risk of allowing the disease to spread by not informing potential carriers.

In a letter to M Edmond Herve, the State Secretary for Health, published in France by the Govern-ment yesterday, M Fabrus said measures were needed without de-lay" to combat Aids. At the same fit from therapeutic advances, he eded "without detime he warned against "excessive

About 370 people in France are currently suffering from the disease, which proves fatal in most cases. Although Aids has up to now affected primarily homosexuals, haemophiliacs and drug addicts, the French Government has been mounting an effort to underline University and the Pasteur Instithat the general population can be

BY ANDRIANA IERODIACONOU IN ATHEMS

Industrial Development Bank as the two sides were under-

contamination via blood

Diagnostics Pasteur, a joint sub-sidiary of the Sanofi drugs group and the Pasteur Institute, is the main company marketing Aids diagnostics tests in France. About Laboratories, the American company which is one of the five to have started Aids tests in the U.S. has also been given authorisation to sell its diagnostic kits in France.

Scientists from the Pasteur Institute first laid claim to discovering the Aids virus in May 1983, a year patents battle between France and the U.S. is now under way over rights to royalties on Aids tests now being introduced progressively screen blood samples around the world - a market which could be

worth \$150m a year. In his letter, M Fabrus said people shown after blood screening to be carrying Aids antibodies would be told only by a doctor and after a confirmatory test. Information would enable patients to have regular medical check-ups and to bene-

Aids screening for the 4m blood donations carried out each year in France will cost a total of FFr 200m (\$23m). The main treatment in France against Aids, in experimen tal use for two years, is based or the HPA 23 drug discovered by teams at the Pierre et-Marie-Curle

Greek bank takes over shipyard

Fay Gjester examines the issues in an election which so far has aroused only lukewarm interest

Norway's poll contest: a case of who 'cares' wins

years under the present, Con-servative-led coalition or the return to power of the opposi-tion Labour Party, which ruled the country for most of the past 50 years.

Parliamentary elections are Parliamentary elections are due on September 3. Public opinion polls give the three coalition parties only a slight edge over Labour and its allies. With large groups of voters reportedly still undecided, the scene is set for a close race. In 1981, the trio won 79 of the seats in the 155 member

Storting (parliament), with the Conservatives taking 53. Public interest so far in this year's contest appears luke years.

Warm. An Oslo business newspaper remarked last week that 2.9 per the election battle was shaping up to be "the most toothless and boring of the 1980s."

This could change. Labour, with 66 representatives in the last Storting, is going all out to persuade Norwegians that their welfare state has been undermined by four years of Sonservative rule, and that the process will accelerate unless Labour can get in and try to

A key plank in Labour's election programme is its promise to invest NKr 20bn (£1.75bn) over the next four years, in modernising Norwegian indus-try and creating new jobs for the country's expanding labour

IN LESS than three weeks. It has also pledged to lower Norwegians will have a chance the pension age for both sexes to choose between four more from 67 years (Europe's highest) to 66, and to spend much more on health and social services, particularly care of the elderly.

Norway, like most Western countries, is now seeing an increase in its senior citizen population—a trend which has al-ready led to lengthening queues for nursing home places and overcrowded geriatric wards.

Labour's reply to the Conser-vative argument that the nation cannnot afford to spend on this scale, is that the alternative could be a further boost in dole payments and unemployment relief schemes—which have cost NKr 10bn over the past four

2.9 per cent in July, was low by international standards and down on a year earlier. But it was still higher than the level Norwegians regard as normal and higher than the unemployment rate under the last Labour During a televised debate this

week between the Conservative Prime Minister, Mr Kare Willoch and Ms Gro Harlem Brundtland, Labour's leader and candidate for premier, Mr Willoch was very much on the

He denied that his party was less "caring" than Labour, or the Norwegian version of "you and theatres are full, and this summer more people than ever any less committed to the welfare state. It was simply a Apart from the minority of choice between a responsible unemployed, disabled, and old an irresponsible spending age pensioners, most Nor-



The contenders: Mr Kare Willoch and Ms Gro Harlem Brundtland.

programme, he argued. programme, he argued.

The sight of Mr Willoch apparently at bay was a new one for Norwegians. The Conservatives started their campaign on a very jaunty note, stressing their achievements—lower taxes, fewer regulations and a falling inflation rate—and the country's evident prosperity. evident prosperity.

The slogan was "Everything's going so much better now"—the Norwegian version of "you never had it so good."

wegians are prosperous at the moment. Oil and gas revenues are rolling in, and land-based industry did well in 1984, with exports boosted by the strong dollar. Private consumption this year

has soared: new car sales, for instance, are up by more than a third on a year earlier. The crowds in the streets are well dressed, restaurants, cinemas and theatres are full, and this

ties, speculators who earn millions by moving in and out of takeover deals at the right

on the other side of the coin, the growth of central and local government spending has been curbed over the past few years. to help finance the tax cuts and tax breaks—concessions which have mainly benefited the better off. Public spending has risen, but not fast enough to keep pace with demand.

Queues for hospital treatment have lengthened, kindergarten places are scarce, new housing starts are at a post-war low, and rising rents have led to a record number of claims for public assistance and a growing population of homeless youths in the largest towns.

The last few months have seen the establishment of private clinics in Oslo and elsewhere, enabling the well-to-do to jump hospital queues. Private-sector medicine is a phenomenon of post-war Nor-way, and many Norwegians are expected to agree with Labour's claim that it is unjust, and will drain resources from the pub-

One of the two junior part-ners in the coalition has dinavia. climbed on the "caring society" It all bandwagon. The Centre (farmers) Party has called for the state to pay a wage to those who care at home for elderly,

junior partner, the Christian Democrat Party, and with the Labour, Socialist Left and Liberal parties. The issue could win a few votes for Centre, whose traditional favourite cause is regional development — not a big vote winner in towns and cities.

The small parties on both sides of the political divide are eager to spotlight issues which set them apart from the two main contenders Labour and the Conservatives. The Christian Democrats stress their commitment to the family and "tra-ditional values." The tiny Progress Party, to the right of the Conservatives, wants even more free enterprise and lower

Labour's two parliamentary Labour's two parliamentary allies are the radical Socialist Left Party and the Liberals. The former is what its name implies: the latter, with only two MPs in the old Storting, prides itself on being Norway's "greenest" party. Its leader recently proposed that Norway should sue Britain over Whitehall's refusal to cut sulphur hall's refusal to cut sulphur dioxide emissions — the cause of "acid rain" over Scan-

It all makes for entertaining variety in the flood of election literature, but the past decade has seen a steady trend away from the smaller parties. The important contest, as in 1981,

Retaliation urged in

Congress By Reginald Dale, U.S. Editor in Washington

THE CASE of the "spy dust" diplomats provoked angry outbursts from Congressional leaders yesterday, and a more resigned reaction from long-time students of Soviet behaviour.

Leading senators charged the Soviet authorities with "criminal" and "barbarous" conduct in using a potentially cancer-causing invisible powder to keep track of American diplomats and their contacts

in Moscow.
The U.S. allegation, made public by the State Department on Wednesday, came at a time when Congress is already highly sensitive to Soviet intelligence activities

in the wake of recent spy scandals in the U.S. A "shocked" senior Republican. Sep. Strong Thurmond of South Carolina, said the U.S. should shut down its embassy in Moscow altogether "if they are going to put chemicals on our people over there, subject them to cancer."

The State Department said that the powder was applied to things like doorknobs, car steering wheels and clothes, so that anyone touching it would subsequently leave a tell-tale trail of minute par-

ticles like "invisible finger-While the Soviet embassy in Washington rejected the allegation as "nonsense," Sen. David Durenberger, the Republican chairman of the

Senate Intelligence Committee, called for the expulsion of all Soviet intelligence agents from the U.S.

Sen Patrick Leahy, the Committee's Democratic vice chairman, said that the Administration should immediately enforce legislation he has sponsored reducing the 320 or so Soviet diplomats in the U.S. to the same level as the roughly 200 Americans in

Mr Malcolm Toon, a former U.S. Ambassador in Moscow, took a more philosophical line. "They've been behaving this way for 70 years and I don't see them not behaving this way in future." He did not believe that the incident would torpedo the November summit meeting between Pre-sident Reagan and Mr Mikhail

The White House, while describing the Soviet activities as "serious," has also said they should not be allowed to damage prospects for the

Mr George Shultz, the U.S. State Secretary, is also likely to take up the American complaint in two meetings next month with Mr Eduard Shevardnadze, the Soviet Foreign Minister, according to U.S.

Envoys in Moscow take 'spy powder' charge seriously

BY OUR MOSCOW STAFF

a possibly cancer-inducing chemical to trace American embassy staff here, but so far only the U.S. had called in

the start of another phase of superpower tension at a time when U.S. and Soviet officials was no immediate health are preparing for November's Reagan-Gorbachev summit.

U.S. Charge d'Affaires Was no immediate health hazard given the small doses said to have been used. U.S. Charge d'Affaires Richard Coombs invited some

WESTERN diplomats yesterday ington and New York dismissed further instructions. There was were taking seriously the U.S. as nonsense and an invention. no evidence he was aware of allegation that Moscow used Mr Coombs, who called in that British residents were also as nonsense and an invention.

Mr Coombs, who called in
the entire adult American
community on Wednesday
night to break the news that
the chemical nitro phenyl rperts.

pentadin (NPPD) appeared to
The allegation could mark have been "applied indirectly"

the start of another phase of to U.S. citizens, told the
sperpower tension at a time assembled diplomats that there

no evidence he was aware of that British residents were also targets and he said London would decide on the need to send medical experts. Other embassies also said no

immediate action or protests were planned, pending instructions from governments, but some were assuming possible proof to the contrary. All representatives said they

Mr Simon Hemans, head of took very seriously the charges Chancery at the British outlined by Mr Coombs. He and Embassy, said after the briefing State Department medical at the U.S. ambassador's resiever Dr Charles Brodine gave 30 representatives from allied Embassy, said after the briefing state Department medical but still tiny doses, inner ring road, was being and neutral western embassies at the U.S. ambassador's resistence of the charges, dence that he had informed medical advice but no technical the latest in a long series tion, syparently to thwart which Soviet officials in Wash- London and was awaiting details about how the chemical levelled against the Soviet eavesdripping equipment.

playing to the gallery," one said, dismissing Soviet comments that Washington was seeking to discredit Moscow and charge the atmosphere ahead of the super-power summit in Geneva.

U.S. officials say they have known about the sporadic use of tracer chemicals by the KGB security police for several years but that they only noticed this spring and summer that the usage was regular and in larger,

"Those present certainly did not feel the Americans were playing to the gallery." one sold being possibly endangered whatever the consequences for

bilateral relations. The use of tracer chemicals, which could rub off on Soviet contacts, is the second time the involved in activities which could be a health hazard to

Americans and others. In 1976 U.S. officials said the embassy, situated on a busy inner ring road, was being bombarded with microwave radiation, a parently to thwart U.S.

Japan's economy will continue to expand

thanks to strong domestic demand

After marking time in the first quarter, the Japanese economy has been expanding again since April.

The mining-manufacturing production index recorded monthly gains for two consecutive months in April and May at 2.8 per cent and 2.4 per cent, respectively. The production prediction index of the manufacturing industry forecast a 0.9 per cent gain in July after showing a 0.6 per cent drop in June, indicating recovery in production activities.

Exports likely to slow One of the major factors for crease in exports in the second ports in the January-March quarter dropped 6.5 per cent from the preceding quarter on a dollar basis and also fell 2.5 per cent in terms of quantity. In the April-June quarter, however, they registered a 4.9 per

cent and a 2.8 per cent gain, re-

spectively.

The gain in the second quar-

ter can be ascribed mainly to shipments to the U.S. and China. Deliveries to the U.S. rose 8.9 per cent from a year earlier on a dollar basis (compared to the 6.8 per cent gain in the first quarter) and those to China shot up 122.3 per cent (91.6 per cent growth in the first quarter). In contrast, exports to Western Europe, Southeast Asia and the Middle East continued to decline in the April-June quarter. Exports to Europe dropped 7.2 per cent tvs. a 6.2 per cent fall in the first quarter), to Southeast Asia they fell 13.3 per cent (vs. a 7.5 per cent decline) and to the Middle East there was an 18.5 per cent decrease (vs. a 28.8 per cent plunge). As the Europe and Southeast Asia seems unlikely to change drastically in the immediate future, deliveries to the U.S. and China will determine Japan's export

trend.
The U.S. economy is still expanding steadily. The real domestic private final demand increased 3.9 per cent in the October-December quarter and

4.1 per cent in the January-March quarter. Favorable retail sales and capital spending indicate continued expansion of the U.S. economy in the April-June quarter. However, the strong dollar continued to adversely affect production in major industries, which in turn gives an unfavorable impact on the corporate and personal in-

Although a lowering of interest rates and the resulting weakening of the U.S. dollar may help production, the ex-pansion of the U.S. economy is pansion of the U.S. economy — likely to slow down gradually, in Taran's exmaking a dent in Japan's exports to the country.

The situation in China is not favorable to Japan's exports. In the first half of this year, China hought steel products ag-gressively (up 49.0 per cent from the same period of last year), automobiles (10.2-fold increase) and television sets (4.1-fold increase). These three items pushed up China's total imports from Japan by more than 50 per cent. Industry surveys, however, show that China will hold down purchases of these products in the second half at almost the same level. Japan no longer expects surging

shipments to China. As shipments to both the U.S. and China slow down, Japan's exports as a whole are likely to lose momentum gradually.

capital spending

Looking at domestic demand, private plant and equipment investment in the January-March quarter rose merely 0.1 per cent on a GNP basis from the preceding quarter. The small margin of gain is ascribable chiefly to the sharp rise in the preceding quarter. Private plant and equipment investment is expected to have made a higher increase in the April-Shipments of capital goods excluding transport ma-

chinery), which dropped 0.3 per cent in the January-March quarter, increased 2.2 per cent in April and jumped up 5.2 per cent in May. The big gains are due partly to favorable export

shipments. Domestic shipments also are expected to have registered a higher gain in the April-June quarter, after a 0.4 per cent rise in the first Private orders for ma-

chinery, excluding those from the power utilities and those for ships, a leading indicator of private plant and equipment inestment, surged 6.1 per cent in May after recording monthly drops for two consecutive months in March and April. A detailed analysis of recent trends in plant and equipment investment shows that key players are no longer small- and medium-sized companies but

big businesses. According to the Finance Ministry, the growth rate of capital spending by small- and medium-sized companies (capitalized at +10 million-¥ 100 million) was larger than that of big busines (capitalized at ¥1 billion or over) during the period from the July-September quarter of 1983 through April-June quarter of 1984. The picture reversed in the July-September quarter of 1984. In the January-March quarter of this year, hig busi-nesses increased their capital spending by 13.5 per cent from the same quarter of last year, while small- and medium-sized companies decreased capital spending by 14.9 per cent. The Bank of Japan's survey of capi-tal spending programs for fiscal 1985 showed a similar

trend - a 10.8 per cent increas

by big businesses in contrast to

a 15.2 per cent decrease by

Demand recovery in the household sector

Personal consumption spend-According to the Coordination and Management Agency's household survey, real consumption expenditure of all households rose 3.5 per cent in March from the same month of last year and 2.0 per cent in April. The gain for the second straight month is due mainly to the recovery in real consump tion spending by general house-bolds (families of self-em-

London Branch: 4th & 5th Floors, P&O Bidg, Leadenhall Street, London EC3V 4PA, England Tel, 01-283-0929 Subsidiary in London: Darichi Kangyo International Ltd., Garden House, 18 Finsbury Circus, London EC2M 7BP, England Tel. (01) 920-0181 Associated Companies in London: Associated Japanese Bank (International) Ltd., European Brazilian Bank Ltd., International Mexican Bank Ltd.

Head Office: 1-5, Uchisawaicho 1-chome, Chinoda-ku, Tokyo 100, Japan Tel, (03) 598-1111 Branches and Agency in: New York, Los Angeles, Chicago, Parama, Düsseldorf, Teide, Seoul, Singapore, Hong Kong Representative Offices in: Houston, San Francisco, Alfansa, Toronto, São Paulo, Mexico City, Caspasa, Buenos Aires, Franklun, Paris, Madind, Bahran, Jakana, Kuala Lumpur, Bengliok, Beijing, Shanghai, Guangzhou, Sydney, Meliboume, Suberidieries In: Los Angeles, Toronto, Amsterdam Zunch, Hong Kong, Sydney Associated Companies Iss São Paulo, Hong Kong, Bangkok, Singapore, Kuala Lumpur, Jakana, Naha, Sydney

Trends in Import Volume (Advertisement) (Index: First quarter of 1983=100) (yen against S) 240 Yen-dollar exchange rate (right scale) 250 Manufactured Total imports 120 260 110 ·Crade sil II III IV II III IV

Notes: (1) Seasonally adjusted under the EPA method, exclud-

ing yen-dollar exchange rate. Figure in the second quarter of 1985 for manufactured goods is projection based on the average figure in the April-May period.

ployed persons and people in corporate managerial posts) --6.6 per cent jump in April and

indicates that personal consumption spending is recover-ing on a broad scope. The recovery is caused primarily by a rise in nominal income, stable prices and increase in employ-

also been increasing steadily. Housing starts have been exceeding last year's levels for 11 months in a row until May. This owes much to construction of rental homes, which has risen 10-plus per cent. Construction of owned homes, which had been poor, began increasing in March and has been above last year's levels until May.

Over all, the Japanese economy will continue to expand, thanks to strong private domestic demand — both corporate and household sectors -although external demand texports) will slow down. The issue at stake is whether the increase in domestic demand will lead to a rise in imports or not.

Slowing imports Customs-cleared imports increased 1.9 per cent in the April-June quarter from the preceding quarter on a dollar basis, after recording a 2.5 per cent decline in the January-March quarter. The April-June imports, however, did not re-cover the October-December

Noteworthy is the sharp drop

in crude oil imports because of the progress in energy saving and shift to substitute energy. As crude oil prices have been low, there is a strong possibility that crude oil imports will imports of manufactured goods, which had been on an

uptrend on a quantity basis since 1983, registered a drop in the April-May period compared with the preceding quarter. As the drop is ascribable to the stronger dollar, Japan's imports of manufactured goods will depend on the correction of Japanese currency. The ven's firming against the U.S. dollar is expected to hold down exports to the U.S. and promote imports from the U.S., resulting in an improvement in the trade imbalance between the two

Talk it over with DKB. The international bank that listens.



The next DKB monthly report will appear Sept. 24

Industrial Development Bank (ETBA) signed a contract yes stood to be hammering out (ETBA) signed a contract yes of details, such as the price, and terday for the purchase of details, such as the price, and Hellenic Shipyards, the ailing guarantees, to cover damages allegedly discovered in the with a state takeover of the yard's dock structures. yard, which is one of Greece's yard owned by shipping magnate, Mr Stavros Niarchos, which suspended operations The yard management was offering to sell the company for \$14m, while ETBA was underlast April because of sustained financial losses and chronic stood to be holding out for The bank declared a decision in principle to buy the yard,

Neither bank nor yard offi-cials were available to disclose assume the yard's estimated details of the final contract \$16m debt, 60 per cent of which over a month ago, saying a final over a month ago, saying a class were available to disclose assume the yard's econtract would be signed by the details of the final contract \$16m debt, 60 per cent end of July. But negotiations yesterday, leaving questions is in foreign exchange.

THE STATE-RUN Hellenic dragged on past the deadline, open regarding what terms were finally settled on. The Socialist Government has been under pressure from leftwing labour unions to go ahead single largest industrial em-ployers, with 4,800 workers. The Government, which already has more than 30 over-borrowed industries on its hands in a

والمراق والمرا Kr 6.00; Portugal Ead 30; Spain Pta 110; Sweden & 6.50; Switzerland Fr 220;

C. America peace force 'proposed'

By Jimmy Burns in Buenos Aires LATIN American foreign ministers meeting in Cartagena for talks on Central America this weekend discuss the formation of a regional peace-keeping force as a possible way out for the deadlocked peace initiative by the four-nation Contadora group, which comprises Mexico, Venezuela, Colombia

In Buenos Aires yesterday. the Argentine Government publicly denied a local newspaper report that the plan would be raised at the talks by Sr Dante Caputo, the Argentine Foreign Minister. "Argentina does not prepose a peace-making force in Nearagua, "an official spokesman said. However some diplomates

insisted yesterday that support had been growing for the peace force initiative among other Latin American countries that back Conta-dora — Brazil, Uruguay and

The idea is understood to have been raised in recent weeks with both the Nicaraguan Government and the U.S. Administration pro-

voking a mixed response.

The usually pro-government Argentine daily La
Razon yesterday chaimed that one idea being mooted was that the proposed peacekeep-ing force made up of mem-bers of the Argentine, Brazilian, Uruguayan and Peruvian armed forces would act as a buffer — sealing off the Nicaraguan frontier by preventing the intrusion of right-wing U.S. backed contras and the flow of Nicaraguan military help to El Salvador rebels.

Diplomats said there was opposition within the Government of President Raoul Alfonsin to the feasibility of giving practical support to the initiative.

The involvement of the Argentine armed forces in Central America has been a taboo subject since it was dis-covered that the former military regime had sent groups of advisers to support anti-Communist forces in Honduras and El Saivador.

There wase also reluctance in the civilian government to any suggestion of a fresh military adventure, however peaceful its initial motive, following the Falklands

Brasilia alarmed by public spending growth NY lottery

BY OUR RIO DE JANEIRO CORRESPONDENT

Countdown begins for

shuttle repair mission

CAPE CANAVERAL - The count- be devoted to deployment of com-

down began yesterday for the mercial communications satellites launch of the space shuttle Dis- for the Australian Government,

covery on a mission to repair a crip- American Satellite Co. and Hughes

pled communication satellite, AP Communications Services.
reports. Lift-off is scheduled for Then Commander Engle and Pi-

The five-man American flight through a series of tricky manoeu

crew flew to Cape Canaveral on vres to track down the \$85m Syn-Wednesday from the astronaut com communications satellite training base in Houston. Comman-which failed to activate after it was

der Joe Engle said: We are ready to released by another crew in April.

go Saturday. The astronauts will Astronauts James Van Hoften spend today brushing up on their and Bill Fisher will try to restore flight plans, meeting shuttle man-life to the satellite by making elec-

agers and undergoing medical trical connections to its timing checks.

The first three days in orbit will cause of the failure.

PUBLIC EXPENDITURE is still growing alarmingly fast in Brazil, respite heavy pressure from the International Monetary Fund (IMF), to curb the antici-pated large public-sector deficit. Official estimates of the public wage bill for 1985 range from a real increase of 15 per cent over last year to a staggering increase of 46 per cent.

Complaining about the Planning Ministry's inability to make severe cuts, Sr Carlos von Doellinger, a senior Finance Ministry official, claimed last week that the public wage bill would rise this year by 40 per cent.

the payroll has, inevitably, become one of the greatest sources of pressure on the new Administration's finances. The other major factor limit-

mitted itself to avoiding mass

dismissals in the public sector.

ing room for manoeuvre on the deficit is the cost of serving debt contracted at home and abroad by state enterprises and authorities. Two thirds of the servicing is on foreign debt, according to the Planning Ministry.

To finance the deficit, the Central Bank is resorting

lot Dick Covey will guide Discovery

mechanism, believed to be the

money market But Brazilian financiers are becoming very concerned at the extent of the Government's reliance

As figures published on Wedsday revealed, the public debt out of the hands of the monetary authorities—the Central Bank and the state-owned Banco do Brasil—grew by 544 per cent in the 12 months to the end of June. Discounting inflation, this represented a real growth of 200 per cent

As President Jose Sarney's increasingly heavily to placing 117.8 trillion (million million). Government has publicly com- Treasury bills on the domestic Between March, when the Between March, when the Sarney Government took office, and July, debt rose at an average monthly rate of 17.3 per cent

Alarmed by the rapid growth, Sr Carlos Brandao, a leading figure on the domestic capital markets on Tuesday said that if the Government did not take urgent steps to control its spending within two years the internal debt would exceed the country's \$104bn foreign debt.

Other economists also warn that the central bank may soon By the end of June, the public run into difficulties in placing its debt had grown to Cruzeiros bills on the domestic market.

Canada may increase its presence in Arctic

VANCOUVER - Canada has route without asking permission dropped the idea of asking the from Ottawa.

World Court to rule on a dispute Nationalist-

was instead considering several op-tions to increase Canada's presence at The Hagne in the Arctic, including a larger military force in the region. The dispute over jurisdiction in the Arctic waters that provide a northern link between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans was brought to a head this summer when a U.S.

Mr Clark said the Government

with the U.S. states over control of critics attacked the Government for the North-West Passage, Mr Joe not being vigorous enough in its op-Clark, External Affairs Minister, position to the voyage. There were suggestions that the Government should take the issue

> Mr Clark would not rule out that course, but he said other possibili ties were being studied. Mr Clark also mentioned the pos

sible construction of a polar ice breaker that would be powerful enough to navigate the waters icebreaker, the Polar Sea, sailed the throughout the year.

officials find a winner

LOTTERY officials said yesterday there was more than one winner in New York's \$41m (£30m) Lette drawing, the largest in North American history, but that it would be several hours before exact figures are available, AP reports from New York. An expherant group of 21 workers at an offset press facthey had one of the winning tickets. They said they had agreed to pool \$21 to play the lottery and split any winning

There was no immediate word of other winners. All, in-cluding the Mount Vernon group, had to be verified by state lottery officials.

state lottery officials.

There were a record 36.1m \$1 bets on the jackpot, The winning numbers were 14, 17, 22, 23, 30 and 47, with the supplementary number 33.

"If no one had guessed the six numbers out of 48 possibilities," Mr John D. Quinn, the state lottery director had sibilities." Mr John D. Quinn, the state lottery director, had said he would cap Saturday's drawing at \$50m, "more than enough money for somebody spending a buck to take a chance winning."

Mr Quinn advised winners to sign the lucky ticket, hire a lawer and an accountant.

a lawer and an accountant, order an unlisted telephone number and show up at the World Trade centre in Lower Manhattan,

Drop in U.S. factory goods orders dims hopes of recovery

BY NANCY DUNNE IN WASHINGTON

goods from U.S. factories fell improvement in steel orders. a sharp 2.8 per cent in July from the June level, the Census Bureau reported yesterday, as the American economy showed few signs of emerging from its current stagnant state.

However, inflation is holding to its moderate course. The Labour Department said yester-day that consumer prices inched up 0.2 per cent last month, the same as in May and June. This kept the annual inflation rate at 3.5 per cent.

The size of the drop in durable goods orders, a key indicator of the economy's strength, caught most analysts by surprise. The decline follows a revised increase of 3.1 per cent in May and 3.6 per cent in June, but much of that resulted from surges in the volatile defence spending sector, which fell 17.6 per cent last month.

With imports still at bargain prices as a result of the strong dollar, declines prevailed in most industries last month. Machinery orders fell 4.2 per cent, and primary metal orders slumped 1.1 per cent with declines in aluminium and other

NEW ORDERS of durable non-ferrous metals offsetting an Signs of future improvement were scarce, and after reports of falling housing construction and retail sales, yesterday's figures appeared to sustain the belief that the economy is not rebounding strongly in the third

> The rise in the consumer price index was attributed largely to the cost of housing up 0.6 per cent from a month earlier after rising 0.4 per cent in June. The increase, however, was offset by lower transporta-tion and mest prices.

Imports kept the cost of manufactured goods down and the oil glut pushed down gaso-line prices by 0.4 per cent. Clothing costs fell 0.2 per cent. The costs of medical care rose

0.5 per cent, just slightly less than the 0.6 per cent average monthly rate during the first half of the year.

While new car prices went up slightly—0.2 per cent—declining interest rates dropped the cost of financing by 0.9 per cent. The cost of telephone services shot up a substantial 0.8 per cent. While new car prices went up

Political murders and police unrest in Chile continue to fuel rumours of coup plots, writes Mary Helen Spooner

THE denial this week by General Augusto Pinochet that any coup plotting was underway within his paramilitary police force, the carabineros, has only partially dissipated the cloud of rumours hanging over the Chilean capital.

The climate of uncertainty began with revelations that carabinero officials had taken part in the kidnapping and murder of three Chilean Leftists earlier this year. It heightened when a purge of the carabinero officer corps began.

Victims of the purge include General Cesar Mendoza, the for-mer carabinero commander, who felt compelled to resign from the ruling junts on August 2, and about 30 other high-ranking officers who have been called into retirement.

A court investigation which were invented by opposition implicated 14 officials in the groups," one diplomat in Santhree deaths is continuing, with tiago said. But the combination more indictments possible as of increasing anti-Government

Storm clouds gather over Pinochet's head

bers of Chile's outlawed Com-munist Party, were kidnapped in two separate incidents from comfortable upper-middle class sections of Santiago, the capi-tal. Their bodies were later found with their throats slit on the outskirts of town.

While political killings are not unheard of in Chile, the public reaction was far stronger than in previous cases of human rights abuses. "For many years, many Chileans thought the accusa-tions of human rights abuses

the chain of responsibility becomes known.

The three victims, all members of Chile's outlawed Communist Party, were kidnapped call problem for the Pinochet

The Government's credibility was not helped by indiscreet remarks about the case by some officials. The Chilean Defence Minister and two junta members blamed the killings on Leftists. A naval commander, Sr Jose Merino even suggested that the carabineros might have been infiltrated by Communists seeking to discredit the force. A second, perhaps equally

important factor was the rivalry between the carabinero's intel-ligence arm, Dicomear (a Spanish acronym for "cara-bineros communications divi-

According to sources in San-tiago, CNI officials resented the Carabineros intrusion into what they considered their exclusive territory. When news of the triple kidnapping and murder broke, Gen Humberto Gordon, the CNI director was quick to state publicly that no member of his force had been

In the past, investigations of human rights abuses by Chile's judiciary have often been sty-mied by a lack of official cooperation and the reluctance of military courts to prosecute members of the armed forces for political crimes. In this case, however, the

sion"), and the Central Nacional de Informaciones (CNI), the regime's feared security organisation.

According to sources in Santiago, CNI officials resented the Constitutions of interpretation of the contral photographs and the names of carabineros implicated in the local press, has given Chileans a tantalising, a fact methioned in the contral region of the contral region of the solution of the solutio

investigator's report. Chilean officials blandly deny Mendoza's replacement, Gen Rodolfo Stange.

Gen Mendoza complained bitterly that the carabineros had become the target of a political persecution and said

tary. The combination of visibility any ill-feeling between the and restricted information, carabineros and the CNI, but along with wishful thinking on the tensions were evident at the part of the Pinochet the swearing in ceremony for regime's critics, has fuelled speculation of coup plotting among carabinero officers.

This week an opposition news magazine reported that the rumours of carabinero unrest had originated among the police he had not speken to the NCI chief "for along time."

Chile's armed forces may be the most disciplined and hermetic in all of Latia America, offering few glimpses into their

to attempt an uprising, it is doubtful they could pose any serious challenge to the Chilean army, which by all actuals is still loyal to Gen Pinochet.

Gen Pinochet, commenting on the rumours this week, noted that not long ago there had been gossip that he had suffered a heart attack during a trip to northern Chile, a report subsequently denied. Nevertheless, the scandal is

likely to continue to simmer in Chile as September 11, the anniversary of the coup which brought Gen Pinochet to power,

The date has traditionally been an octasion of antigovernment protest. If carahinero officials implicated in the triple murder are not prosecuted to the satisfaction of the victims' families and supporters, the unrest is likely be much greater than usual.

WORLD TRADE NEWS

Israel, UK to discuss new coal agreement

ISRAEL and Britain are preparing to hold talks about a new five-year agreement for the supply of up to 500,000 tonnes of coal a year from the UK's National Coal Board to the Israeli electricity industry.

The matter was raised this week when Mr Ram Ron, managing director of the Israeli National Coal Supply Corpora-tion, visited the NCB's London headquarters to discuss the breakdown in the present supply agreement because of the miners' strike.

Although neither side has discussed proposed prices, it is believed that as the NCB acts to reduce overcapacity, it will be less flexible on the prices it accepts from overseas customers.
The Israelis are hinting that

future long-term contracts should include a counter-trade element so that half the value goods or services. Israel buys 3.3m tonnes a

year, mainly from Australia, and before the UK miners' strike had been taking up to 250,000 tonnes a year from the Israel and the UK are currently negotiating the price of the final tranche of coal to be

delivered in the final year of the present agreement, which ends in September 1986. Although no price was fixed this week for the last year of the present pact, the two sides are believed to be near agreement and that before the end of the year the NCB will begin shipping Israel 300,000 tonnes in 50,000-tonne cargoes.

Philippines relaxes import credit rules

THE Philippines central bank is now allowing the country's The essence of the Adminis-banks to open letters of credit tration's trade policy has been covering import of dairy products and bottles without prior approval of the Ministry of talism and survival of the fittest Trade and Industry and the in the marketplace. Board of Investments, our

requirement has enabled the Government to regulate or even less than 5 per cent, according ban the entry of certain foreign ban the entry of certain foreign of Industrial Competition for five years and negotiating by a looming \$150bn measure authorises the President of the previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in this series that we have."

The previous articles in th

COMPLAINT OVER GOODS AND SERVICES ISSUE

Brazil accuses U.S. of retreat on 'twin-track' talks

BY ANDREW WHITLEY IN RIO DE JANERIO

led pressures to include services in a new round of international trade talks, has accused the Reagan Adminis-tration of retreating from an initial willingness to go along with the Brazilian proposal " twin-track " discussions on trade in goods and ser-

With balloting under way among the 90 members of the General Agreement on the U.S. call for a special session of the contracting parties during September, the Brazilians are manoeuvring to avoid a head-on collision at the planned conference in General and

a meeting takes place.
According to senior
Brazilian officials, Mr Michael Smith, U.S. Deputy Trade Representative, initially Representative, initially "fully accepted" that goods and services should be treated ann services should be treated separately in official-level negotiations. But, they compiain, he was apparently overruled by Dr Clayton Yeutter, the new U.S. Special Trade

Representative.
For their part, the Brazilians have recently retreated from the original

proposal put forward by Sr Olavo Setubal, the Foreign Minister, in Stockholm in Rather than holding com-

Brazil now says it is prepared to deal with the contentious services issue within the existing Gatt framework—provided there is no linkage with the parallel negotiations on goods. Much of its hopes of avoid-

ing being forced next month into a special meeting of Gait, at which substantive discussions on services would be expected to take place, are pinned on what it sees as a split opening up within the ranks of the European Economic Community.

France, supported by Italy according to Western diplemats, is reported to have signalled its dissatisfaction tactics at Gatt.
Canada and Japan, two of
the developed countries'
other allies in this long-running tussie, are also thought by the Brazilians to be mov-ing towards finding ways of

avolding a new impasse.

Among the possibilities being aired in Brasilia is the postponement of the Gatt special meeting, until agreement be reached on its agenda. This is a course of action which Mr Arthur Dunkell, Gatt Secretary-General, and Sr Felipe Jaramillo, the Colombian chairman of Gatt, are to be urged to pursue once the result of the ballot is

their full participation.

"We may not take part at all, or else only in those talks dealing with goods," one sentor official said, although no final decision has yet been taken. One factor which could change the picture entirely as

does go shead in September as planned, the Brazilians and their allies, who include India, Egypt and Yuguslavia,

may be forced to reconsider

far as Brazil is concerned would be the opening-up of the basic text of the Gatt treaty to discussion. "Would the U.S. be prepared to allow this?" the official asked

Washington searches for consensus on trade

Dr Yeutter has promised Congress he will "take an aggressive course within the Administration." But, he warns, the declining labour-intensive industries must learn to compete because "we can't foist that burden on the back of the

There are many good possithere are many good possi-bilities for the use of Section 301, he says, which would not be the case "were the Gatt dis-pute-settlement process more effective, more timely, more ex-

vote a speech to it within the month. Whether or not the U.S. achives a new Gatt round next year, the heat is on the trade issue and heading for

mous pressure it is coming under from the Western in-dustrialised world, Brazil is clearly weakening.

But it still hopes to per-suade other Gatt members that what would almost certail what would amost cer-tainly be a tense and disrup-tive set of official meetings, to discuss the substance of the trade round, would be in no one's interests.

"If (the special session) moves to vote on substantive matters, this would be very dangerous," the Brazilian official said. "Even if we can agree on precedural matters, substantive matters is impos-

Taiwan offers promises on rising surplus

majority leader, and six U.S. senators left Taiwan after receiving little more than promises from Taiwan leaders that more steps would be taken to reduce a bellooping trade surplus in Taipei's favour, In a pre-departure statement yesterday, Mr Dole said the U.S. delegation stressed the need for reduction of tariff rates, more protection for intellectual property, and "rational treatment for services such as insurance basing

such as insurance, banking, motion picture distribution, and leasing."

Mr Dole said the U.S. Government had earlier this month proposed that Taiwan significantly cut import tariffs on 174 items, including such high-value goods as refrigera-tion and temperature equip-ment, home appliances, computer terminals and peri-

The 174 items represent pro ducts which U.S. exporters feel they can sell here if tariffs were lowered. He also addressed the issue

counterfeiting, noting that while the Government has recently taken steps to cut down on the trade in fake goods, "several additional measures are needed to provide effective pro-"As good friends, we should

now be able to overcome our current differences in the trade area before they become more difficult to resolve," he con-

Canada rift hits bid to boost ties with U.S.

A RIFT getween Ontario and Canada's other provinces is likely to complicate the federal Government's intended efforts to lower trade barriers between to lower trade barriers between Canada and the U.S.

Long-simmering divisions among the provinces have sinfaced over the past few days at a meeting of previncial Premiers in St John's, Newfoundland, where the future of U.S.-Canada trade ties has been a key topic of discussion.

Premiers of the Western provinces of Albert and British Columbia yesterday urged Prime Minister Brian Mulroney to start talks with Washington on a comprehensive free-trade agreement, which they see as the only way of ensuring con-tinued access to the U.S. mar-

beef and forest products.
Ontario, on the other hand, is concerned that trade liberalisation will threaten many of its manufacturing industries by exposing them to open competition from lower-cost U.S. producers.
Opponents of free trade also fear it will lead to a withdrawal of U.S. investment from Canada and eventually to closer cultural and political integration between the two countries.

Quebec, whose economy

The free trade issue has taken

day, that protectionist sentiment in the U.S. may also damage Ontario's interests by closing markets to the key automobile industry in the province.

Canada and the U.S. are each other's largest trading partners, with the U.S. taking 75.6 per cent of Canada's exports in 1984.

reports. Mannesmann Demag, a unit of Mannesmann, will re-equip Dofasco's most modern steel process, allowing it to produce higher grade steels for the U.S. car industry.

Manila correspondent reports.

says Republican Senator John Only 20 years ago, the organ-Heinz, voicing an almost universal despair in Congress.
"We don't seem to have any
game plan, We don't seem to
have any manager. And sometimes I wonder if we have a Congress, the repository of

more than 200 protectionist trade Bills, sees the proposed new round of negotiations under the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (Gatt) as limost extraneous. Reform, trade policy, "assumes a world while undeniably a necessity, is that no longer exists, of fixed for the future. Action and a cohesive trade policy is needed now, when U.S. industry, like a wounded colossus, is bleeding to a painful death under the assault of cheaper imports. "Talk of a new round has

up here," says an aide in the House of Representatives. "We assume that a new round is needed but there is also a con-cern that the Administration nology products, services, incern that the Administration has made no effort to get a consensus on goals." The essence of the Adminisarticulated in endless speeches. It believes in free trade, capi-

be strengthened and changed to Manila correspondent reports.

Dairy products and bottles are the first to be taken off the list of products the import of which is subject to approval. This requirement has enabled the content of the last than 5 per cent according to the strengthened and changed to the world as it has the first to be taken off the list of products the import of which covered 20 per cent of the content of the list of products the import of which covered 20 per cent of the content of

"WE ARE spectators in the tiveness; and there is a whole international trading game," new set of participants.

isation consisted mainly of the industrialised countries. Now it includes the newly industrial-ised and developing nations. Newcomers export twice as much to the U.S. as they did in 1960, and it is estimated that by 1995, they will be engaged in twice as much trade with the U.S. as the present total of U.S.-European trade.

that no longer exists, of fixed exchange rates and countries that do not protect infant indus-tries: a world where Customs duties make a significant difference. That world is gone for-

Much work must be done, says the Administration: the receded from public discussion dispute settlement process must be made to work—and quickly; and rules must be devised or vestment, subsidies, non-tariff barriers and government pro-

> Agricultural export subsidies must be prohibited; protection tual property rights; and moves must be made against counter-



high profile within the

The pile of protectionist trade Bills in Congress grows ever higher as the U.S. seeks an internal consensus on the new Gatt round. Nancy **Dunne** in Washington looks at the problems and conflicts the U.S.

will have to overcome before it attains the

agreement it is seeking. must be established for intellec- for the next five," he told his Senate confirmation hearings. In return for reform, says Mr Gatt, to achieve this end, must feiting.

Douglas Newkirk, assistant be strengthened and changed to Dr Clayton Yeutter, the new trade representative for Gatt

(£107.9bn) a year trade deficit, the need to produce some movement on trade, and Con-gress, has to have a new round

Short of abandoning its commitment to free trade, the Administration will choose to abandon its preference for the multilateral process and nego-tiate regional or bilateral free trade pacts. The Association of Southeast Asian Nations that "our basic approach is to (Asean) countries are interested, officials say. The Organisation of Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) is another possible forum for negotiations. forum for negotiations.

Ironically, it is Congress, impatient for action on imports, which is pleading for a go-slow approach to Gatt, while the Government works towards a consensus of opinion on U.S. goals. Unlike the Administra-tion, the Senate Democratic tion, the Senate Democratic working group believes that the international currency market should be on the agenda of the

It also wants a bipartisan presidential trade commission, composed of Congressmen, private citizens and Administra-tion officials, to identify the trade objectives of the nation. The President would then sub-mit legislation to establish the objectives in a new round.

In spite of the 200-plus trade bills, the majority in Congress

is philosophically against pro-tectionism. Most want "fair

tectionism. Most want "fair trade" and a drive is on to push

dent to restrict imports or to take any other action within his power to retaliate against those nations which deny U.S. exports "fair and equitable market opportunities."

TISING SUPPLIES

By Robert King in Taipei

MR ROBERT DOLE, U.S. Senate majority leader, and six U.S.

"My view is that a new round of trade negotiations is interest-ing, but not a particularly high priority," says Mr John Dan-forth, a key Republican senator

American consumer."

peditious and more decisive." Trade has now moved into a high-profile position within the Administration. Officials are hard at work writing a policy paper and the President may de-

By Bernard Simon in Toronto

key topic of discussion.

ket for raw materials produced in Western Canada, such as beef and forest products.

Quebec, whose economy depends both on manufacturing and natural resources, has taken a neutral stance. on some urgency in the past year as the threat of U.S. pro-tectionism increases and midterm Congressional elections draw closer. British Columbia's Premier, Mr Bill Bennett, argued yester

cent of Canada's exports in 1902.

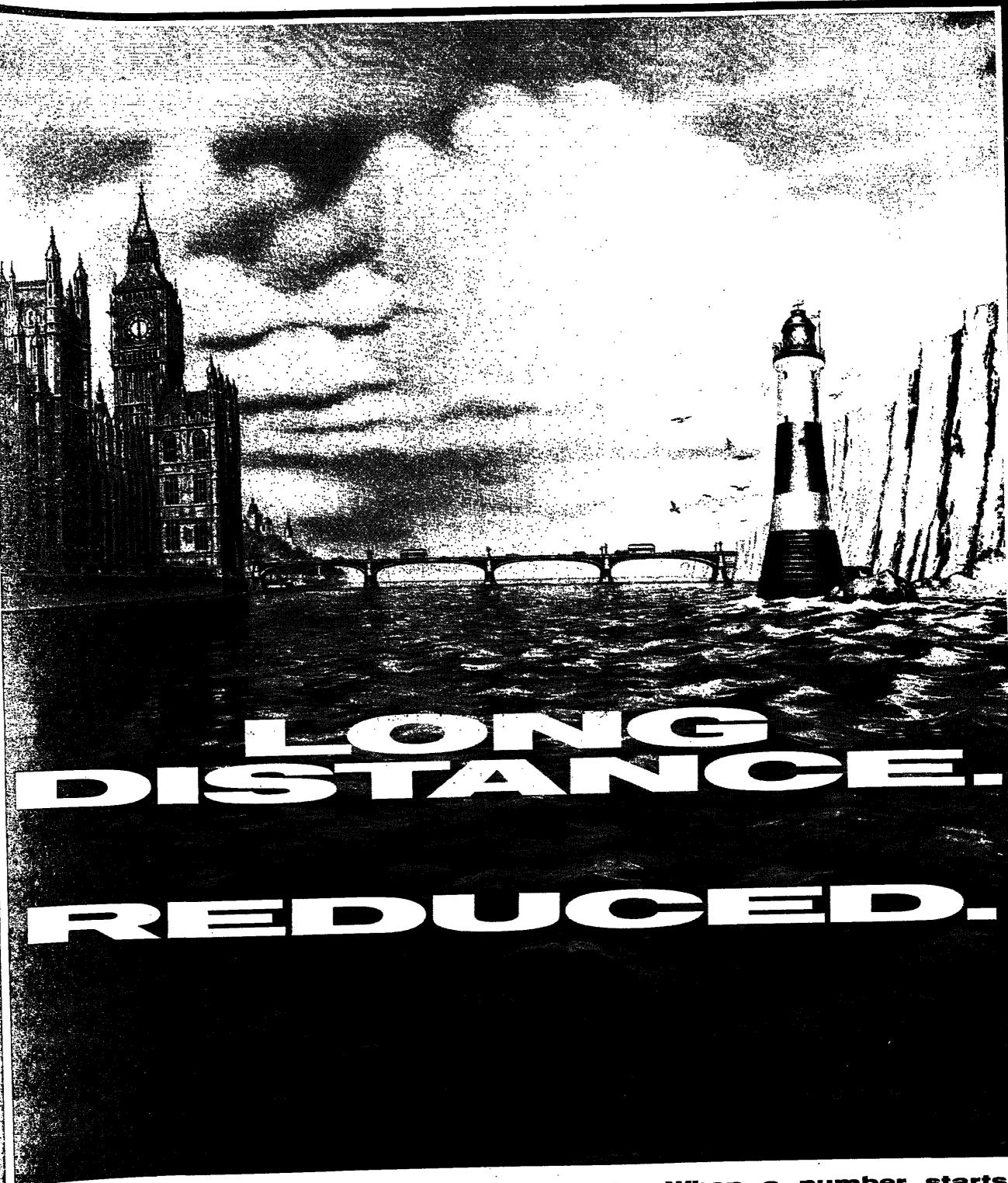
Dofasco, the Canadian steel company, has bought a licence for a steel-making process from kloeckner CRA Technologie, a joint venture between Kloeckner Kloeckner Kloeckner and CRA of Australia Kloeckner and Reuter tralia, Kloeckner said, Reuter

O & & &

1 500

11.5

Take 1



Great Britain is now a great deal smaller. When a number starts with 0345, you can dial straight through at the local rate, anywhere in the UK. Eastbourne to Westminster. Bury to Derry. Kent to Gwent. Anywhere. It's a new dialling code from British Telecom for companies who want customers to call them. Soon you'll be seeing more and more 0345 numbers. And as you use them, paying less and less. INKLINE 0345, LONG DISTANCE, LOCAL RATE,

Viranis move in

the ubiquitous Virani family have moved into the boardroom

It was less than a year ago that Graeme Jackson, who had earlier reversed his USM-listed

plans to grow in 18 months

from a £5m company to a £25m

operation via a string of ambi-tious acquisitions. There were,

he said, "too many minnows" swimming about in the property

pool and he intended to eat

Within two months, however,

it was London and Manchester

which found itself on the re-ceiving end of a messy bid from

London Securities, formerly Amalgamated Estates. L and

M directors, holding 40 per cent of the shares, accepted the offer but the bidder narrowly failed to secure 90 per cent of

the equity and earlier this year wound down its stake to 39 per

Jackson departed, Dick Free-

mantle was put in by London Securities as a caretaker chief executive and London and

Manchester became Property

FRESH FROM its support of Burton in the touch-and-go bid for Debenhams, Habitat Mother-

care's own appetite for more

trading space appears un-diminished by the chance to take up to 20 per cent of avail-able space in Debenhams stores.

In return for backing Ralph

Halpern Habitat Mothercare

was given the opportunity of occupying an estimated 900,000

sq ft of trading space in Debenham outlets but the retail

group is nevertheless about to launch a search for a total of

the big fish.

at Property Trust

LIFE at Property Trust, until his colleagues, including David recently London and Man-chester Securities, might be a working hard while a buyer was

little less confusing now that sought for the bulk of London

clutching a potentially useful the company. The purchaser is chunk of the equity.

Condon and Manchester Securi- Baddru has paid £760,000 cash

ties into Carlton Real Estate, for a 10.6 per cent shareholding was talking optimistically about in Trust and has taken a year's

some of them up in order to join the big fish. carry ing a f4m package of office the big fish.

Trust. with National Freight at Temple Since then, Freemantle and Meads, Bristol.

taken up.

UK CAR MARKET SHARES %

Securities' remaining interest in

Badru Virani, uncle of Bel-

haven Brewery chief and Con-

troi Securites chairman Nazmu.

Together with his son Azim,

in Trust and has taken a year's

option on another 19.9 per cent.

which will cost £2.25m cash if

Property Trust has a UK

investment portfeolio currently valued at around £10.5m, includ-

ton and Crewe acquired from Hampstead Commercial-Proper-

ties at the time o fJackson's departure. Some U.S. invest-

ments were made by Jackson but these are being dismantled.

The UK portfolio also in-cludes a partially developed 55-

acre industrial estate in Lan-caster, offices in Manchester and

industrial property in Redhill. A pre-let office development is

nearing completion at Egham, another pre-let office project is underway in Edinburgh and there are sites in Canterbury and Rochester. Last, but not

least, there are longstanding plans for a joint development

example and that some of the

space offered may not be in the

right place. As a result, Goddard

only expects to find around 450,000 sq ft of the new space

The bulk of the £40m expansion programme will involve an additional 1m sq ft for Habitat, which is currently trading out of

1.8m sq ft. Mothercare is much

from

required Debenhams.

launch a search for a total of

1.15m sq ft of new space,

Terry Goddard, a director of
Habitat Mothercare, emphasises

Terry Goddard, a director of
Habitat Mothercare emphasises

Coal fund's

TRE market value of

the Mineworkers' Pension Scheme rose from £560m to £629m in the year ending September 1984. Of the total,

about £410m is represented

by property in the UK and Eire, with £6m located in the

remainder of Europe and £212m in the United States.

The scheme, which jointly owns most of its property with the NCB Staff Super-

annuation Scheme through a

common fund, says low UK

vields have meant a very

selective domestic purchasing

policy, with £5.3m spent on additions to the portfolio but disposals raising £9.5m. Apart

from the joint US acquisition of real estate investment trust

Rampac — which cost the Scheme 541m — it also speat

another £3.1m on new American property invest-

The Scheme's investment pertfolio yielded income of

£39.8m in the year ending last September, rising from

130.9m in the previous twelve months. Rents from directly held properties in the U.S. and Europe reached just over £26m and they are

● The Greater London Council has rejected plans by

Moss Bres to redevelop its Covent Garden headquarters. Proposals include the build-

ing of a new store and offices and the company is to appeal to the Environment Secretary.

space.
Habitat is going out of town.

Goddard says that while it has no major High Street portfolio,

Mothercare has 220 stores in shortest shorting areas. "We

central shopping areas. "We had to ask, therefore whether

we should be in the van of out-

of-town-trading; we judged that

town centres would survive, leaving a big question mark over

progressive 'planning creep'-whether it may become the

fashion for every town to have

NOTICE OF SECOND PARTIAL REDEMPTION

06978 07781 08949 08500 10182 11020 11771 12285 13280 14585 15016 15703 16270 17008 17084 18285 19485

| The colours |

its out-of-town centre."

that Burton has other commit- likely to be a net addition of more than "fashionable think- Habitat's Im sq ft requirements,

Habitat Mothercare goes shopping for more floorspace

ments, to Harris Queensway for 150,000 sq ft to the existing example and that some of the 600,000 sq ft of trading floor-

income up

Arthur Smith on a car sales predicament

Austin Rover suffers summertime blues

revelation dreaded by companies like Hampton Trust, which has been doing very nicely out of the secondary rental investment market and spould rather not have too many. NEW CAR sales in Britain are booming. But as the rush for the inflation over the last year and August registration plates with a Year a recovery in central London "C" prefix pushes purchases to-wards the records reached in 1983, But along comes Hillier Par. means they increased by over ker, the agents and surveyors, a third in the last 18-month to spoil everything by pointing period reviewed.

Out to potential investors that

But despite the excellent per-Austin Rover, BL's volume cars company, has blown the whistle But despite the excellent perand shouted foul.

Soaring rents for

orime retail properties, are now shops have still only just managed to match inflation since 1979. On the same basis (institutions please note), prime retail rents are not yet back to match the same basis (institutions please note), prime retail rents are not yet back to a not property which lies at the box.

east

10 per cent against 7.5 per cent for top-class investments.

Even more revealing is Hillier Parker's calculation that, during the six-month period up until May, secondary shop rents escalated at an annual rate of no less than 16.4 per cent over the six months to May.

justed basis.

that rents overall on secondary

Elsewhere in the market,

secondary industrial rents notched up a fairly remarkable,

annual growth rate of just under 6 per cent in the six

months to May, marginally ahead of secondary offices, where a recovery has been confined to London and the south-

The industrial market, how-

ever, remains characterised by zharp regional differences in

performance. Rents in the Mid-

leaving Mothercare and other

group interests—not forgetting the reviving Heals group—to

soak up the rest. Habitar's ideal partner, apparently, would be a com-

bined garden centre and DIY operation. Mothercare's line staff favoured food and a num-

cash problem, with a historic net cash flow of £62m and gearing

carrently around the 20 per cent

WILLIAM COCHRANE

ber of other support traders. Habitat's expansion programme involves 10 new stores a year and there is certainly no

secondary shops

would rather not have too many

rents on secondary shops, already outpacing those on prime retail properties, are now

soaring faster than at any time

rent index is designed to measure the performance of property which lies at the bor-der of what institutions would

normally buy. It shows that, in the period from 1979 to May

1985, average rents for all prime property rose by 72 per cent a year, just over 1 per cent higher than for secondary.

But if prime office and indus-

trial rents have beaten their less fashionable counterparts, the tables are turned when it comes to the retail market, where secondaries have achieved an

annual growth rate of just over 10 per cent against 7.5 per cent for top-class investments.

ing" could put real pressure on town and county councils, "It could be more influential than

any government edict or traders' demands, to create that

of-town locations where it will be looking for 35,000 to 40,000

sq ft gross and planning to trade

out of 25,000 sq ft net. Its town

centre list has 22 locations of 10,000 sq ft each, striking a certain balance in the expansion

Goddard reckons that Deben-

hams' offerings could account

Habitat has a list of 23 edge-

sort of space" he adds

programme.

Notes surrendered for redemption must have coupon due January 31,

interest will cease to accrue on the above drawn Notes as from Septem

THE FISCAL AGENT

KREDIETBANK

1986 and subsequent attached.

Luxembourg, August 23, 1985

Amount remaining outstanding: US\$ 72,000,000

14519	15227	15653
14530	15231	15655
14533	15232	15656
14533	15232	15656
14536	15239	15659
14536	15239	15659
14556	15239	15659
14556	15239	15652
14556	15246	15862
14556	15246	15862
14556	15246	15862
14556	15226	15677
14564	15226	15677
14565	15226	15677
14565	15226	15690
14577	15269	15602
14578	15228	15900
14567	15228	15900
14667	15228	15924
14621	15234	15944
14632	15234	15944
14632	15314	15944
14632	15314	15944
14632	15315	15960
14666	15326	15961
14667	15326	15961
14668	15321	15962
14667	15326	15961
14668	15321	15962
14667	15336	15961
14668	15377	15001
14668	15377	15001
14708	15387	15007
14702	15386	15981
14703	15387	16003
14704	15478	15007
14706	15386	15081
14707	15386	16023
14724	15477	15048
14724	15477	15048
14725	15390	16023
14724	15477	15036
14734	15477	15036
14734	15477	15036
14739	15488	16023
14734	15477	15036
14736	15432	15006
14736	15432	15007
14708	15386	15023
14724	15457	15008
14736	15458	15023
14736	15458	15023
14737	15458	15023
14738	15459	15008
14739	15458	15023
14739	15458	16023
14739	15458	16023
14739	15458	16023
14739	15458	16033
14739	15458	16033
14739	15458	16033
14739	15458	16023
14739	15458	16023
14739	15458	16023
14739	15458	16023
14739	15458	16023
14739	15458	16023
14739	15458	16023
14739	15458	16023
14739	15458	16023
14739	15458	16023
14739	15458	16023
14739	15458	16023
14739	15458	16023
14739	15458	16023
14739	15458	16023
14739	15458	16023
14739	15458	16023
14739	15458	

Goddard thinks that nothing for perhaps 250,000 sq ft of

in the last six years.

The state-owned concern, stung by the headlines over its decision to tell the unions of plans to cut production by 10 per cent to prevent a build-up of stocks, has chosen to ntion on number plates. focus atte

In 1963, in response to a police plea for registration plates that would identify the age of cars re-quired to pass the official test of roadworthiness, the "A" suffix was The motor industry, realising the

snob value of the new number, which changed each year, successfully pressed the Government in 1967 to switch its introduction from January to Angust - a month of slow summer sales when manufacturers were anxious to shift old

Austin Rover, whose chairman and chief executive is Mr Harold Musgrove, now argues that no one realised how vulnerable, as the main domestic assembler, it would become to the August "blip," which can account for anything up to 20 per cent of annual UK sales.

Multinationals, such as Ford and General Motors, are able to keep Europe's continental plants busy on right-hand drive models for the UK during the quiet summer months.

Austin Rover, to compete, says it
must distort production and drive
assembly lines harder in the early months of the year to build up stock levels to deal with the August onslaught.

There is substance to the argument, but it is a problem to which, over nearly two decades, the com-pany might have adjusted. The resent Government has shown little sympathy: ministers have indicated that manufacturers must arrive at a majority decision about change – an unlikely development in the industry, given the private glee among some competitors at Austin Rover's current complaints.

While the distortion caused by August might be a factor in these complaints, it must be questionable whether it provides a full explanation. Certainly, competitors were

surprised Austin Rover should but to pitch in with the rest in offer-choose to tell the unions about pro-duction cuts now, still in the full in a market where each manufacswing of the August market, rather turer accuses every other of disrupthen holding off until the end of tive practices, he insists: We have

nent suppliers are speculating there could be at least another week's shutdown later in the year.

took place earlier in the year in Whitehall and Westminster over BL's corporate plan. Final approval of a strategy submitted last Novemtions were posed about, among

market performance.

Alarm bells were set ringing in the early months of the year when Austin Rover, backed by the full model range it had always argued

But sales, in spite of expensive promotions and incentives, increased by less than 2,000 to 177,403 by the end of July.

The peak August market presentand 750,000 cars in the UK for a one month market that peaked in Mr Regnier maintains: "Basically 1983 at nearly 375,000. He says cars and distributors but in compounds ume in a difficult market." and specially rented locations throughout the country.

not engaged in distress marketing.

The company has confirmed it is

We are not giving cars away. We

16.17 14.63 11.69 8.56 8.79

1,749 1,791 1,555 1,484 1,513

ing the September holiday into the first week of October. But composhare so far in a boom month remains at less than 18 per cent. Austin Rover takes comfort in the fact that, in a market bigger than ex-pected, such a share will contribute The present predicament is a direct throwback to the debate that towards its volume requirement.

ber was not given until June as people into the market. In the words of one of the majors, "norother things, Austin Rover's likely mally demand has been such in Austock has forced everyone to cut

was necessary for success, failed to the incentives battle between the make a breakthrough in an admit-"big three" is serving merely to tedly highly competitive UK erode margins - that market share, after a surge of new models, has reached something of a balance. market.

The company, trade union problems safely behind it, was able to boost productivity and output in the first six months of the year by nearly 60,000 cars to more than 257,000. per cent in the four years from 1980. Ford over the same period has been chipped back to about 26 per cent while Austin Rover continues

ed yet another challenge. Mr Peter in Austin Rover, where attention is Regnier, the Austin Rover finance drawn to the fact that it, alone director, estimates that manufac- among the majors, has so far this turers stockniled between 600,000 year been able to increase volume

we are still on course for what we were stored not merely with dealers intend to do. We are gaining in vol-Austin Rover believes that, bit by

Austin Rover had no alternative age of miracles is past." Legal Notices

LADY YOUNG FASHIORS LIMITED
AND
IN THE MATTER OF
THE COMPANIES ACT 1985
NOTICE: IS: HERERY GIVEN that the
Creditors of the above-named Company,
which is being voluntarily wound up,
are required, on or before the 12th
dey of November 1985 to send in their
full Christian and Samames, their
addresses and descriptions, full particulars of their debts or claims, and
the names and addresses of their
Soficition (if any), to the undersigned
SURJIT KUMAR SINGLA, F.C.A. of
Single & Co. Charmered Accountants. in the advertisement published in the Financial Times on 16th August 1985 the following numbers were indistinct; BLMC LIMITED

The Principal Paylog Agent CREDIT LYONNALS LUXEMBOURG

Bank of Tokyo (Curação) Holding N.V. imited liability in the Netherlands Anni £30,000,000



S.G. WARBURG & CO. LTD.

COMMON STOCK OF HITACHI LIMITED

considering a one-week lay-off of its are not making losses.

28,000 manual workers by extend
For all Austin Rover's biggest yet

August - traditionally the month of the private buyer - is seen this year by the trade as one where the big discounts have brought more

gust that incentives have not been ssary. This year pressure of prices."
Industry observers suggest that

to hover around 18 per cent. Such a view is not accepted with-

bit, it can gain market share - "The

IN THE MATTER OF LADY YOUNG FASHIONS LIMITED

S. K. SINGLA F.C.A. Uquidator

IN THE MATTER OF
ESSEXGATE LIMITED
AND
IN THE MATTER OF
THE COMPANIES ACT 1995

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the
Craditors of the above-named Company,
which is being voluntarily wound up,
are required, on or before the 12th
day of November 1995 to send in their
till Christien and Streames, triel
addresses and descriptions, full parstockers of their debts or cleims, and
the names and addresses of their
colicitors (if eny), to the undersigned
SURJIT KUMAR SINGLA, F.C.A. of
Single & Co. Chartered Accountaints,
of New Broad Street House, 36 New
Broad Sweet, London ECZM INH the
Liquidator of the said Company, and,
if so required by notice in writing
from the seld Liquidator, are, personally
or by their Solicitors, to come in and
prove their debts or cleims at such
time and place as shall be specified
in such notice, or in default thereof
they will be excluded from the benefit
of any distribution mode before such
dabty are proved.

Deted this 12th day of August, 1985.
S. K. SINGLA, F.C.A.
Uquidator

IN THE MATTER OF

Company Notices

Correction Notice

(Formerly British Leyland Motor Corporation Limited) HOSTICE OF PARTIAL REDMIPTION
French Practs 188,000,000 7% per cent Books 1987
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN persons to the terms and conditions of the shows mentioned Bonds that Prench France 4,940,000 principal amount of the Bonds has been drawn by lot for redemption on September 30, 1985 at the Prench 1985 at 1985 at the Prench 1985 at the Prench 1985 at 198

GUARANTEED FLOATING RATE NOTES DUE 1990



The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd.

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the rate of interest for the three months period 21st August, 1985 to 21st. November, 1985 has been fixed at 11% per cent. per annum. Coupons No.8 will therefore be payable on 21st November, 1985 at £1,465 - 07 per coupon from Notes of £50,000 nominal and £146 - 51 per coupon from Notes of £50,000 nominal.

THE "SHELL" TRAKSPORT AND TRADING

By Order of the Board D. W. CHESTERMAN Company Secretary Shell Centre London SE1 7NA 23rd August, 1986

Clubs

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF BEARER DEPOSITARY RECEIPTS (BDRS) IN

COMPANY

NOTICE IS HEREAY GIVEN that the Transfer Books of Ordinary and Preference Stocks will be closed for one day only on Sth September. 1985 for the preparation of the Dividend Warrants payable on 1st October. 1985. Dated this 23rd day of August, 1985.

Aldenham Road,

S. K. SINGLA, F.C.A.

Uquidator

IN THE MATTER OF
COMINI STORES (SOUTH EAST)

LIMITED

IN THE MATTER OF
THE COMPANIES ACT 1986

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the
Creditors of the above-named Company,
which is being voluntarily wound unare required, on or before the 12th
day of November 1985 to send in their
toll Chirdlan and Sumentee, their
addresses and descriptions, full particulates of their debts or claims, and
the names and addresses of their
Solicitors (Y any), to the undersigned
CIIRLIT KUMAR SINGLA, F.C.A. of
Singla & Co. Chartered Accountants,
of New Broad Street House, 35 New
Broad Street House, 35 New
Broad Street House, 35 New
Broad Street London EC2M INH the
Liquidator of the seid Company, and,
if so required by noice in wriding
from the said Liquidator, are, personally
or by their Solicitors, to come in any
prove their debts or cleims at such
time and place as shall be specified
in such notice, or in default thereof
they will be axcluded from the benefit
of any distribution made before such
debts are proved.

S. K. SINGLA, F.C.A.
Liquidator

R. B. Chillen OLDPRIENDS

DOES LIFE

MARRIAGE, FRIENDSHIP or COMPANIONSHIP: the introduction agency for the 40s, 50s & 60s

ELPIST CHIEF

COM

260 -180 -160 _

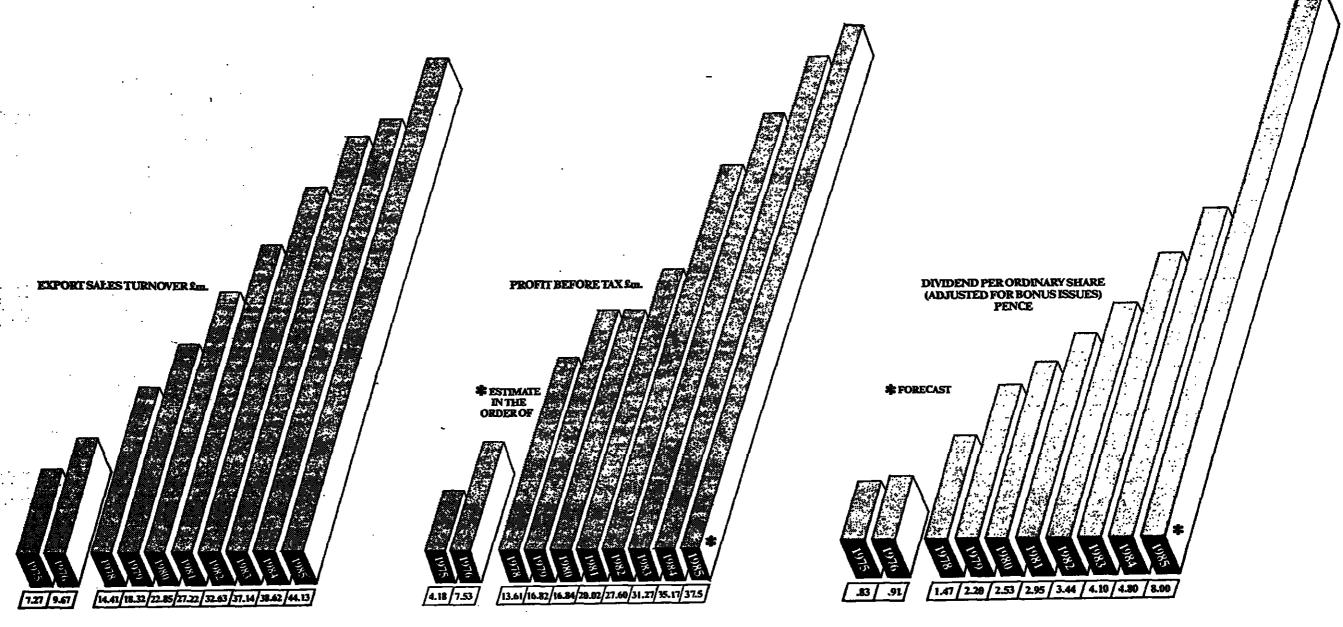
140 -120 --

OLD FRIENDS

BEGIN AT 40?

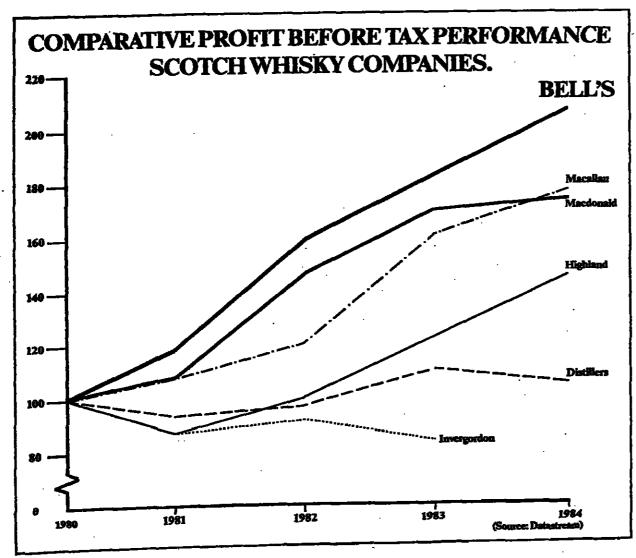
Suffers blues

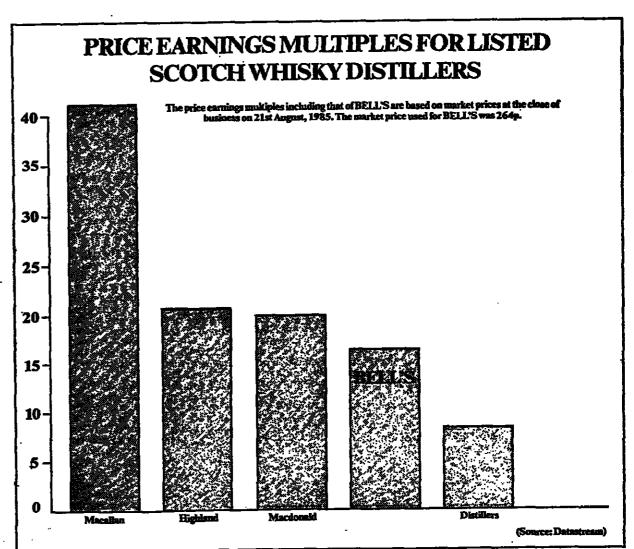
BELL'S GROWTH CONTINUES IN THE EIGHTIES



NOTE: Years 1975 and 1976 are the twelve month periods to 31st December. Years 1978 onwards are the twelve months period to 30th June.

DOES THE GUINNESS BID REPRESENT ADEQUATE VALUE FOR THIS SUCCESSFUL SCOTCH WHISKY COMPANY?





Ignres used by Datastreum are drawn from the published accounty of the relevant companies. Profit before tax used in the graph for each calendar year are taken as being those for the financial year ending in that calendar year restated on the basis that figures for 1989 are 100. Price earnings multiples have been calculated by Datastream using the weighted average number of shares in issue and the profit before tax in the latest published accounts and applying the on the basis that figures for 1989 are 100. Price earnings multiple is not included in the above table.

WE BELIEVE NO REJECT THE THE ANSWERIS NO GUINNESS BID.

This advertisement is published by Arthur Bell & Sons pic whose directors (other than Mr. PR. Tyrie) have taken all reasonable care to ensure that the facts stated and opinious expressed herein are fair and accurate and each of the

Arts

Week

F | S | St | M | Tt | W | Th

23 24 25 26 27 28 29

METROPOLITAN Life Insurance Mr John Creedon, president and seeking to protect the interests of Company of New York, one of the world's largest insurance and financial services companies with assets of Sabba is generalized that the company had been hit by the losses, said yesterday that a draft statement of sabba is generalized that the company had been hit by the losses, said yesterday that a draft statement of sabba is generalized that the company had been hit by the losses, said yesterday that a draft statement of sabba is generalized that the company had been hit by the losses, said yesterday that a draft statement of sabba is generalized that the company had been hit by the losses, said yesterday that a draft statement of sabba is generalized that the company had been hit by the losses, said yesterday that a draft statement of sabba is generally a sabba is generally a sabba in the company had been hit by the losses, said yesterday that a draft statement of sabba is generally a sabba in the company had been hit by the losses, said yesterday that a draft statement of sabba is generally a sabba in the company had been hit by the losses, said yesterday that a draft statement of sabba is generally a sabba in the company had been hit by the losses, said yesterday that a draft statement of sabba is generally a sabba in the company had been hit by the losses. of \$88bm, is expanding its operaties outside North America and declaim was in preparation and a writ tions into the UK life market by cided that the UK was the ideal could be issued in late September acquiring Albany Life Assurance starting place. He said "We have or early October against a number Company from its present owners great confidence in the future of fi-American General Corporation nancial service in the UK." Terms of the agreement have not been disclosed. Metropolitan hopes of possible acquisitions in the UK to complete the transaction by early and decided that Albany Life was

pany, with assets of £300m, was and into Europe. Albany Life now the £130m of insurance losses bought recently by Royal Insurance operates almost entirely in the unit- which the members face it has been for £94m (\$132m). Albany Life, linked life and pensions field, mar-alleged by Minet Holdings that forfounded in 1975, has assets approaching £400m and a similar standing in the market to Lloyd's sales force.

Metropolitan's chief area of activity outside the U.S. has been in Canada, where it is already a leader in the financial services market. However, it is at present taking steps to expand its Canadian in-

of Mirror

suspended

MR ROBERT MAXWELL, pub-

lisher of Mirror Group newspapers, last night suspended publication of the London editions of the group's

This followed what he described

as "anarchical" action by members

of the NGA print union. Mr Max-

well told unions that "if they were

not prepared to be guided by the rudder, they will be taught by the

The crisis at the Mirror Group re-

sults from Mr Maxwell's desire to

move the Sporting Life out of the Mirror Group's publishing complex

Odhams Newspapers, a wholly

owned Mirror subsidiary which

runs the Sporting Life and the Sporting Life Weekender has

signed a contract to have Sporting Life typset at Bermondsey, east

It will be the first time a national

newspaper has moved out of central

On Wednesday night, the NGA at the Mirror Group held a disruptive meeting as evidence of its anxiety

and apprehension about the

It was this event that led to Mr

Maxwell's warnings. He told a meeting of union and management

representatives last night that if the

NGA took action "it will be the first

Unless they gave an undertaking

never to hold a disruptive meeting again and agreed to the Sporting

and last time they do it."

London, from October.

By Helen Hague

Metropolitan examined a number the ideal vehicle to spearhead Me-Lloyd's life, another UK life com- tropolitian's operations into the UK fight the legal action. In addition to keting both through independent mer executives of PCW misappropintermediaries and its own direct riated £40m from underwriting

● A steering committee repre-

the steering committee which is grouped, Mr Whitten added.

boost

Mr Whitten's committee is seeking to raise £3m among the members, whose affairs were managed by Richard Beckett Underwriting Agencies, once known as PCW. to members funds.

The committee would be taking senting over 300 members of the action against Lloyd's itself in con-Lloyd's insurance market who have nection with the affair and a numbeen hit by £130m of losses are ber of other third parties who had planning an extensive campaign of been used by the former executives legal action. to channel money from the syndi-Mr Keith Whitten, a member of cates into which the members were

Publication | Howe arranges finance meeting for Eureka

next month to discuss channelling private sector funds to the Eureka echnology support scheme.

The meeting, which will bring together representatives of banks and financial institutions from 17 countries, aims to come up with ideas on raising cash to back cooperation by European companies in fields like electronics, transport systems and robotics.

Sir Geoffrey Howe, the UK Foreign Secretary, has put forward the idea to put "flesh on the bones" of Eureka, according to one UK offi-cial connected with the project. The meeting has been approved by both France and West Germany – up to now two leading sponsors of

Sir Geoffrey has proposed the Seped in the scheme and to try to guide ficial said.

BRITAIN is to host a meeting of it along the market-oriented lines European financial experts early favoured by the British Govern-

Eureka has been put forward partly as a counterweight to the U.S. Strategic Defence Initiative (SDI), which many governments fear could boost the U.S.'s hightechnology expertise and draw away research talent from Europe.

Eureka was given political support from 17 European countries at a ministerial meeting in Paris last the year, and the improvement in month. But details of projects to be | world trade. backed under the scheme are still highly sketchy. Only France has ing oil was 8 per cent higher last firmly committed itself to coming year than in 1983. Imports also rose up with cash support, in the form of FFr 1bn from next year's research

Britain's aim in convening the Britain had initial reservations meeting is to attract industrialists' about the Eureka initiative when it interest in Eureka by showing that was suggested by France in April. private sector cash is available. Sir Geoffrey has proposed the Sep. This would be a counterweight to tember meeting both to underline the "pot of gold" offered to compathat the UK is now firmly interest nies by the SDI programme, one of-

Rail guards set to vote

BY OUR LABOUR STAFF

ing guards at Immingham, Hum- action. berside, returned to work on the day they were due to be dismissed. However, 32 other Immingham further disruption of rail services, crease over two years during five guards threatened with dismissal notably on the Western Region, and hours of negotiations with the com-

BRITISH RAIL yesterday claimed ceived today as 11,000 guards vote a "significant breakthrough" in the National Union of Railwaydriver-only dispute when 15 strik- men's ballot on national industrial

The eve of the ballot also brought o stay on strike. Letters ter- more warnings of BR of what it themselves with the loss of all | minating their employment were says would be the dire conse

sent out by BR and should be requences of a "yes" vote in the ballot.

Fast work by St Regis team in sealing £32m buyout

BY TONY JACKSON

HAROLD HAZELL, chairman of St Regis International, is a relieved

al has taken about four months to finalise. By the end, says Hazell, it was "like being in the hands of the interrogators - vou'll confess to

Mr Hazell and his colleagues began to toy with the idea of a buyout last summer, when St Regis of the U.S. - owner of the UK business was bought by Champion. The \$1.8bn purchase left Champion with balance sheet gearing of 52 per cent, and it was not hard to guess that a programme of disposals

In April of this year, Champion decided in principle that it would get rid of most of its overseas possessions. By May 8, Mr Hazell and his advisers, Manchester Exchange Trust, had negotiated a 90-day option to come up with a net purchase This seems fast work, but the With that band of heavyweights

must be kept to a minimum. The in-U.S. owners Champion Internation- itial target was to keep equity parti-

This, it is plain, was largely at the insistence of the City of London institutions who were putting up the equity. Of course it would have been nice to get 100 per cent," said Mr Ronnie McMaster of Manchester Exchange Trust. "But the institutions took the view that because their shareholding wouldn't be mar-ketable for a while, they wanted some bank participation to gear up the return on their equity."

Of the £24m equity, £12.1m was

put up by a syndicate of six institu-tions - Investors in Industry (3i). the Prudential, the Coal Board Pension Fund, Electra, and the Murray profits of 56.5m on sales of £141m.

Growth and Murray Venture This year, the directors forecast a Growth and Murray Venture

signed his name to a £32m deal under which he and 34 of his colleagues take control of St Regis, the UK's sixth biggest paper company. It is one of the biggest management buyouts seen in Britain.

The purchase of St Paris and the searing in the latest paris in the l buyout team had been working on giving the initial commitment, a

Mr Hazell and his team - fellow cipation at 100 per cent. In the directors Edward Baker, Ray Pittar event, £8m of the £32m total - 25 per cent – was provided by bank and senior line managers – put up finance.

and senior line managers – put up only £300,000, or just over 1 per cent of the equity. When the company comes to the stock market - probably by the end of next year - that figure should rise to round 15 per

"The amount we get," Mr Hazeli says, "is determined by profits in the year in which we're floated. The basic is 15 per cent, on a plus or mi-nus scale depending on the outcome. And if we don't come to the market by May 1987, our stake falls by 10 per cent" - i.e. by 1.5 per cent of the total equity - "and so on in every following year." Last year, St Regis made pre-tax

profits rise of 11 per cent, to £7.2m.

Police status 'harmed in strike'

BY MARGARET VAN HATTEM, POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT

THE GOVERNMENT is blamed for action," it continues. "The Governdamaging the standing of the police ment must therefore accept its during the year-long miners' strike share of responsibility for the which ended in March, and for indi-dreadful acts that occurred. rectly causing much of the violence

A policy paper on crime and poli- lations with the public was unnecing to be presented to the Social cesary, and the Government, along-Democratic Party (SDP) conference side the extremist leaders of the in Torquay next month says the National Union of Mineworkers, failure of the National Coal Board must bear the blame." (NCB) and the British Steel Corporation (BSC) to invoke the civil law use by the police of the National Reon secondary picketing put the po-porting Centre during the strike, lice in an "intolerable" position.

The evidence is clear that the the NCB and BSC not to bring any

The damage to the concept of policing in Britain and to police re-

The paper firmly supports the saying it alone averted a total

poses the introduction of a national

The paper proposes the creation of a crime prevention service, in which all local authorities would be required to set up special units to monitor and advise on all decisions which might affect the level of local crime. These would include design and management of public housing design of public facilities, education and escort and transport services

for potential victims. A new police authority for Lonbreakdown in law and order, which don is recommended. This would Government itself put pressure on might otherwise have led to the introduction of troops. However, it op- in other major cities.

surplus BRITAIN'S SURPLUS on the current account of the balance of payments was £900m last year, about a third more than was previously estimated, according to the latest offi-

earnings

cial estimate published yesterday, Max Wilkinson writes. The Central Statistical Office's "Pink Book" on the balance of payments shows that improvement re-sults from a higher estimate of the surplus earned on invisible trade. The surplus on invisible trade, which includes banking and insurance services, reached 55hn last year, a rise of 25 per cent compared with the figure for 1983 and twice that for 1982. Invisible earnings have been boosted by the build-up of overseas assets in recent years,

on which increasing interest and dividends are now being earned.

The net earnings of the City of London rose to £8.1bm in 1984 compared with £5.3bn in 1983, a rise of 15 per cent. The biggest increase was in the earnings of UK banking institutions. The current account surplus was depressed last year by the need for extra oil imports dur-

ing the miners' strike.

The balance on visible trade swung into a £4.1bn deficit last year compared with a deficit of only £840m in 1983 and a surplus of £2.3bn in 1982.

In recent years there has been a eady deterioration in the balance of non-oil goods, partly because of a steady build-up in imports of manufactured goods. The pink book shows, however, that last year the volume of exports of non-oil goods rose by 8 per cent compared with the average level in the previous two years. This no doubt reflected the weakening of sterling during

The volume of all exports, includ year than in 1983. Imports also rose with "the volume of non-oil imports 10 per cent higher than in 1983 and the total volume of imports nearly per cent higher.

Outflow of investment and other capital last year was £3.3bn compared with £4.9bn in 1983, while portfolio investment overseas rose to £7.6bn compared with £4.5bn in 1983. At the end of 1984, the UK's net external assets rose to £73.5hn, compared with £58.2hn and £12.4hn at the end of 1979. This rise in overseas assets part-

ly reflects the cumulative surplus on the current account since the North Sea oil began to flow. The surplus in the five years to 1984 was

□ UNION LEADERS representing 15,000 manual workers at Vauxhall the General Motors subsidiary. were offered a 9 per cent pay in-crease over two years during five

The company has rejected a seven-point package by the union: which are seeking a substantial rise as well as a reduction of the working week from 39 to 35 hours, the elimation of the lowest grade, increased relief break-time, improved wage security and a clothing allowance for workers employed in dirty

Vauxhall is believed to be looking towards a similar deal achieved by Nissan at its new factory in northeast England where it has achieved a two-year agreement with the engineering union AUEW.

□ LATEST official estimates for the first quarter of this year suggest that overseas visitors spent £833m in the UK, a rise of 32 per cent over the same period of 1984. This was an increase of 22 per cent in real

The rise in the number of visitors was 8 per cent, which indicates a substantial per capita increase in

£842m was up by 22 per cent which, adjusted for inflation and exchange levels, was an increase of 2 per ce

UK drug industry jumped by 30 per cent in the first six months of this year to £432m. Exports were at a record £730m - up 24 per cent -

☐ ATTEMPTS were made to avert a strike threatened from Tuesday by 5,500 bank staff in Northern Ireland over pay and opening hours. The Irish Bank Officals Associa

tion, which called the strike, and the managements of the province's four clearing banks agreed to separate meetings with conciliation officers of the Labour Relations Agency, Northern Irland's arbitration

As the talks went on, there was an unprecedented run on cash from the banks which would be affected by a strike - Bank of Ireland, Allied Irish, Northern and Ulster, Millions of pounds have been withdrawn by have been the building societies.

hibition covering Women in Egypt. hibition covering woman in Egypt.
For its last stop in Germany, the exhibition will carry 177 pieces, an exira 96. Some 20 objects are on loan
from the Egyptian Museum in East
Berlin. It is the biggest assembly of
Pharoan Art. Ends Nov. Pharoan Art. Ends Nov.

Aschen, Soermondit-Ludwig Museum,
Wilhelmstr. 18: 100 drawings, watercolours and plastics from Joseph
Benys, covering the fifties and sixties. Ends Sept 29.

Essen, Villa Huegel, Auf dem Huegel:
Turkish culture and art from the Osman Empire. 500 works ranging
from the 15th-19th centuries. The
show includes glass, caroets, ceram-

show includes glass, carpets, ceramics, miniatures and weapons. Ends

I. The Fiancee Beloved, Sold, Er-changed, Stolen. The exhibition de-scribes the role of women in differ-ent cultures and shows various mar-

riage ceremonies. It also displays 2,000 paintings, photographs and costumes from various countries

through the ages. Ends Oct 10.

Opera costumes from 1959 to the pres-ent including Zeffirelli's Rigoletto, Bosquet's Traviata and Karl Ernst Herreman's Clemency of Titus, Mu-see de Costumes et Dentalle. Until Nouvember.

Florence: Museo Archeologico (Piazza

SS. Annunziata) — The Etruscan. Civilization: This is the first of a

long series of exhibitions to mark The Year of the Etruscans, and shows the results of the most recent

shows the results of the most recent research into the Etruscan world. A useful history of this civilization's birth, development and decline. Ends Oct 20.

Florence: Palaxio Pitti (Sala Bianca): Modern masters from the Thyssen-Bornemisza collection: The pleasure to be had from this remarkable exhibition is that it reflects the taste and prejudices of one individual: one of the few left who can afford Court Menet Canadin Presease

Corot, Manet, Gauguin, Pic

and who is generous enough to send them to be exhibited in France, Eng-land, the U.S., Australia, Japan, and now Italy. This same collection, with

a few exceptions, was seen at the Royal Academy in London last au-tumn. Ends Sept 29.

Bome: Lalazzo Venezia (Piazza Venez-ia 3): Paesaggio Con Nigura – 57 works from the Borghese collection. The Villa Borghese, which houses

one of the best patrician art collec-tions in Rome, is likely to be closed for repairs for at least another year

Exhibitions

Senoir: An important exhibition of the most sensuous of the impressionist painters, who never tired of glarify-ing the nude feminine body captur-ing the light, comes to Paris from the Hayward Gellery, London. It consists of some 125 paintings and 50 drawings, including Le Bel du 50 drawings, including Le Bel du Moulin de la Galette and La Danse à Eougival, Grand Palais, Closed Toe. Ends Sept 2 (2815410) lobert and Sonia Delaunay: for the 100th anniversary of their births, his in Paris and hers in the Ukraine,

his in Parls and hers in the Ukraine, a retrospective of some 300 objects, paintings, drawings and decorative projects brings to life their joint pleturial adventure. Whether exploring abstract painting or disarticulating Effal Tower images, their colours are vibrant, their joie de viere explosive. Musée d'Art Moderne, 11 ave du Président Wilson. Closed Mon, Wed late chosing. Ends Sept 8. Perfume: An enchanting exhibition in praise of perfume assembles 550 objects, mostly phials, bottles and perfume fountains from the 16th to the 19th century. Some were made of 19th century. Some were made of Viennesa porcelain, others of Bohemian cut glass or from gold and enamel in England. There are silver pomanders with petals opening up and Chelsea china statuettes. They and chesses canna stametes, I ney all show exquisite workmanship and some of perfume's power to be-guile. Le Louvre des Antiquaires, 2 Place Palais Royal. Ends Sept 15.

WEST GERMANY

Munich, Staatsgalerie moderner Kunst, Prinzregentenstr. I: German Art since 1960, 200 paintings, prints and drawings by 13 artists from the private collection of the German Prince Franz of Bavaria. Among them: Benys, Richter and Kiefer. Ends Sept 15. Hiddesheim, Römer und Pelizaeus-Mu-ssum An Steine 1-2: Nofret the ex-Staatsgalerie moderner Prinzregentenstr. 1: German

ildesheim, Römer und Pelizaeus-Mu-seum, Am Steine 1–2: Nofret, the ex-

NEW YORK .

Music

New York Philharmonic: The 21st season of free outdoor concerts in pub-lic parks include fireworks for Zu-bin Mehta conducting Beethoven, Bizet, Tchalkovsky and Puccini (Tue in Prospect Park, Wed in Van Cort-landt Park and Wed in Seaside Park, Bridgeport).
Tanglewood: Boston Symphony. Con-

The Salt Lake Mormon Tabernacle Choir: Fumonkan (Mon): Shinjuku Bunka Center (Tue). (4038011). Kiri te Kanawa: Handel, Mozart, R. Strauss, Gounod, Showa Women's College, Hitmin Memorial Hall, (Tue). (2021811, 227 2000). (Tue). (293 1951; 237 9990).

Theatre

tion and place the central tussle be-tween the star and her gigolo (Mi-chael Beck) against a detailed can-ves of small fown Southern venge-fulness by the sea (930 9832). Neises Off (Savoy): The finniest play for years in London, now with an improved third act. Michael Blake-

(and accopy.)
Surlight Express (Apollo Victoria):
Andrew Lloyd Webber's rollerskating folly has 10 minutes of Spielberg

ecord £73vm

while imports rose by only
cent to £298m.

Export growth was particularly
strong to the U.S. and Japan, the
world's two largest drug markets.

Total exports to the U.S. were £87m
in the six months, while the figure
the six months, while the figure
and My Girl (Adelphi): Sleek, efficient and enjoyable revival of Britain's higgest wartine musical hit
with Robert Lindsay in the Lindsay
Lane role emerging as the best new

Lane role emerging as the best new

tord. (8387611).

The Government Inspector (Olivier): Striking but unfunny revival with under-equipped TV comic Rik May-all playing the poseur as a shricking

Santander, Piaza Porticada. New York City Ballet, starring Sean Avery, Merrill Ashley, Lourdes Lopez, Judith Fugate, Melinda Roy, Peter Frame and Kipling Houston, in a homage to Balanchine, choreography by Peter Martins (Wed, Thur). (210508).

NEW YORK

customers. The main beneficiaries | New York City Opera (NY State): The

Debussy, Saint-Saens. Yubin Cho-kin Hall (Wed). (2138591). Roland Dengarel, violin with Mariko Horie, piano; Yuko Mori, violin. Frank, Ravel, Prokofiev. Komaba ninerse. (Thur). (265 6361). LONDON London Simionietta conducted by Si-mon Battle with Ronald Brantigam, piano. Gershwin, Copland, Ives and Bernstein. Royal Albert Hall (Mon).

ms, guitar: Bach, Ponce,

Villa Lobos and others. Queen Elizabeth Hall (Mon). (9283191).

BBC Symphony Orchestra and Singers conducted by David Atherton.

Stravinsky, Gerhard, and Bartok. Royal Albert Hall (Tue).

Royal Philharmonic Orchestra conducted by Uri Segal with Vladimir Ashkenazy, piano. Rossini, Beethoven and Rachmaninov. Barbican Hall

Royal Liverpool Philliamonic Orchestra conducted by Marek Ja-nowski with the Michael Thompson Horn Quartet. Wagner, Schumann, and Janacek. Royal Albert Hall

nose-picker. Richard Eyre's produc-tion for the NT lacks either comic tension or true delirium but, with

John Gunter's imposing design of bureaucratic burnl, the show has a

the circus impresario, adding one or two new tricks in a likeable meringue of a musical. (8341317, credit

ingue of a musical. (834 1317, credit cards 828 4735).

Jumpers (Aldwych): Confident almost sober revival of Tom Sloppard's gift-tering comedy of love, murder and linguistic maybem among the logical positivists, with Paul Eddington a more earthbound George Moore II. than was Michael Hordern, Felicity Kendal designiful as his retired musical comedy wife. Peter Wood directs. (836 6404, credit cards 379 6233).

Bichard III (Barbican): Last year's Stratford-upon-Avon production

who penetrates the Establishme while a nation dithers. (928 2252).

rial railway carriage. (236 5568). The Mysteries (Lyceum): The theatre

of Henry Irving and Joe Loss re-stored for theatrical performance after 40 years. Bill Bryden's NT pro-duction in three parts is not to be missed, one of the great events of recent years. All three shows played

as Politione. Other performances in-clude Manon, conducted by José Serebrier, in Tito Capobianco's pro-

CHICAGO

Turandot and Carmen, Lincoln Cen-

Ravinia Festival (Murray Theatre): The Hubbard Street Dance Company, a local favourite, perform a week varied recertoire as part of a special

and some of the gems from the col-lection have been transferred to this site for the summer. Includes works Caravaggio and Dosso Dossi. Ends Sept 30. **METHERLANDS**

Amsterdam Rijksmuseum Printroom Continuing its centennial celebra-tions, the museum has put together a revealing exhibition of 60 of its fin-est Rembrandt drawings supple-mented by a further 60 by amony-mous Rembrandt pupils and follow-ers to illustrate the extent of the master's influence. Ends Sent 20. Amsterdam, Film Museum (Vondel Park 3). French cinema month. This week films by De Broca, Chenal (Clochemerie), Esway, Carné and Clair. (Mon to Thur, all matinée).

SPAN

Sentender, Santillana del Mar. The splendour of pre-Colombian culture. Gold exhibits from the Quimbaya Treasure. Fundacion Santillana, Torre de don Borja. Ends Aug 30. SWITZERLAND

Martigny: Fondation Pierre Gianadda: 250 Klee paintings in the striking modern gallery built over the Ro-man ruins of the city of Octodurus. Ends Nov 3. (026/23978).

Vicuma 1878-1936: Dream and Reality. The greatest names of the Viennese fin-de-siècle – Klimt, Otto Wagoer, Schiele, Kokoshka, Aldolf Loos, Jo-Schiele, Koknshiri, Aldolf 100s, Jo-sef Hoffman – in a describe display of Jugendstil creative genius. The attempt to integrate the artistic achievements of this era with phil-osophical developments (notably Wittgenstein but also Freud) and po-Wittgenstein but also Freud and po-litical transformations, (the emer-gence of municipal socialism on the ruins of Baroque splendour) is ambi-tious and only partly successful. The complex tension between autocratic and comored reality on the one hand and the Illusions or fantasies of individual artists on the other is hinted at but not fully explored. A high point of the show is a recon-struction of Hoffman's room at the secession exhibition of 1902. Here, triumphantly restored, is Klimt's fifty-foot Beethoven frieze depicting humanity's progress through suffer-ing to joy on the theme of the Ninth

Andrei Gavrilev, piano: Programme includes Bach and Scriabin. Queen Elizabeth Hall (Thur).

BBC Symphony Orchestra conducted by Sir Charles Groves with Jessye Norman, soprano. Wagner, Faure, Chausson and Brahms. Royal Albert Hall (Thur).

NETHERLANDS

Amsterdam, Nieuwe Kerk (Dam

Guilmant (Thur).
Schevesingen, Circus Theatre. The
Bank Muzilest 1985. Kenneth Montgomery conducting the Radio Chamber Orchestra, with vocalists Elly
Ameling, Hilda Harris, Hans Peter

Blochwitz, Rund van der Meer, and

Han de Vries oboe. Mass in G

(558800).

ro-Festival of Religious Music. Prattica Musica (Mon), Gesualdo Con-sort (Tue), Camerata Amsterdam (Wed), The Amsterdam Baroque Or-chestra conducted by Ton Koopman

(Thur). Lunchtime concerts by Ca-

ting.
Paul Claudel's: "In drama

something happens, in Noh someone arrives, says it all. The

"someone" is usually a wander ing soul, often in several mani-

taken up with waiting and pre-paring for his or her arrival. Noh

mixes time and space - the visitation may even be in dream.

A typical performance has several plays and dances. Light

(3793055).

Guys and Dolls (Prince of Wales): The
1982 National Theatre production
has arrived in the West End, if any-

thing improved by the new casting of Luin as Miss Adelaide and the notably well sung black Sky Masterson of Clarke Peters. Richard Eyre's production and John Gunter's affectionately lavish designs complement

this most joyful and literate of musicals, a fitting tribute to the re-cently deceased co-libratist. Abe Burrows (930 8881).

MEW YORK

Cats (Winter Garden): Still a sellout,

tations. Much of the play is

Square). Organ recital by Bernard Winsemius. De Grigny, Franck,

Symphony. Displayed exactly as intended, this alone is worth a special visit. Runstlerhaus. Eacls October 6.

Sti

Metropolitan Museum: 30 objects from the period between the 1851 Crystal Palace Exhibition to the 1900 World Fair in Paris demonstrate the show's theme of Revivals and Explorations in European der-

crative arts. Ends Sept 5. Asia Society: Japanese art of the su-pernatural, featuring ghosts and de-mons that turn themselves into humons man unrecessives into her morous creatures to harass guilty and innocent, are illustrated in prints acreens, small sculptures, paintings and netsukes from the 17th to 19th centuries. Ends Sept 1.

National Gallery (West Bldg): 38 old master paintings from the Dulwich Picture Gallerty are exhibited under the title Collection for a King, in-cluding works by Rembrandt, Van Dyck, Canaletto and Gainsborough. Ends Sept 2.

Art Institute: Though Edouard Manet made etchings primarily to repro-duce and publicize his paintings, he developed a unique style as shown in the 27 exchings in this special ex-hibit of more than a third of his total output of 75 etchings. Ends Sept 2.

Masterpieces from Identition Art Gal-lesy: From one of Tokyo's finest pri-vate museums belonging to Sazo Identity, the best from an outstand-Idemitsu, the best from an outstanding collection of Oriental ceramics, crafts and paintings. Idemitsu Art Museum, 9th floor of Kokusai Eld, Hibiya. With magnificient views overlooking Tokyo's tranquil central (moat and green around Imperial Palace) plus Japanese tea-room. Ends Sept 1, closed Mondays.

ontemporary Western Art: Small standing collection of Hara private museum (Shinagawa) includes works by Dubuffet, Jasper Johns, Lichtenstein, Jackson Pollock, Va-sarely, Warhol. The museum is a modern house, with a large shady garden and facilities for tee on the lawn. It is an ideal antidote to To-

62.

41

agradia, in the

and the second

Patre Se la

The Box Street

Rational

Angele en en

Section 1 1 and

State of

御事としている。 Section 1

tala m

কুকুৰ _{বিশ}্

Pro Angle Sec. -- 1.

and the

tion of Rubens in Japen. 80 master-pieces of oils and prints, plus works of collaboration with his pupils. Ta-kashimaya, Department Store, Ni-honbashi. Ends Sept 17. Closed Wed.

Quartet (Tue), Limburg Vocal En-semble (Wed), the Aachen Junge Chor (Thur). (29 22 22).

lantander, Piaza Porticada, Paris Or-chestra conducted by Daniel Baren-boin: Beetboven and Ravel (Mon); Debussy, Boulez, Stravinsky (Tue). (210506).

La Grande Ecurie et la Chambre du Roy conducted by Jasp Schroeder, Alain Zaepffel, counter-tenor, Zan-nick la Gaillard, harpsichord: Bach, Händel, J.C. Bach (Mon. 8.30pm).

chord Contest finals with La Grande Ecurie et la Chambre du Roy (Thur 8.30pm). Radio France, Grand Audi-

Concert of the International Harpsi-

(3548496, 5824080, 11am-7pm, Sun-

Sweet Bird of Youth (Haymarket):
Lauren Bacall elegantly decadent as
Tennessee Williams's doomed movie
queen. Harold Pinter's direction and
Elleen Diss's evocative designs contradict the play's lopsided reputation and place the central tussle be-

more's brilliant direction of backstage shenanigans on tour with a third-rate farce is a key factor.

ing folly has 10 minutes of Spielberg movie magic, an exciting first half and a dwindling reliance on indiscriminate rushing around. Dis-neyland, Star Wars and Cats are all influences. Pastiche score nods to-wards rock, country and hot gospel. No child is known to have asked for his money back (824 5184).

levels, was an increase of 2 per cent in real terms. This was about the same rise as that in the numbers going overseas.

ITHE TRADE SURPLUS of the UK drug industry jumped by 30 per cent in the first six months of this care in the first six months of this six months of this levels, Gasal to be Unhappy and the Balanchine ballet for Slanghter on Tenth Avenue. (437 6334).

let for Slanghter on Tenth Avenne.
(437 6834).

42nd Street (Drury Lane): No British
equivalent has been found for New
York's Jerry Orbach, but David Merrick's tap-dancing extravaganza has
been rapturously received. American Clare Leach is a real find as
Peggy Sawyer, and Margaret.
Courtenay has a field day (838 8108).
Me and We Gid (Addinate). Clark off.

production of Norma, conducted by Richard Bonynge with Olivia Stapp in the title role and Robert Grayson Opera and Ballet duction last seen in 1980, as well as

buresuccratic burnt, the show has a suct of mountential starkness as well as nightmarish tedium. New translation by Adrian Mitchell. (9282252).

Sermum (Victoria Palace): Michael Crawford returns to Loudon with his breathtaking performance as

Schard III (Barbican): Last year's Stratford-upon-Avon production with Antony Sher demonically exciting as Richard in the RSC revival by Bill Alexander. Plays in repertory with Roger Rees as Hampet and Kenneth Branagh as Henry V. All worth seeing. (6288795, credit cards 838881).

t38 8891).

Pravda (Olivier): Entertaining epic new play by David Hare and Howard Brenton for the National Theatre in which an unscrupulous South African magnate acquires Britain's most prestigious newspaper. A Jon-sonian satire on the grand scale with an irresistible performance by Anthony Hopkins as the colonial

reaking the Silence (Mermaid): An-other RSC transfer, of Stephen Poli-akoff's account of his family's emiarctics account or his tarmity's em-gratics from post-Revolutionary Russia, Alan Howard succeeding Daniel Massey alongside Jenny Agutter, Ingeniously set in an Impe-

Trevor Num's production of T. S. Eliot's children's poetry set to trendy music is visually startling and choreographically feline, but classic only in the sense of a rather staid and overhiown idea of theatricality. (230 6262). 42nd Street (Majestic): An immodest celebration of the beyday of Broad-

> Festival of American Dance, Highland Park (7284642).

Shakti enjoys a high reputation in Asia. Yubtu Choldn Hall (near Tokyo Prince Hotel). (Thur).

way in the '30s incorporates genus from the original film like Shuffle Off To Buffalo with the appropri-ately brash and leggy hoofing by a large chorus line. (977 9020).

Shakti (Classical Indian dancer): The Raven, a piace combining classical Indian dance and creative dance.

(4000509).

Ballet Selon 1965: Ballet pieces by
Asami Maki Ballet. Tokyo's largest
ballet school. Chuo Kaikan. Near Ginza and major hotels. (Tue).

Saint Severin Church. Due Picavet, Two pianos: One hour of variations (Tue 6.30pm). Sorbonne, Amphitheatre Richelieu.

All these concerts are part of the 20th Festival Estival de Paris

NOH THEATRE IN TOKYO Japan's oldest theatre form is of relief is provided by more down-Buddhist origin. Actors wear to earth, faster comic interludes masks and elaborate costumes. It (kyogen). Noh's slow pace — an is accompanied by music and antidote for the trenzy of Tokyo is accompanied by music and dance. Noh is ritual, somewhat can be trying. Know your capaci-static theatre and resembles ty. Take your cue from the Japa-

nese: doze or leave at will. There are five major Noh theatres in Tokyo. The new National Theatre provides English programmes. Performances, usually at weekends, are announced in the English press. In Angust and September, temples often have outdoor evening performances. O'Neill's mini "Guide to Noh" is a good investment. Noh is very powerful - when you know some-thing about it.

Marie Myerscough

on Saturdays for this limited run. (379 3055).

Buys and Dolls (Prince of Wales): The 1932 National Theatre production has arrived in the West End. if anything improved by the new casting of Lulu as Miss Adelaide and the career of a 1960s female population of Lulu as Miss Adelaide and the quality of their music. (239 6200). Brighton Beach Memoirs (48th St): The first instalment of Neil Simon's mix of memories and jokes focuses on a Depression era Jewish house-

hold where young Eugene falls awk-wardly in love with his cousin. (2211211). A Chorus Line (Shubert): The longest-Chorus Line (Shubert): The longest-running musical ever in America has not only supported Joseph Papp's Public Theater for eight years but also updated the musical genre with its backstage story in which the some are need as andiwhich the songs are used as andi-tions rather than emotions. (238 6200).

Sunday in the Park with George (Booth): Inspired by the Seurat painting, Stephen Sondheim fash-ions a musical with dots and dashes of song that end too soon but work well with Tony Straiges's pretty set and James Lapine's book which changes gears in the second act. (2386262).

La Cage aux Folies (Palace): With some inneful Jerry Herman songs, Harvey Fierstein's adaptation of the French film manages, barely, to capture the feel of the sweet and hilarious original between high-kicking and gaudy chorus numbers. (757 2626).

WASHINGTON

Count of Monte Cristo (Eisenhower):
The second production of Peter Scilars' new American National Theatre company is the James O'Neill version of this swashbuckler.

Cinema/Nigel Andrews

Stings in a haybed of slumber

Edinburgh Film Festival
Perfect directed by James Bridges
Sexulasion directed by Juliusz

The Edinburgh Film Festival is a lonely island of movie-mania lashed on all sides by plays, pageants, tattoos, concerts, operas and the rest of the Scotlish gallimaufry. Edinburgh in August is a hard act for a shoesting-funded film festival to annear in the midst of. And strug-runded nim testivel to appear in the midst of. And though director Jim Hickey assembled a worthy programme this year, there are increasing inis year, there are increasing signs of strain, not just financial but imaginative. Special events and tributes are less enterprising than they could be and should be, and there is too much mediocre festival filler (films like Wundkanal, Farewell To The Ark and Chris Marker's feehle Kurosawa decumentary feeble Kurosawa documentary A.K.) in the cracks between the good films.

where expectations are modest, though, is that the pleasant surprises hit you with a smarter smack. There were even a few in the Far East event, much of which was devoted to cures for insomnia. Who could sit light-lidded through Shunichi Nagasakai's Betrayed By Momoe Yamagushi from Japan, a set of improvisations on old Holly-wood movies shot in Super-8 of wood movies snot in Super-8 of near-impenetrable gloom? Or through the much-touted Yellow Earth from China; a "break-through" film (says the pro-gramme brochure) from the People's Republic that seemed to me to feature much the same naive flag-waving and Maoist miaowing, leavened by a couple of imposing landscapes, as we've been used to in pre-break-through movies.

But just when you were sub-siding into a haybed of slumber, you were stung by two needles. Edward Yang's superb Toipei Story from Taiwan is an urban tragedy of love and anomie shot as if by Antonioni in the trompe l'oeil world of city traffic, sky-scraper glass and office labyrinths. The metropolis is today's Minoan maze, suggests the film, and its Minotaur is man himself, devouring faith and love.

And Japan's Blind Alley, director by Go Riju, is a "documentary" that flapjacks five minutes from the end and reveals itself to be a fiction film.

A young distumentary maker A young documentary-maker (Riju himself), seeking a ran-dom subject, intinuates himself into the life of a young truck driver (Kosi Sano): with results alternatively hair-raising and funny as the irresistible cinesleuth meets the immovable

Canada f

hits bid b

fanal lie

with US >



Jamie Lee Curtis in "Perfect"

film seems an unadorned and prickly slice of cine-verité until it turns round and proves that even the most convincing "fact" can prove the purest fiction. Ian Pott's Stranger Than Fiction, from the British Film Institute Production Board, also explores the no-man's-land beset up by private initiative to conduct opinion surveys in connect opinion surveys in Britain on everything from sex to the state of the nation to World War 2. Scribbling notes, eavesdropping on conversations, they compiled vast dossiers on the British soul, most of them published. Ere long, however, the government started to request or requisition MO's expersise and there — surgests the

tise and there — suggests the film — the rot set in and impartial inquiry became a tool for political propaganda. The movie darts about its subject within and vividly and is the best BFI film in years. Beautiful Lauderette, ten by Hanif Kureishi and

alive and well in this marvel-lous allegoric yarn about two youths—a Pakistani (Gordon Warnecke) and a white Punk (Daniel Day Lewis)—who form an unlikely alliance to buy and vamp up a London launderette. This bizarre merger is also sexual and becomes a rallying tween the real and the supposi-tional in a documentary about to the surrounding character the work done by Mass Obser-vation in the 1930s and 40s. hugging their traditions and MO was a team of investigators business empires, the zero-IQ business empires, the zero-IQ skinheads bashing any non-white bonce that moves. Funny and humane, real and surreal, this is a British winner.

Memorabilia at Edinburgh
also included Derek Jarman's

The Dream Muchine (blazing, beautiful and inchoate), Ken Russell's kinky and crackling Crimes of Passion (opening next month), Susan Seidelman's high-speed shaggy dog story
Desperately Seeking Susun
(ditto) and Wayne Wang's
sweet and sour Chinatown
councy Dim Sun: In-addition Edinburgh had three special guests descending from the Mount Olympus of showbiz to harangue us mortals: Ed Asner

Driver, Mishima) and Mr Russell himself, a terrible in-fant now turned mellowish

The Edinburgh Film Festival is a terrible infant now turned mellowish and 38. A little less mellowin and a little more daring mpredictability in its program-ming, and Edinburgh could still be the best value for shoestring funding on the whole festival

Back in London we have Per-fect, probably the silliest film of the summer. John Travolta, those liquid Latin eyes set in the face of a heart-throb Jerry the face of a heart-throb Jerry Lewis, prowls through the health clubs of LA, an intrepid reporter for Rolling Stone. (He's based on the real RS writer, who wrote the screenplay, Aaron Latham). En route he meets sexy aerobics instructor Jamie Lee Curtis, who teaches Californians how to perform pelvic thrusts in front of the drooling eye of the camera.

Travolta soon discovers that his intended piece on the health craze as representing a return to the self-reliance ideals and physical-spiritual Utopianism of Emersonian America (zzz . . .) is gradually turning into an expose of health clubs as the

new "singles bars"; places for easy pick-ups amid aphrodisiac easy pick-ups amid aphrodisiae athleticism. This sounds much more interesting but is quashed by Miss Curtis, who when not teaching aerobics could take classes in priggishness. However, her quashing is then quashed by Travolta's editor Matthew Reed) who knows a hot cover story when he finds one and goes for the sex angle.

I would like to see this film with Jerry Lewis. Ir could call with Jerry Lewis. It could call

itself The Nutty Newshound or The Wacky Work-Out and throw its dreary ethical posturings out of the window. As a story of journalism, it has as much freshness and insight as an off-form Lou Grant episode, and Travolta pures through it all with a sleek and generalised charm as if having no particular idea what film he is in.

Thank goodness there is Miss Curtis with her pelvic thrusts, her priggishness (it grows on you) and her peekaboo hair. And there is Gordon Willis's photography, which cooly peels off one ace composition after another — all coolly abstract verticals and gorgeously shaded pastels — while the story totters into oblivion.

Better to volunteer for Sex mission. We are in a Sci-Fi allegory in 21st century Poland, where the last two men on Earth (something has gone wrong with male genes after a holocaust) combat a world of sexy feminists clad in trans-parent plastic. Juliusz Machulbully the truth from him when directed by Stephen Freats, is (President of the American ski directs with mischievous it won't come out uncoaxed. one of the best Channel 4 films Screen Actors Guild), writers gusto and fable-fanciers of all Shot in wobbliest video, the in years. The British soul is director Paul Schrader (Taxi ages must go.

The Minister for the Arts, Lord Gowrie, has refused export licences on five works of art. A painting by Caravegglo "Boy bitten by a lizard," valued at between £500,000 and £2m, is subject to a six-month delay while a British institution attempts to raise the matching

four months.

The other objects—a gilt tankard by John Bridges, a German cross-bow of 1742 by

Photography exhibition/Rome

William Weaver



Interior of a barber's shop by amateur photographer Alfredo De Giorgio

Until a few years ago "Roman summer" was a synonym for mactivity. Except for the notorious Aidas at the Baths notorious Aidas at the Baths of Caracalla and a few lacklustre concerts, cultural life in the capital came to a standstill. But, in the course of the past few seasons, all that has changed; now you can hardly will down a Barner street with walk down a Roman street with-out being invited to attend a performance of Japanese dance, or to cheer a rock concert, or play in a bridge tournament (one of these occupied Piazza Navona just the other night). And in the Press of all these highly-publicked events, some apparently minor, low-key, but worthy and fascinating enter-

prises may pass unnoticed.

Primoli brothers at the head - who documented Roman life during a particularly vivid time. By the turn of the century, when De Giorgio settled in the capital, much of the new Rome was built: the Stazione Termini, Piazza Esedra, Piazza Vittorio (all portrayed in the photo-graphs chosen, from the 6,000 surviving plates, for this intelli-gent show). The Victor Emanuel Monument was not

the Winter Palace-Swiss Cot.

occasions: the great Exposition of 1911, the preparations of the new zoo. But his real interest was in daily life, and some of was in daily life, and some of his best pictures are of interiors: cafés, a pharmacy, a barber's shop. As a musician (he was a leading voice teacher), De Giorgio naturally followed operate life; his photographs of Modern and Conte include portraits of artists like the great tenor De Lucia (his brother-in-law) and Mascagni (photographed in his cluttered Palazzo Antici Mattel,

Like the delightful exhibit devoted to the amateur photowas in time to photograph it tures of concerts and opera grapher Alfredo De Giorgio, active in Rome in the first decades of this century. A musician by profession, De Giorgio was on hand to Giorgio belonged to that distinguished line of amateurs — the Primed is the decades of the solemn inauguration. He recorded other grand able name for a ballet decimal productions, among them the second decimal productions are second decimal productions. designer).

For the present, Alfredo De Giorgio's surviving plates, his archive, are in private hands. It is to be hoped that they will be acquired by the government, then properly catalogued and housed, perhaps in the Library of Modern and Contemporary exhibition in a room of their handsome headquarters, the

Simon at Midnight/Young Vic

Michael Coveney

"I was born, I aspired, I went (others include definitions of "I was born, I aspired, I went bankrupt," says the reminiscent the telephone as "diaspora umbero of Bernard Kops's new play, inventing a family motto. Simon is an East End Jewish garment manufacturer who has been destroyed, he claims, by Mrs Thatcher and who is left with a few mannequins, hallucinations, cobwebs and memories as he drinks his way through the small hours.

As the latest contribution to the dead at the family's behest ("For this we stormed")

British Jewish community, the play promises much and indeed rattles a few bones to good effect. What it signally lacks, in John Sichel's produc-tion for a new company emanating from the admirable Spiro Institute for the Study of Jewish Ansuruse for the Study of Jewish History and Culture, is any theatrical dynamic, resonant characterisation or acting better than passable.

Simon's parents materialise from beyond the grave and then start dying all over again: old Harry (Richard Klee) sits at the piano summoning the ghosts the piano summoning the gnosts of Roy Fox and Geraldo, the the music of Cole Porter and Arthur Schwartz ("Dancing in the Dark," the theme song, is almost a better title for the play) while his wife Sarah (Mary Mitchell) transports held the Partie of Cable

Klee and Music/Oslo Juliet Cashford An unusual exhibition on

Klee and Music is being held until September 15 at the Henie-Onstad Art Centre at Hvikodden, just outside Oslo— a beautifully located museum been destroyed, he claims, by intention but short on incident and excitement. Harry rises with a few mannequins, hallucinations, cobwebs and memories own funeral; Sarah is killed off by moving from the East End to West Hampstead at the family's seeing his memorial exhibition to the ongoing identity crisis of the winter Palace—Swiss Cotton of the Control of the Con

Paul Klee (1879-1940) began he was writing that "poly-his professional life as a phonic painting is superior to musician. For him, music was music in that, here, the time the only aesthetic form which element becomes a spatial tage!") and jumps out of her coffin to execute a Charleston. Simon, whom Gordon Sterne plays as an indecisive, beattempted to organise the data fuddled victim of commerce and history without ever rising to of the universe and so was the logical intermediary between the creative mind and the phenomenal world it tried to comprehend. For Klee, Mozari stood as the supreme artist, and juxtaposed in contrast to each the dreamed of an equality monute. the sort of heroic stature Kops might have been after, is saved, the play appears to suggest, by the love of a good daughter. On the other hand, his son turns up as the camel hair-coated liquidawhich could realise the kind of synthesis achieved by Mozart.

as the camel hair-coated liquida-tor. This latter disguise is con-fusing, especially after the reasonably effective one in the first act of Simon's brother as Oswald Mosley in a black shirt, linking Cable Street fascism to patronising parlour compli-ments on the children's Hebraic features features.

Ben, Simon's brother, is the Brighton good-time boy saddled with one of the worst entry lines in recent stage history. ("Noththe decade between 1915 and 1925 when he came to see how "absolute painting"—painting of pure colour composition—might attain something of the condition of music.

allusion is not one of simple comparison or reference. Klee shared Goethe's belief that "colour and sound do not admit of being directly compared... but both are referable to a universal formula, both are derivable, although each for itself, from this higher law." Hence the analogy with music can also direct attention to the paintings—for example, The Twittering Machine, Ad Parnassum, New Harmony and Other Sound—in which we can experience the colour as highly abstract yet filled with move—

outside, and moves gradually towards an inner world where everything is felt as associa-tions with sound, harmony, rhythms, tones. The first stage, "Literary-Ulustrative," consists mostly of drawings of musicians, musical instruments singers and opera characters. The second stage, "Score Pictures," shows paintings which have a certain "likeness" with musical potation, mostly from Klee's Bauhaus period in the middle of the

musical structures can be visualised. We can discern, for instance, the difference between linear and plane polyphony.

Polyphony, in musical lan-guage, is the denomination for element becomes a spatial element. The notion of simul-

he dreamed of an equally monu-mental visual art of the future other, or displaced in relation to each other, or else the which could realise the kind of which could realise the kind of rhythm is created in the lines. synthesis achieved by Mozart.

He first proposed the idea of architectural and classical, "musical painting" as a way of defining how painting could be that it was classical music and less like sculpture and more like music by reinterpreting and classical principles of compositive music by reinterpreting and expanding the role of colour. It was his intention, as he This idea came alive for him in pointed out on several occa-It was his intention, as he pointed out on several occasions, "to bring visual art to the stage that music had reached at the end of the 18th

century."
The fifth and last stage is ondition of music. "Sound" and here we address
For those who find a comthe question of whether we can position of pure colour somewhat daunting a musical richty by engaging in a kind of
analogy can be helpful. It "listening." The term "harinvites us to suspend the search mony " has lost in colloquial lovites us to suspend the search mony "has lost in colloquial for a narrative point from which to begin to engage with the had for Plato as an image of painting and alows instead a more receptive absorption of can we nonetheless talk of the patterns and movement of the whork as a whole.

However, such a musical the catalogue says: "It is a allusion is not one of simple domain one enters with a catalogue says: "It is a

experience the colour as highly colours or their volume, their abstract yet filled with movement.

The exhibition is structured suggests, "the sound may be in five stages, rather like a journey into the interior. It starts with the direct world of paintings are distinctly in a major mood, others in minor, and situations are seen from the suggest very distinctly a difference of the ribbon paintings outside, and moves gradually suggest very distinctly a difference of the ribbon paintings. suggest very distinctly a differ-entiation of "tone values" by a division by halves of the ribbons. In this way a move-ment-or-rhythm-pattern is intro-

Music by Mozart and some electronic pieces from contemporary composers accompany the exhibition,

Julia Margaret

Cameron Photographs The exhibition of photographs by Julia Margaret period in the middle of the line exhibition of photo1920s. In the third stage — graphs by Julia Margaret
"Polyphony" — the outer Cameron, reviewed on this page
world has been left behind; yesterday, is on show at the
nothing of reality can be recogvictoria and Albert Museum
nised but the characteristic until October 6.

Harrell and Firkusny/Elizabeth Hall

It is rare (or as Peter Pitt, with a golden glow of geniality. ently placed—even if the very chairman of the GLC's Arts and That is not a criticism, merely lack of shadow in the sound, of Recreation Committee—charac-teristically hedging his bets— would say, "nearly unique") to find an artistic director providing his own festival's foyer music — but there was John Williams, before Lunn Harman artistic director providing his generous embrace is hardly ever a weakness. Williams, before Lynn Harrell's cello recital on Wednesday night, quietly playing his guitar among the wine glasses and coffee cups. Harrell is one of the most

reliably genial musicians of our time. Everything he plays, even the darkest and most impassioned music, is suffused

an observation: for in that genial character lie his greatest interpretations, meant that some strengths and the predictability of the performances did not

His accounts of Stravinsky's Suite Italienne (from Pulcinella), Chopin's much-neglected cello sonata, Beethoven's Department of the Pampeana were all bright with energy, unfailingly robust and beautiful of tone, radiant with technical ease. There was barely a note one would wish to have heard differently voiced, differently in his careful pacing, eloquent in his division of forces, everywhere in his intentions firm and sure.

strike quite as deep as they might. The slow movement of the Beethoven sonata was ex-quisite, rapt, unfolded with mar-

price. A glass goblet by Beilby, priced at £62,462, is stopped for

Haenisch and a painting of the son back to the Battle of Cable Vision of the Blessed Clare of Street and Stepney childhood: Vision of the Blessed Clare of Street and Stepney childhood: ing beats a good crap.") He is, Rimini by the Master of the Blessed Clare (late 13th century)—are held back for three months.

Street and Stepney childhood: ing beats a good crap.") He is, "Home is where the heartache is;" "Home is where we hang our hate." has come to terms with his three months.

Such typical Kopsian lines present by cutting out the past.

Exports stop

NOTICE OF THIRD PARTIAL REDEMPTION THE KINGDOM OF DENMARK Issue of US\$ 250,000,000 12%% Notes due February 27, 1992 with 250,000 Warrants to subscribe 121/% Notes due February 27,1992 Pursuant to paragraph "Redemption and Purchase" of the Terms and Conditions of the Notes, notice is horeby given that as a result of exercise of Warrants, Notes for an additional aggregate principal amount of US\$ 6,000,000 will be redeemable on September 24, 1985 at 101 per cent of their principal amount, together with accrued interest (i.e. US\$ 386.56 per denomination of US\$ 5,000) from February 27, The Notes bearing the following serial numbers have been drawn by lot in the presence of a Notary Public and may be presented to Krédletbank S.A. Luxembourgeoise. 43, Boulevard Royal, Luxembourg or to the other Paying Agents named on the Notes:

FINANCIALTIMES

BRACKEN HOUSE, CANNON STREET, LONDON EC4P 48Y Telegrams: Finantimo, London PS4, Telex: 8954871 Telephone: 01-248 8000

Friday August 23 1985

Get-together in home loans

TWO proposed giant building-society margers, the Leicester has tended to divert savers with the Alliance and the attention away from the actual Nationwide with the Woolwich, are now waiting their share-holders' verdict; and in any other industry this rush to conglomeration would provoke people from less happy places from moving to the available to the Monopolies Commission. Jobs. It is a gross distortion for On this occasion, however, there which the societies themselves is a satisfied silence from on are in no way to blame, since high, and shareholders will be left to puzzle out what difference it can possibly make to them if their fixed cash claims are now shared with more admit that their own activities people over a wider spread of have any influence on the loans. Statistically, it is likely to mean a charter well to the loans. Statistically, it is likely to mean a shorter walk to the nearest branch, with the hope in the future of quicker installation of such modern aids to spending as cash dispensers and computerised central accounting.

The new legislation governing building societies will give some freedom to diversify notably into consumer lending and into a larger-scale participation in the finance of actual construction, which will tend to reduce the distorting effects of their lending activities. At the same time their growing money-

nothing to lose from this pro-cess, and provisionally we would conclude that much the same goes for the national economy; but like the shareholders, we will have to wait for the benefits. The movement as a whole has been in danger, like the dinosaur, of outgrowing its place in the financial ecosystem and hogging too much of the green stuff. Human institutions, however, unlike giant reptiles, can be improved by brain trans-plants; and since that could be the result of the current mergers, they deserve a wel-come. We will see how quickly these giants can learn to diversify their diet.

The vast growth of the building societies, which are now collectively substantially bigger they have concentrated very effectively on attracting deposi-

that is perhaps why they have always been so reluctant to

Nothing to lose time their growing money-shareholders, then, seem to transfer services demand greate, have something to gain and liquidity, for which they are nothing to lose from this pro-tapping the wholese markets. Both these developments will be easier for a giant society to encompass than a medium-sized one, and there will also be economies available—but probably not eagerly exploited in pruning the lush growth of branches which is the outward sign of the movement's huge size. These modest benefits are certainly worth going for.

Amiable confusion

The big prize however, will be harder to win: for the expertise the societies can deploy is at present limited by their background experience. Real diversification will mean established managers who have than the clearing banks in the lived by a simple rule of the retail market, has been due to bigger the balance sheet, the their ability to flourish in a bigger the desk. Indeed, we are protected game reserve rather not clear that the mutual than to any power to compete in a jungle, Given until recently privileged access to an almost insatiable market for credit, the right environment for rapid evolution

effectively on attracting depositors—or rather, in this mutual world, shareholders.

It is high time, for the good of the economy, that this vast financial bulk should be exercised in a wider market. The



over the past 10 days has been Sumis under which higher the most intense since February public offices and representa-1984 when the Shi'ite and Druze militias wrested control of predominantly-Moslem West Beirut from the Christian-dominated from the Christian-dominated the army command, the head of army. That effectively ended any pretence on the part of President Amin Gemayel of actually presiding over the wartorn, fragmented country as a head of state with any authority transcending confessional differences.

The army command, the head of the judiciary and the governorship of the central bank assigned to the Maronite sect.

The front's nine-point charter called for the abolition of this confessional share out transcending confessional differences.

reflecting a balance of power completely different from the one which existed at Lebanon's move to independence in 1943 and which formed the basis for the country's existing if totally defunct, political order. Syria's strategy is the key to this question and to the seem-

this question and to the seemingly haphazard violence in Beirut. All the Lebanese parties including, if grudgingly, the Phalange Party, the predominant Maronite political group, and the Christian Lebanese Forces militia now recognise Damascus as the final arbiter of the country's destroy. recognise Damascus as the final arbiter of the country's destiny. Given Syria's clear determination to ensure a Lebanon subservient to its wishes, and its military presence over the greater part of the country's territory, it seems most probable that Damascus is orchestrating this latest bloody act in the tragedy.

Political system

Just over a fortnight ago the "National Unity Front," sympathetic to Syria's aims and clearly bearing President Hafez at Assad's stamp of approval, was formally established at a meeting held in Chtoura. The gathering, held under Syrian protection, suggested that the Damascus regime was no longer satisfied with a policy of divide-and-rule aimed at weakening the Lebanon and exhausting the combatants and might at last be moving decisively to impose

The new front is essentially a Moslem alliance dominated by the mainstream Shi'ite Amal movement and the Druze Progressive Socialist Party with a game in imposing its will on handful of small left-wing or Lebanon, leaving its Lebanese Markist parties under its wing.

public offices and representa-tion in the legislature were apportioned according to a sixto-five ratio with the presidency, the army command, the head of

ferences.

The question now is whether this latest outburst of violence will finally usher in a new order

based on universal suffrage and qualification. The manifesto emphasised Lebanon's distinctive relationship with "distinctive relationship with Syria" and the Arab nature of Lebanon. It also called for a restructured army to be given a "combat creed against the Zionist enemy."

Reconciliation Mr Walid Jumblatt,

Druze leader, called for the presidency to be rotated amongst the six leading sects and the term of office to be only three years — a principle which, if adopted, would mean an end to Mr Gemayel's term next month.

Mr Jumblatt is one leader

who would be less than happy with a system of universal suffrage based on actual population. But that is clearly what Mr Nabih Berri, the Shi'ite leader, has in mind because his sect is undoubtedly

because his sect is undoubtedly now the single largest one, accounting for about 30 per cent of the population.

Hopes that the reconciliation between Mr Elle Hobeika, the leader of the Christian Lebanese forces, and Mr Suleiman Franjieh, the pro-Syrian former head of state, might lead to the opening of a dialogue between Maronite leaders and the new front, were soon and the new front were soon dashed. Not even Mr Franjieh is prepared to contemplate a Maronite surrender of the right to the presidency.
With little prospect of im-

mediately breaking this dead-lock the Syrian regime probably reckons that another pummelling from the left-wing Moslem militias will make the Maronites more amenable to concessions. Damascus is clearly prepared to go on playing this patient and ruthless Marxist parties under its wing.
Maronite and other Christian
participation at the inaugural
conference was negligible. Also
notably absent from the meeting were any senior leaders of
the Sunni Moslem community.
Lebanon's archaic political
system was basically a deal



THOSE two men from Yorkshire are on the road again — or more precisely, the take-over trail which has led them over 30 years from the low ground of private venture partnerships all the way up to the highest levels of the corporate scene on both sides of the Atlantic.

Lord Hanson and Sir Gordon White, as they have now become, were sitting together on Wednesday in New York when the next take-over bid by their Hanson Trust conglomerate was announced. The target is SCM Corporation of the U.S. They are offering \$60 cash per share, which values SCM at \$745m — the biggest deal yet, even in Hanson's acquisitionstrewn history.

The group is only 21 years old this year. But its market capitalisation now stands at £2.46bn—still trailing the old majors, and GEC and ICI by a fair distance, but not much cases, incongruous or unprofit-short of other market leaders able subsidiaries have looked

like Glaxo and Marks and

Hanson Trust's executives, wary as ever of infringing SEC regulations in the U.S., can be expected to say very little about the SCM bid which will not be included in the formal tender offer which must be out within a few days. But if SCM's management wanted a little advice about the Hanson style, there is no shortage of dispossessed company director who could no

Berec in batteries (acquired 1982), UDS in UK retailing (1983), London Brick (1984) and U.S. Industries (also 1984) are all businesses which have attracted Hanson in the recent past through their reliance on basic product markets.

They have also offered the opportunity for Hanson to reap the rewards of extensive restructuring completed prior to the date of the bid. And in many

obvious candidates for subsepruned severely and could be quent disposal—offering Hanson the chance to reduce its net purchase price, should all go well, or at least cushion the financial impact of any nasty surprises following a successful

Thus, Beree (now Ever Ready) lost most of its overseas manufacturing capacity. UDS was parted from three of its best known retailing names including John Collier and Richard Shops and U.S. Industries has non caveral small divitries has seen several small divi-sions sold off in recent months.

SCM looks as though it fits into the classic mould, even though some of its industrial interests are new to Hanson and have some features—notably a pronounced cyclicality—which the group has usually tried to avoid in the past. But food and paint products ought to look at home in the existing Hanson low tech catalogue. SCM's loss-

due for a bracing future.

Mr Martin Taylor, a director of Hanson Trust and its public voice in the UK for some years now, explains almost non-chalantly that the campaign for SCM "would have arisen as or some would have arisen as a consequence of the calling which our people are always going through." Always looking for targets, that is to say,

quite often taking small equity stakes — and just occasionally plunging forward for the kill.

The culling process happens in two effectively autonomous headquarters offices, one in London's Brompton Road, the other in Iselin, New Jersey. Lord Hanson presides over the

former, White over the latter. White has built up the group's North American operations around seven divioperations around seven divi-sions. Their day-to-day manage-ment is controlled by David Clarke, who arrived with White's first U.S. acquisition, a fishing business, bought for \$30m in 1973. But the chief

As it happens, says Guntaer, SCM was one of the first names

SCM was one of the first names he came up with after arriving at Iselin. But White moved to buy U.S. Industries in Jaly, 1984—Hanson Trust's biggest acquisition to date, worth \$520m—and SCM had to wait, Not very long, as it turned out. Work on the bid began early in the year. Its timing owed much to the market SCM's share price moved from \$46 at the start of July to \$55. \$46 at the start of July to \$55 on Tuesday. Lord Hanson arrived in New York at the beginning of the week — en route for his second home in Palm Springs, which he flew to

yesterday—and a decisive meeting followed shortly afterwards. Guntner was in his office by 4 am (local time) yesterday to man the phones.
"We asked to see the chair-

responsibility for reviewing man a few hours before our take-over possibilities in the unnouncement, but he wasn't there," said White yesterday. 31-year-old who joined from "So we sent him a letter and Amax, the mining group, three years ago.

As it happens care Continue.

There was no waiting for the banks' reaction to the bid. Hanson Trust's "shopfront" office in New York's Park Avenne has already received financing proposals from 25 banks. (White says the plan is to borrow dollars, leaving the group's £519m rights issue pro-ceeds in the bank in sterling.) It would be surprising if the wSCM bid did not provoke renewed questioning of Hanson's strategy at a more general level The control of more and more businesses as a kind of management portfolio is not without its critics, among both City pro-fessionals and boardroom directors. But Hanson executives are used to that and will lose no sleep over it so long as the group's earnings per share go

France Co

M2 141.114

(क्षाराम

real life

75 7- 85

TERM BUT

De proper

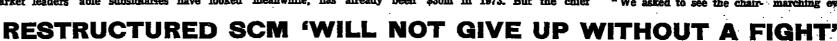
Eds. St. St. St. St. abilli.

Spanish and the state of the st

40% ge 75, 111

to the

G1 13



The bid for SCM

Hanson:

bigger

yet and

bigger

By Duncan Campbell-Smith

HANSON TRUST is not the first dator whose record as an into cast its eye over SCM Cordustrial manager is hard to poration, which used to be a fault.

Wall Street glamour stock dur
Wall Street's initial reaction

Wall Street glamour stock dur-ing the 1960s, but has more recently been tagged as a not going to give up without a second rate conglomerate with fight. "This is a very different some first rate parts. Five years ago several comporate predators including Royal Little, the founder of Textron, and Willard Rockwell, the former chairman of Rock-

basis that it was "worth more dead than alive." After long and costly legal battles, SCM retained its independence but SCM's 62-year-old chairman, Paul Elicker, does not hide his disgust at the tactics of the Wall Street "players" who make money by cleverly trading make money by cleverly trading business, to puip and paper and bits of paper back and forth in the frenzy of takeover battles.

"This contributes nothing to Smith-Corona typewriters and

This time, Mr Elicker, a Harvard Isst surviving maker of portable Business School graduate who joined SCM nearly 30 years ago after five years at McKinsey & Co, the management consultants, is facing a corporate pre-

company than it was five years ago," says Mike Lloyd of Woolcott Research, who estimates that it will earn \$64m or \$6.10 per share, this year. "It has a lot of very valuable assets outwell International, were trying side of its core chemicals and to win control of SCM on the coatings businesses which could be spun off," says Mr Lloyd.

The New York-based SCM
Corporation is fairly typical of "smokestack America." It has more than 70 plants around the world which turn out every-thing from titanium dioxide, which is important in the paint

"This contributes nothing to America's growth or to our economic strength as a nation," he told security analysts last year but conceded that "deterring the energetic pursuit of such gains is probably like trying to make water run unbill."

This contributes nothing to Smith-Corona typewriters and this has proved to be the company's Achilles heel. The company has never lived up to the sarry promise of the 1960s when its shares were selling on a sky-high multiple.

For years Smith-Corona, the

Smith-Corona has doggedly tried to match the Japanese imports by moving much of its production to Singapore, and counter the electronic threat from companies like IBM, by introducing its own electric

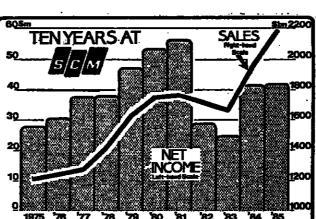
typewriters.
SCM's typewriter operations have been losing money for years. Earlier this year SCM announced that it was cutting the company's performance its typewriter workforce by a under Mr Elicker, who has been third, cutting its investment in in charge since 1972, as

the business by half and narrow-ing its product range to concen-TEN YEARS AT

portable electronic models in the \$225 to \$275 price range, Its

product range to concen-on popularly priced ance has been miserable, Earn-

1985 earnings of \$41.7m were hit by a \$35m charge to cover the restructuring of this side of its business which now constithe company's \$1.2bn in assets.
At the time of the last proxy battles against SCM, Willard Rockwell and others described in charge since 1972, as "mediocre at best."



ings have dropped from a peak sistently most profitable opera-of \$56.5m in 1981, or \$5.80 per tion. It is the third biggest pro-share, to \$24.5m in 1983, and ducer in the \$8.5m a year U.S. have marked time over the last couple of years although the tionally outperformed the com-1985 figures were depress the Smith-Corona charges. But while the financial per-formance of SCM does not look sparkling, Wall Street analysts

say that the company has undergone major changes since the last proxy battles.

Aside from finally wielding

the axe at the group's tradi-tional typewriter operations, Mr Elicker has been investing heavily in the group's specialty

Titanium dioxide, a white pigment used in the manufacture of paint, paper and plastics, is the biggest product of SCM's chemicals operations and the group has been expanding rapidly in this area. Its \$110m agree with Smith Barney's acquisition of Laporte's titanium James Wilbur who says that 190,000 tons to 300,000 tons that have been made or which with the result that SCM is now are now under way."

the world's third biggest pro-

ducer SCM's glidden coatings busi-ness is its largest and con-

Aside from taking a more aggressive approach to restructuring its operations, SCM's senior management team, which sentor management team, which had been running the company for more than a decade, has been extensively reshuffled over the past couple of years and considerable power has been delegated to Mr D. George Harris, aged 52, the former president of Rhone Poulenc's CSF operations who joined the company in 1981 and has been chemicals and coating business president of Rhone Poulenc's chemicals and coating business which now constitute SCB's core businesses. They accounted for over half its \$2.2bn in sales: four-fifths of its operating operations. Last month Mr operations. Last month Mr Harris, who spent 14 years at Merck before moving to Rhone Poulenc, was made president of SCM and is the natural succesor to Paul Elicker.

dioxide operations last year SCM's "financial future appears

William Hall in New York

Withering on the vine

French wine-growers are always inclined to emotion at this time inclined to emotion at this time of year as attention turns to the Spanish and Italian grape harvests. They will now be weeping in the vineyards at the latest news that 2m French wine-bibbers have forsaken their tipple over the last five years. According to the latest survey from INRA, the national agronomical research institute, only 69 per cent of French agronomical research institute, only 69 per cent of French people over 14 now say they drink wine, compared with 75 per cent in 1980.
"Occasionai" imbibers have grown from 39 per cent to 45 per cent of the population. Only one in three drinks wine regularly.

The desertion of the bottle is part of a long-term trend. Frenchmen are increasingly turning from table wines towards finer quality drink at one end of the scale and "Chateau La Pompe," or plain

"Chateau La Pompe," or plain tap water, at the other.

The move away from plonk has been accelerating in recent years for both health and social reasons. And it spells a hangover not only for vineyards outside the Grand Cru areas but also for Nicolas, the main table



"Guinness or Bell's? Guinness or Bell's?-who'd be a

Men and Matters

Borrie's crusade

This week's Monopolies and Mergers Commission report giving clearance for United Newspapers, publisher of the Yorkshire Post and Punch among other titles, to make a bid for Fleet Holdings which owns Express Newspapers, contains brave words about investigative journalism, editorial freedom, and freedom of expression.

The Monopolies Commission of the African families areas is repowed interest.

The Monopolies Commission was told that "Fleet's national newspapers had a certain tone and philosophy. They were cru-sading newspapers and sup-porters of the democratic free enterprise system."

Note the use of the word "national," I learn from the Office of Fair Trading about certain dealings down at local level in Enfield, Middleser, Two local papers—the Enfield Independent and the Enfield Advertiser—have been refusing to carry estate agents' advertise-ments if they contain details of the commission rates charged

the commission rates charged to clients.

As Sir Gordon Borrie, the director-general of fair trading, said "The practice of suppressing price information which would be helpful to consumers is one which I dislike in principle and wish to discourage." Apparently he was successful in "discouraging" the two papers, and both have agreed to stop suppressing price information in adverts.

World neatly with proposals for using the for surveillance work by the U.S. Navy, the Royal Navy, and to fat the French Navy and coast-fat (mostly owned by Australian Alan Bond's conglomerate, Bond Corporation) has been patrolling the French side of the Channel and the

wine distributor, which has come under increasing control of the cognac company, Remy Martin, after big losses in recent increase in the company policy and we last January and it was already pursuing the policy of not publishing commission rates. It is not company policy and we instantly agreed to stop the practice when we were approached by the OFT. Our discussions were very friendly."

Botrie has decided not to carry out a formal investiga-

An unexpected spin-on from the difficult rescue operation to deliver food to the African famine areas is renewed interest in airships,
New Scientist reports Mike

New Scientist reports Mike Macray, operations manager in western Sudan for a distribution agency, as saying "Airships make enormous sense." The current system of chartering Hercules aircraft is, he says, "just throwing money at the problem." It is costing \$1,000 a tunne for the food airlifts. A big airship of the type now on big airship of the type now on the drawing boards of at least three companies could officad 10-tonne cargoes without even

The idea of airships for third world assistance coincides neatly with proposals for using

The Enfield Advertiser is published by Morgan-Grampian. And that firm is owned by the crusading, free enterprise-loving, Fleet Holdings.

Peter Wilkinson, managing director of Morgan-Grampian Local Newspapers, explains, "We only acquired this paper side of the Channel and the Brittany coastline on 24-hour missions using radar to monitor shipping. The French are said to be well pleased with the experiment and are now trying the larger Skyship 600.

Meanwhile, the U.S. Navy wants an airship that can stay

up for weeks at a time if necessary. Both Airship Industries and Wren Skyships, a new Scottish airship company, backed by the Scottish Development Agency, are involved in the competition for that contract. Wren is acting as a consultant to Boeing, and Airship Industries is working with Westinghouse.

Demand supplied

Having done a good job for themselves, the employee-shareholders of the National Freight Corporation have been eagerly volunteering to do a good down-to-earth turn for others in the Sudan.
More than 60 of NFCs
managers have responded to an
appeal from the Save the Child-

ren Fund for professional help in organising the transport of food and other supplies to famine victims.

Robert Mace, 40, general manager in Manchester of NFC's Roadline parcels com-pany, left for Nyala this week. He has been seconded for six months to organise transport in the Darfur province of Western Sudan. NFC, which offered to pro

vide specialist help as soon as Sudan's food movement problems became known, has now also been asked to provide three managers to operate the transport of Band Aid supplies from Port Sudan to central distribution points. Sir Peter Thompson, NFC's

chairman, says he is proud of his volunteers and "delighted that NFC is able to help in a practical way with the allevia-tion of the worst effects of the

Dangerous times My note on Vickers shares following the dropping of the

atomic bomb in 1945 has stirred other long memories. A friend recalls a City tape message during one of the pre-World War Two crises-"Vickers fell on fears of

Observer

How to keep tabs on the index

There are no less than 738 companies in the FT Actuaries Index. Every one of them a leader in its field. Every one a force to be reckoned with.

The very companies, in fact, you most need to know Fortunately, their activities have not escaped our attention. Hence the Extel Handbook of Market Leaders.

If business is your business, you need this book. It tells you everything you want to know, from the chairman's name to details of dividends, from a five year profit and loss record to employment of capital, from the registered office to monthly share price graph.

To put it simply, it's the easiest, quickest and most convenient source of reference of its kind.

And, since it's published every January and July, most

The annual subscription for subscribers in the U.K. is £79.00, or, if you prefer, you may have a copy of the current issue only for £45.00. (Overseas prices will be given on

Not, we venture to suggest, a high price for the low-down. So why not order yours today?



37-45 Pati Street, London ECLA 4PB. Telephone: 0 Archur House, Chorton Street, Manchester Mi 3FH. Registered in London No. 189564, Registered Office, Extel House, East Harding Street	1 and - ECO - 417
Extel Statistical Services Ltd., 37-45 Paul St. London hur House, Chorkon Street, Manchester MI 3FH.	
Please enter a subscription for	or the Handbook
Please send a single copy of	

Name .	Position
Firm, etc.	
Address	
	Telephone

taxpayer.
The biggest money-spinner of this kind in the 1990s could well be the medical uses of nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) a development in which British has played a big part, with every encouragement from the British Technology Group and its innovative arm, the

and its innovative arm the National Research Development Corporation. Yet this may come about without a significant British presence in the manufacture of what is at present the most expensive medical system ever invented.

A NMR unit—some left-wing councils insist that the word nuclear be dropped—for patients can cost a medical authority £1.5m to set up today. For that reason the market for NMR has been dominated so far by the U.S., where the most advanced diagnostic technology is used to lure private patients by competing clinics.

This week, for the first time, the U.S. Society of Magnetic Resonance in Medicine brought its annual conference to London To courte the seciety of the secie

its annual conference London. To quote the society's president, Prof. Thomas Budinger, this acknowledges that the "majority of new innovations in spectroscopy and rapid imaging must be credited to the intellectual courage, cleverness and industry of scientists from the UK."

NMR is a method of striking the nucleus of a particular molecule with microwaves and listening to the way it "rings."

Features never seen before came into focus

Gandhi pe

Two American scientists, Felix Bloch and Edward Purcell, discovered it in the mid-1940s and earned Nobel prizes in 1952. Initially, it proved a powerful tool for analytical chemists, especially of polymers.

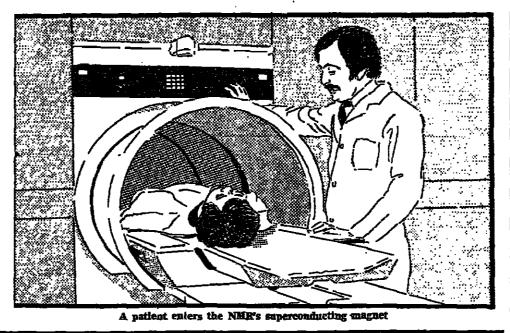
In the early 1970s, shortly after the X-ray brain-scanner had begun to excite doctors, the first NMR pictures of patients began to be published. These fuzzy images, from which bones were conspicuously missing, seemed primitive and uncompetitive conversed with the fact. petitive compared with the fastmoving computerised tomography (CT) X-ray technique, which could look so effectively beyond the shield of bone, right

Over the next decade the images steadily sharpened. Features and anomalies never breakdown of the myelin shield of bone, sheaths of nerves in cases of But NMR has other

Medical research

The awesome cost of a magnetic breakthrough

By David Fishlock, Science Editor



multiple sclerosis before the patient becomes aware that he is ill. Another significant discovery is the flow of cerebral spinal fluid, never observed until NMR arrived. and, never observed intil NMR arrived.

At the same time, NMR proved to have an important medical purpose with recommendation of the construction of the construction

medical purpose with no counterpart in X-rays. As a method of chemical analysis, treating the patient as a com-plex mixture of polymers, NMR can be used to pinpoint the presence or absence of a parti-cular rare ingredient in a specific part of the body. Oxford scientists led by Prof. George Radda used NMR to discover that a schoolgirl who suf-fered convulsions and vomiting so badly she could not go to school was lacking a single chemical. Now she is being treated successfully.

Between them, these two uses of NMR—images and assays of of NMR—images and assays of living flesh—account for two-thirds of nearly 700 scientific papers being read in London this week. The other third are about the technology. The progress of the past decade leads one European luminary to talk of the constituent success of one European luminary to talk of the sensational success of NMR in medicine and praise it as "probably the most informative non-invasive technique known at present."

Every scientist knows the importance of the term "rear-

ages. It does not dose the patient with X-rays, which may be harmful if the doctor wants repeated scans to folw the pro-

young women or children.

NMR requires no invasive doses of radiation. The main safety concern has been the immensely powerful magnetic fields which must envelop the part of the body under examination by NMR. Careful study by the Government's watchdog on radiation, the National Radiological Protection Board, has disclosed no dangers except possibly for people with metallic implants such as artificial hips, at the kind of magnetic field strengths used at present.

But NMR does have the draw-

But NMR does have the draw-back of being very expensive. The late Lord Hinton, the eminent engineer, once said of CT X-ray scanning that it used mathematics of a complexity beyond anything he could handle. NMR, goes much further and is growing steadily more complex. While the best-selling NMR

instruments on the market today cost about film, they require around fl.5m to set up as a unit as "probably the most informated in two non-invasive technique known at present."

Every scientist knows the importance of the term "non-invasive." Indeed, to probe a sick person may prove so disturbing that what you are really measuring is the disturbance you have caused by your interest caused by your interest. CT scanning with X-rays was a tremendous advance over previous methods of examining the brain and spinal cord because of the difficulty of penetrating the protective shield of bone.

But NMR has other advant
This includes the brain and central nervous system, the polvic region (of women especially) and the knee.

This includes the brain and central nervous system, the pelvic region (of women especially) and the knee.

The analytical powers of NMR, on the other hand, may prove a potent new way of differentiating between malignant and benign tissue where cancer in the Substantial foothold include Philips, Hitachi and Picker International—the nearest Entain comes to a significant presence in NMR systems, since Picker, a traditional force in the U.S. medical X-ray market, is now owned by GEC. Britain also has the superconducting magnet owned by GEC. Britain also has the superconducting magnet and the knee.

This includes the brain and central nervous system, the pelvic region (of women especially) and the knee.

This includes the brain and central nervous system, the pelvic region (of women especially) and the knee.

The analytical powers of MMR, on the other hand, may prove a potent new way of differentiating between malignant and benign tissue where cancer is suspected and perhaps for picking up rare diseases.

Some scientists believe NMR is inherently expensive, and will associate the brain and sense the pelvic region (of women especially) and the knee.

This includes the brain and central nervous system, the pelvic region (of women especially) and the knee.

Some scientists should the knee.

This includes the brain and central nervous system, the pelvic region (of women especially) and the knee.

Som

D Technology, backed by the Prudential, spun off from research at Aberdeen research University. The Japanese have more com-

The Japanese have more companies marketing NMR systems than any other country. There are at least seven, with Sanyo, Yokagawa Medical Systems, Shimadscu, Osako Chemical and a Picker consortium involving Fuji. and TToray, as well as Toshiba and Hitachi.

Worldwide, around 500 NMR systems have already been in-stalled. But they are research prototypes, rather than a pro-duction-line tool of proven use-fulness to the doctor in treat-

fulness to the doctor in treating his patient.

The techniques of taking NMR pictures art tricky and not yet standardised. Widely differing results have been obtained by different teams using the same technology, suggesting that skill and "green fingers" are still crucial factors. "There is much scope for confusion in reports on NMR," a leading article in the Lancet observed recently.

One general view is that NMR will be a valuable tool for looking closely at soft tissue which

ing closely at soft tissue which is shrouded in bone or cartilage.

is shrouded in bone or cartilage.
This includes the brain and central nervous system, the pelvic region (of women especially) and the knee.
The analytical powers of NMR, on the other hand, may prove a potent new way of differentiating between malignant and benign tissue where cancer is suspected and perhaps for picking up rare diseases such as metabolic deficiency diseases.
Some scientists believe NMR is inherently expensive, and will

which the patient must be placed. The magnet and its cooling accounts for a quarter or more of the system cost. The higher the field strength, the better the resolution, but the greater the technical difficul-

Oxford Instruments, Britain's Oxford Instruments, Britain's most important commercial presence in NMR, has supplied superconducting magnet systems for over 400 NMR systems. Including the magnets made by Siemens under licence from Oxford, the company claims 75 per cent of the market—a dominant position it has held for over a decade.

To try to ensure that it continues to sell to the electro-technical "majors" such as GE and Toshiba, Oxford Instruments is increasing its research and development,

But magnet performance and productivity are not the only possibilities for reducing costs, believes Mr Martin Wood, Oxford's founder and deputy chairman. He sees price-per-patient treated as more important than system cost. Present installations are examining only about a dozen patients a day, poor utilisation of such costly systems. This is partly because of the care taken to prepare patients—psychologically and otherwise—before poons the partners books. into the narrow bore of a huge magnet. There is also much

magnet. There is also much trial-and-error at this stage in getting the imaging conditions right for a given patient.

Another extra expense is the all-purposiveness of most NMR systems, enabling a research team to explore a wide diversity of illness on a ringle interpresent. of illness on a single instrument.
GE even claims its system can
be dual-purpose—used both for
imaging and analysis. Once
doctors have isolated specific
roles for NMR, Mr Wood sees a

market for simpler, tailor-made systems, with the expensive all-purpose instruments being confined to relatively few rescarch centres.

"I think there is a good chance of the price coming down," Mr Wood concludes, But first doctors must be convinced that it is a cost-effective way of helping the patient,

Prof Stephen Lillierap, medical physicist for the district health authority centred in Bath same CT Kray coanging.

Bath, says CT K-ray scanning has now proved itself cost-effective, but NMR is still being evaluated for clinical value. His view is that the two

Poor utilisation and much trial-and-error

techniques will prove comple-mentary, rather than competi-

In Britain, the evaluation for NMR imaging is being master-minded by the Medical Research Council, in a collaboration that involves the Department of Health and the National Radiological Protec-tion Board. The MRC has given the Royal Postgraduate Medical School at Hammersmith a fiveyear special project grant to compare NMR with other new ways of "imaging" the body, including CT X-ray scanning.

The MRC has plans to develop the diagnostic radiology department at this medical school into an interna-tionally acknowledged centre of excellence for evaluating the clinical use of "imaging" illness, by adding such tools as a more powerful NMR system, capable of "freezing" the beat-

Lombard

Cashing in on the castle

By Clive Wolman

home may be his castle, but if he wants to use it as security is true. The personal sector balfor a loan, he will have the ance sheet compiled by the rule book and the ideology of commonetary control thrown at him.

Take another, even more nation's total assets reached bizarre, example of Government interference in the workings of the market. You have run up a bank overdraft and per person, about one-seventh have difficulty reducing it. Your bank gets worried and asks you to grant it a charge (that is, a first or second mortgage) on your house.

The bank's loan is now more to first wellt as security for his loan, most commonly in the form of his house. This will

The bank's loan is now more prudent action which would normally be commended by the Bank of England's supervisory department. But by doing so, it has defied the Bank of England's and the Treasury's official guidelines.

The Government imposes these restrictions because it be-lieves that loans secured on houses—mortgages—cause infla-tion. The riskier, more costly unsecured loans are however

The rules highlight the complexities and absurdities in which the Government's monetary policy has become entangled. The policy is supposed to be a central plank in a macro-economic strategy in which inflation and Government sure has meant that in practice interference with market forces. are reduced to a minimum. But. if strictly followed, the policy throws up just the sort of arbitrary controls and economic distortions that the Conservative distortions that the Conservative party has traditionally cited as illustrations of the futility of socialist planning.

The guidelines issued by the Government in January 1982 require banks and building societies to ensure that mortages are unabled to be home.

gages are used only for house purchase or improvement. Also,

suppose you need to borrow them to use the profits from the bank and you pay 24 per the bank and you pay 24 per cent interest. But if you can give your bank or building the bank and monetary control.

give your bank or outdoor, society a charge on your house, the interest rate will fall to brink of crippling indebtedness, might be a justification But there is a snag. The Bank there might be a justification of England and the Treasury for Government restraint on wont let you. An Englishman's credit, beyond that of monetary home may be his castle, but if control. But just the opposite

of total assets.

Thus a typical borrower will normally be able to provide part of his wealth as security for his loan, most commonly in the form of his house. This will allow him generally to borrow at a much lower rate of interest and will reduce the risk of a default and bad debt to his bank or other lender.
The value of residential pro-

perty was estimated at £424bn at the end of 1983—a threefold increase in seven years—whilst loans secured on that property were worth only £900m. Thus mortgages covered only 21 per cent of the value of the pro-

perty.

The Government has done much to promote the spread of

some building societies and foreign banks now frequently ignore the guidelines which are almost impossible to police. The clearing banks have been the most obedient. But they have a vested interest in preserving the status quo as their profit margins on personal (un-secured) loans are much greater than on mortgages.

If the Government believes that the freedom to use one's home as security would lead to an explosion of credit and runwhen moving house, borrowers away inflation, the correct policy must be prevented from taking would be to reduce the moneout a larger than necessary tary base and, if necessary, let mortgage as this would enable interest rates rise.

Compromise in real life

From the Managing Director,

Primetime TV
Sir, — Christopher Dunkley
(August 21) is right to say that
the "Real Lives" film could
be improved. There is no TV
film that could not be improved. given unlimited time and re-sources. That misses the point. The BBC has fallen into a trap, and transmitting the un-amended film is the best way

out of it.

The Home Secretary has conceded that a decision to broadcast the film is entirely the cast the film is entirely ine BBC's. The BBC governors and management have agreed that a version of the film should be broadcast. Surely the great danger facing the BBC now is the prospect of management having to negotiate with the governors an acceptable ver-

governors an acceptable version.

If the governors are drawn into the process, they must either become identified with an inevitably imperfect film, or forever prevent its transmission while awaiting the impossible perfect version. And if they are drawn in this time, how can they resist any future demand—from whatever quarter—to view and seek improvement in controversial programmes?

Better by far, then, to broad-

Better by far, then, to broadcast the original programme,
warts and all, and discuss publicly, in a follow-up programme,
how it might have been
improved. The viewing public
would then derive double
benefit from seeing what all!
the fuss was about, and hearing
from the programme-makers,
their BBC bosses, and informed
outsiders how editorial decisions are arrived at in such
sensitive areas. So widely have
the film's contents—and even
its transcript—been circulated Better by far, then, to broadits transcript—been circulated that there can be no danger of an unwitting audience being hoodwinked by terrorist propa-

Honour saved on all sides; free and frank admission that programmes are imperfect; no uncomfortable precedents which could make the BBC unmanage. able under pressure from sufficiently determined interest groups—is this not the least unhappy outcome to this miserable affair? David Elstein. Seymour Mews House, Scymour Mews, W1.

Joining the

EMS From Mr W. Grey Sir.—When the National Institute of Economic and Social Research, Morgan Guaranty Trust of the U.S. and (August 21), the FT all strongly speak up for full UK membership of the European monetary system (EMS), what more needs to be said? more needs to be said?

Letters to the Editor

Only, perhaps, that commit-ment to make the system work, and all that goes with it, matters more than the technical details. And, as six years experience by now clearly shows, the system does work for the benefit of all concerned, and could therefore, it may and could therefore, it may legitimately be inferred, be made equally well to work for the benefit of others (the U.S. included), whether full members or not, provided they equally heeded the exchange rate message at all times and, in order to keep their economies on course, took whatever corrective action was needed in good time without dangerously, and perhaps harmfully, lurching in either direction.

Far from being a fetish, exchange rate stability is not only a good thing in itself — what system would prefer to be without it? — but is also at once a means to and a halimark of sound economic management,

a means to and a hallmark of sound economic management, besides being (which is more than can be said about the present international monetary system) beneficial to one and all and harmful to none. Why then, with so little to lose and so much to gain, still hesitate? W. Grey.

12. Arden Road, N.3.

Pricing petroleum products

From the Executive Secretary Federation of Petroleum Suppliers

Sir, - With the exquisite elegance of punch-drunk dinosaurs, major oil companies have, in the past few days, hiked the price of their road riesel, trac-tor diesel, and gasoil for heating by 15p/L. At the time of writ-ing, only Petrofina (UK) and Phillips Petroleum have still to leap on the bandwagon.

The uniformity of the increase demonstrates the noncollusive power of market forces to produce identical results. Explanations offered so far are either tediously in-credible or intellectually unten-

credible or intellectually untenable, or both.

The costing of petroleum products is without question complex, and major oil companies
take good care that it shall
remain a mystery carefully
screened from the profane gaze
of those outside their charmed
inner circle. Their wholesale
zonal prices are little better
than pious frauds — not disthan pious frauds — not dis-similar in intention from Government statistics on NHS expenditure or the level of un-

This is the time of year when many Department of Environment and public utility contracts for oil supply are concluded. Esso in particular is credited with successful tender-ing at breathtaking prices, eg 14.2p per litre to the Central Electricity Generating Board, as against a wholesale bulk scheduled price of 27.47p per litre. Each year, with unfailing regularity, the wholesale zonal price, to which net price is included the discount is included.

related by discount, is jacked up, with distortive effects on the market. E. J. Rowson, 500, Manchester Road East, Worsley Manchester.

Friendly societies From Mr R. Instone

Sir,—Your report (August 21) on the Government's con-sultative paper on building society audits shows that it is proposed that, in place of some of the information at present disclosed to depositors, auditors should make a confidential report to the Registrar of Friendly Societies on whether a society's management has

a society's management has complied with the law. If the registrar is to do anything more than file the report, it is essential that his legal section should be either strengthened or placed under the supervision of the Department of Trade and Industry.

One of his duties is to approve One of his duties is to approve the form of notice which has to be given to the members of a friendly society which trans fers its engagements to another and is then removed from the and is then removed item the register. It so happens that, as a policy holder of the trans-feree society, I recently received such a notice, which provided for the payment of gratuitous compensation for loss of office to every member of the commit-tee of management of the trans-feror society. Neither the aggregate amount involved, nor the identity of the payers, was

disclosed; nor was the sanction

The standard was a second of the second of t

of the members sought.
I pointed out to the registrar that a society on the eve of extinction had no power to pay such grainities, and that even if it had, the payments would need the sanction of a general meeting in the absence of an independent of the sanction of the sancti independent quorum on the committee of management. So the registrar's approval of the notice gave it a spurious air of validity which was misleading to the members.

Kr 6.00; Portugal Esc 80; Spain Pla 110; Switzerland Fr Z20; Portugal Esc 80; Spain Pla 110; Switzerland Fr Z20;

The assistant registrar who informed me that it was his duty to advise the registrar on the law (and who appears to the law (and who appears to have been recently transferred from the Ministry of Agriculture) invoked, in answer to my first point, an irrelevant provision in the Building Societies Act, and made no attempt to

answer the second.
I am pursuing that particular am pursuing that particular matter elsewhere. But until the registrar's officials display the same responsiveness to outide opinion as the DTI invariably does, notwithstanding its own resources of expertise, or else a willingness to obtain compe tent outside advice, it would plainly be unwise to add to the registry's responsibilities. Ralph Instone. 7, New Square.

Lincolns Inn, WC2.

The rating system

From Mr P. Curwen 🥇 Sir, — In your editorial on August 19 you gave your wholehearted support to a rating system based upon rapital values. I cannot understand why such a system is so widely supported. Surely it is obvious that, for example, it penalises the improvement of property since improvement virtually always increases capital values. In other words building an ex-tension will not merely be subject to VAT but to a wealth tax on top. Is that the way to set the country's crumbling housing stock to rights? I think not. Furthermore such a system, like that currently in force, confuses income with wealth. Capital values are a measure of wealth and hence tell one nothing about the occupiers' ability to pay out of net income. Peter J. Curwen. Sheffield City Polytechnic, Pond Street, Sheffield.

New issues by post

From Mr L. Goslin Sir,-A lot of the rubbish Sir,—A lot of the rubbish (stags), controversy, and heat could be taken out of the new issues market by resorting to the simple expedient of "first come, first served," and also—if possible—restricting the issue to postal applicants only. Gone would be the unedifying spectacle of last-minute queues jostling for position and armed with large boxes contain. armed with large boxes containing multiple applications—
individuals who have bided
their time in order to judge
the market Genuine applicants, taking the long view, usually get their

forms off as soon as the pros-pectus is published. Most of us have to send our applications

by post anyway and are thus disadvantaged from the start. Lionel S. Goslin. 2 Wyke Oliver Road, Preston, Weymouth,

FRANCHISOR OPPORTUNITY

Consumable - Service - Industry - Sound Business **Engineering Products** 5 years development £50,000,000 potential turnover return 20% on invested capital

> If your company is: Objective • Successful • Dynamic

Does it want to diversify and develop: • First Class Service • First Class Product Line • First Class Returns on your Investment

> Enzed Technology International Ltd. are New Zealand's prime manufacturer of a specialised engineering and industrial consumable with successful operations in New Zealand, Australia, South Africa, Malaysia, Singapore, Papua New Guinea Saudi Arabia, Oman, UAE, USA and the Pacific Region with our product and franchise marketing package, which are both tried and proven.

> We seek a progressive company/investor to elevate to the status of Master Franchisor throughout the United Kingdom.

Your Company must have:

 Access to funds • Enthusiasm and dedication to a growth programme, extending into the 21st Century Positive management attitude

We offer: A first class product line with best range coverage • A proven and successful franchise package

The back up and front up of an enthusiastic and dedicated support team in training, operations and management

if so, please direct your reply in confidence to: Mr D. O. Walker, Executive Director, Enzed Technology International Ltd., Private Bag, Panmure, NEW ZEALAND Telephone: NZ 576.169. Telex: NZ 21416. Fax: NZ 573.696





FINANCIAL TIMES

Friday August 23 1985



Components groups fear longer shutdown at BL unit

CONCERN that growing stock-piles at Austin Rover, BL's volume car company, could lead to a pro-duction shutdown of more than one

union leaders this week of plans to cut production schedules by around 10 per cent from next month to

was considering a one week layoff of its 28,000 manual workers by extending the September holiday break into the first week of

a week later in the year might be

Austin Rover, which boosted production by nearly 60,000 vehicles to 257,000 in the first half of this year, has failed to make a significant breakthrough in UK market share. The company is confident, however, it will hit target sales of 60,000 this month despite signs that the August market might be talling off.

August is traditionally a boom month for car sales in the UK since it marks the introduction of a new

The first 10 day registrations for 202,000, put the industry on target to match the record of nearly 375,000 of 1983. But the market has

even with an August shortfall, 1985 sales will be comfortably above the near 1.75m of last year and approaching the 1.79m of the 1983

This year's August boom has been boosted by the heavy discounting among the major suppli-

Austin Rover, in a cut-throat market where every manufacturer accuses the other of disruptive pricing, insists it has not engaged in

The scale of marketing by Austin Rover against the multinationals of Ford and General Motors is unusual but regarded as necessary to cquire market share.

Mr Peter Regnier, the Austin Rover finance director, said last night there was no alternative other with the opposition for the August

Ericsson profits fall by 31% in first half

ERICSSON, the Swedish telecommunications and electronics group, sals, including the sale of a 60 per suffered a drop in profits of 31 per cent in the first half of the year, and manufacturer of cable fastening was less than hoped. Losses in this whole of last year.

Ericsson has decided to the year. it is still running up considerable losses in its troubled information

The group's share price has turnbled to a new low in recent days, included in the operating profits. ahead of the publication of the in-terim report trading as low as SKr 211, against a 1984-85 peak of SKr 410 per share, and a high of SKr 483 Profits before taxes and alloca-

tions totalled SKr 644m (\$78m) in the first half of 1985, against SKr 928m in the corresponding period of 1984. Profits were virtually un-changed from the second half of 1984, when the scope of Ericsson's problems in information systems

peared even more dismal were it

son's accounting rules and are

up considerable losses in the U.S. where it is having to invest heavily Ericsson's share of losses in the

far-reaching restructuring of the in-Exicason's performance in the formation systems division carried first half of 1985 would have apout in the first six months had cut

its activities in certain office equipment, such as typewriters, printers eration - with total sales of around SKr 2.5hn - and is seeking a foreign

it is also closing down production of smaller office exchanges and transmission equipment at its plant at Anaheim, in California, as part of the shrinking of the information systems division's operations in the

Total group sales rose by 12 per cent in the first half of 1985 to SKr 14.9bn, while the intake of new or-ders amounted to SKr 16.2bn, an in-

crease of 14 per cent.
Sales in the first half stagnated in North America and fell heavily in

Brazil willing to sell state groups to foreign investors

signalled a significant easing of its long-standing policy towards for-eign investment, declaring readiness to sell state owned enterprises the scope of foreign portfolio

Over the past week both Sr Franciso Dornelles, the Finance Minister, and Sr Roberto Gusmao, the Industry and Commerce Minister, a former successful businessman, have said they would be prepared to allow foreign investors to purchase stakes in government companies which are to be privatised over the coming month

Sr Carlos von Doellinger, a senior Finance Ministry official, said this participation could be in the form of panies, though it is unclear whether the foreign partner would be al-lowed majority control.

Another option reportedly under consideration would permit debt-for-equity conversions on a much larger scale than at present. Foreign bank creditors might be per-mitted to utilise in this way part of the several billion dollars which has accumulated in the Central Bank as a result of the debt rollovers.

declined sharply over the past three years, compared with the 1970s. Last year it was down to \$1bn including reinvestments, and for 1985 the central bank is estimating that the net inflow of foreign capital

Against this background and that of the enormous annual burden im- ment would like to dispose immediposed on Brazil by foreign debt sersome time been urging Brazil to increase the attractiveness of foreign

Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the British Prime Minister, and Mr George Shultz, the U.S. Secretary of State have both said frequently that this would be the best solution to the

But putting this declared inten-tion to allow a greater role for foreign capital into practice, especially then combined with the politically

Ministry is already gearing itself up to face a strong political reaction from Congress as well as opposition from other quarters within the Sar-ney Government. According to Sr have yet been confirmed.

Foreign investment in Brazil has Doellinger, the Planning Ministry has "fears and doubts" about this

> So far, the Planning Ministry which is in charge of the privatis ately of a number of medium-sized steel mills and equipment manufac-

from any quarter, national or foreign, to complete a number of ma-jor unfinished projects inherited

of meeting the wishes of Sr Dor-nelles and Sr Gusmao, – the stron-gest delenders of private enterprise in the Government - is the need to change the law prohibiting foreign capital from taking a controlling in-

Meanwhile, the Central Bank has

Mitterrand and right may clash over state group heads By David Housego in Paris

PRESIDENT François Mitterrand and the right-wing opposition in France are shaping up for a major constitutional clash over the apcointment of new presidents to state-owned banks and industries.

The opposition has made no secret of its plans to replace many of the existing presidents if they come to power following next March's parliamentary elections—as seems increasingly likely.

President Mitterrand, however, state owned banks and industries.

has just reminded his right-wing opponents that he will still retain estantial powers to resist such changes, even in the event of an op-position victory in March. He has done this through publication of a decree that lists the 163 public sector institutions – including the nationalised banks and industries where the President's approval is

needed for a nomination. Publication of the decree does not extend the President's powers. But extend the President's powers. But it does bring up to date regulations dating back to the beginning of the Fifth Republic setting out the names of those organisations whose chairmen are named by the Council of ministers, over which the

To add salt to the opposition's wounds, the new decree names the current holders of the posts - inchiding those who are known friends of the President or took over their jobs after holding senior posts in the private offices of social

Among known socialist sympahisers are M Jean Deflassi head of Crédit Lyonnais, M Alain Gomez, president of Thomson, M Jean Peyrelevade, president of the Suez group and M Andre Rousselet, the head of Havas, the advertising and travel agency which now runs a M Alain Juppé, the finance

spokesman for the neo-Gaullist RPR does not think that the opposition would have much trouble in forcing out existing heads of institutions. He recognises, however, that they would have a problem in making fresh appointents because these have to be approved by the President. He says that the opposition is currently studying the con-stitutional position.

confirmed it is looking into ways or attracting greater foreign participation in the booming Brazilian capital markets. But, again, no details have yet been confirmed.

adds that the would bring in legislation in the first session of parliament following victory to provide a framework for denationalisation and to change the alised institutions are named. Even though this legislation would also require the approval of the Presi-dent, M Juppe says that the Nation-al Assembly would be able to make its will prevail. Under the current system, the

chairman of a group such as the Suez banking group is appointed jointly by the board and the Government. The board of 15 – which comprises five people chosen by em-ployees or the unions, five by the state and five for their professional expertise - proposes a name. This has then to be confirmed by the cabinet and ratified by a decree.

In practice, French tradition has always been that the appointment lies with the President after discussion with the Prime Minister or the A test case over whether a right-

wing government and a Socialist President will come into serious conflict over the nomination of a bank president could occur at the Suez group. M Peyrelevade's three-year term as chairman will come to an end in March 1986. As he was a senior official in the personal office of former Prime Minister Pierre Mauroy, the right is unlikely to want to renew his mandate. But it could have a problem in getting

Bouygues may take stake in battery group

Continued from Page 1

The new group would bring together two of France's most colourful businessmen - M Francis Bouyfour survivors of the 524 people on gues, who has transformed a family concern into a major international group, and M Bernard Tapie, the flamboyant industrialist who has made a name buying up lame duck M Tapie purchased Piles Wonder

after a takeover battle with Banque Worms last November. Then, with the help of Banque Worms, he negotiated the takeover of Saft's con-In yesterday's disaster at Man- sumer batteries division from the Bouygues yesterday declined to comment on the deal, which has THE LEX COLUMN

Back to basics at Hanson

Courtaulds can all breath a little good as its word and turned to the U.S. for its latest display of conglomeration. The value of the group's offer for SCM almost precisely matches the proceeds of the procession and the proceeds of the procession and the pr June's rights issue and should keep Not that the \$745m offered on Wednesday night looks a knock-out. SCM shares traded on Wall Street

yesterday at around \$64%, well clear of the Hanson \$60 a share tender. Even in the absence of a counter offer, SCM will not be a soft target. The group's present management has already fought its way out of two proxy battles. Yet Hanson can certainly afford

to pay more. Extraordinary as it may seem, a cash offer for a company valued at not far short of \$1bn and sporting term debt of \$260m can be accompodated without any strain at all. Success on the current terms would leave the enlarged group with fully diluted equity of earned only about 10 per cent on over £1.5bn and net debt – after capital employed and, while that buying in SCM's convertible debenmay have risen by almost 2 percentage. tures – of not much over £500m.

By Hanson's standards, that scarcely counts as gearing. Interest cover, meanwhile could be as high as 10 times in 1986. This arithm is also based on the improbable assumption that Hanson chooses to keep everything it buys. The group admittedly made only minor adjustments to its last transatiantic acquisition, U.S. Industries, but the product fit with SCM is much less obvi-

Neither typewriters nor chemi-cals are exactly Hanson's style and even SCM's food interests are in areas of which Hanson Industries has little experience. The two obvi-ous candidates for disposal are tita- \$745m bid is almost smaller beer

nium dioxide and typewriters. SCM has spent heavily on rationalising its titanium dioxide capacity and, at current market values, Han son might realise around \$300m for the lot. Smith-Corona is more of a problem. SCM has pruned the prodpet range and adjusted from elec-tro-mechanical to electronic technology but it must be open to doubt whether a 40 per cent share of the U.S. portable typewriter market is a valuable asset in the face of Japanese competitin. Volkswagen, after all, came badly unstuck when it bought Triumph-Adler and Hanson might be happy to accept any offer which vaguely matched Smith-Corona's gross assets of \$150m.

£5m Redcar Contract

Airport Displays

NEI International Combustion has won a

regimestation and re-liming of the blast furnace at British Steel Corporation's Redear works on Totacide.

Turidah Order

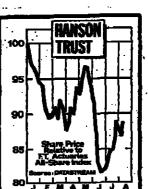
Baldwin and Francis, part of NEI

Mining Equipment, has obtained a

£1.5m order for flameproof electrical
switchgear for the modernisation of a

coal mine in Turkey.

NEI Canada, of Toronto, is supplying ramp display signs to American Airlines Inc. for installation at Dellas-Fort Worth



er respect pure Hanson. The group has caught SCM near the end of a heavy capital spending programme
- principally designed to reduce unit cost - but before the investment has shown through in higher earn

ings. In the year to June 1984, SCM tage points in the year just ended, the returns are well below the Han-

costs in year one on the present terms - SCM should make roughly \$100m pre-tax in 1985-86 - and even without disposals SCM's intrinsic cash flow should permit the debt to be paid down in short order. At anything like the current ten-der price, SCM looks an extremely

attractive proposition, a fact which may not have been fully recognised in yesterday's equity market. The Perhaps the market was expecting for Hanson these days.

Ericsson

At first sight, yesterday's half-year figures from L. M. Ericsson did not look too bad. Income before appropriations and taxes was down 30 per cent to SKr 644m, but still near enough the more carotions forecasts in the UK and the U.S. to generate some tepid enthusiasm: the share price gained \$1.50 at one stage in New York. A closer look re-vealed that the pre-tax profit figure traordinary gains - largely from the sale of a cable fastening business - in earnings for a couple of sum and the buying interest evaporated mers.

at the 50 per cent fall thus rever There was some meagre enconragement in the statement. The fe formation systems division, which has so contributed to Ericsson's fall from grace, lost less money in the six months to June than in the draw tic second half of 1984. While it is too early to claim a turnaround Ericsson has, at least, moved to reorganise the operations in the U.S. have been such a financial and managerial strain. The technical problems with its PABXs seem to ave been ironed out, Ericsson is to shandon its own marketing of personal computers on their own and he office equipment business is beto sale. Whether the full-year figures wil

HR

(hapi

fling

halle

leahn t

stake to

122 g γ : : : |Δ = : : ; ;

F15156

Var contact

mailtanur. 12 to 11 to **665년** 전 135 년

MES LO

100 S 111

通数7.5... . . .

阿拉斯 ""。

Nixdorf

ior gro

By Our Financia

ED082 151. 12

Ma prop no

Manager and the last and the la

include a write-off has yet to be seen and the shares, trading of the der eight times probable 1985 earn ings, are indicating caution.

Horizon Travel

Horizon, which has been some thing of the gentleman of the U.K. holiday business, yesterday rolled up its sheeves and vowed to match its competitors - in effect, Inta ment was a reminder to any confis siast for the sector, caught up this month's wave of late bookings, the whatever improvement there may margins could be as hacked about as this year. Yesterday figures for the six

months to May said little about the boliday business but quite a lot about the market for used airliners sales from the fleet (and associated currency gains) turned an operat-ing loss of £3.6m to a pre-tax profit of £10.7m.

Whether this will end up as amob

of a pre-tax profit for the year over and above the aircraft sales is open to question with late bookings cutances to cas flow and interest income, Horizon must also suffer the extra capacity at the last morn Horzion certainly has the finan-

cial room to compete on price next year, and at least is now taking its marketing in hand (where, no doubt, its new shareholder Bass is included some SKr 170m in ex- providing friendly advice). There is unlikely to be much improvement

German challenge over EEC steel aid policy

BY PAUL CHEESERIGHT IN BRUSSELS

THE WEST German steel industry yesterday stepped up its campaign against the way the European Commission operates the EECs steel subsidies policy by demanding full disclosure of all aid authorisations.

The Iron and Steel Federation of

West Germany said it had written to the Commission asking for full details of the subsidy programme so that companies not receiving subsidies would be in a position to invoke their rights and appeal to the European Court of Justice if The federation specifically men-

tioned a DM 10.5bn (S3.8bn) pro-gramme of subsidies, provided largely by Italy and France, which is linked to plant capacity cuts of But the Commission has not yet received the letter and officials said

there were no plans in any case to give additional details of subsidy The subsidies in question relate

to either a programme of capacity cuts demanded by the Commission in June 1983 or to a decision taken by industry ministers last March. The latter gave EEC governments a fresh opportunity to ask the Commission for subsidy authorisations before May 31, on which the Com- programme.

World Weather

plan to the EEC steel industry, subsidies have been permitted, under Commission control, where they have been linked to capacity cuts or the financial viability of the company involved from the end of this

But the West German industry has generally been critical of the subsidies programme, arguing that it has been put at a competitive dis-

Both the industry and the Bonn Government have taken the Com-mission to the European Court of Justice. They claim that the Commission has not always respected deadlines for the notification of de mands for subsidies and that it has not applied a uniform ratio to the size of the subsidy and the extent of the capacity cut involved.

The judgment is expected to be given next month.

EEC steel restructuring has involved a cutback in capacity of 30m tonnes from the industry maximum production capacity in 1980 of 171.7m tonnes. Original plans had set a deadline of December 31 1985 for an end to all subsidies, but decisions are likely later this year to ex-tend in a modified form the subsidy

Canada Trustco board accepts Genstar offer

BY BERNARD SIMON IN TORONTO

Canada's largest trust company, ance group. has capitulated to a hostile takeover bid from Genstar, the Vancouver-based financial services and industrial conglomerate, clearing the way for the creation of the country's sixth largest financial

Canada Trustco president Mr Mervyn Lahn, who has made no secret of his preference for widely dispersed ownership of Canadian financial institutions, said in a letter

Genstar has already accumulated

THE BOARD of Canada Trustco, ers Life, the multinational insur-

controlling position when other shareholders tender their shares

Canada Trustco with its 99.9 per cent owned subsidiary Canada Permanent Mortgage Company creating a financial services group with assets of C\$20.5bn.

The two companies' profits totalled C\$130m last year.

to shareholders yesterday, that 'in the absence of a better offer they should accept the latest Genstar offer of C\$45.20 (U.S.S33.5) a share.

He said that 23 Canada Trustco join the rauks of several Canadian directors intend to tender almost all companies putting together net-their shares when Genstar formally works of financial institutions to makes its offer on the Toronto and take advantage of the gradual Montreal stock exchanges next deregulation of the Canadian finan-

Société Générale de Balgique, the 35 per cent of Canada Trustco's Belgian investment group is Gen-common shares by purchases on star's largest shareholder, owning the open market and by acquiring 8.8 per cent of its voting shares dithe 27.5 per cent interest previously rectly and another 5.6 per cent held by a rival bidder, Manufactur-through affiliates,

54 die in Boeing 737

Continued from Page 1

Boeing tri-jet 727, of which 1,831 were sold before production ceased. There have been only two fatal accidents to the aircraft previously. One was in 1981, when a 737 broke up in flight over Taiwan, killing all 110 passengers and crew. Subsequent investigation revealed heavy corrosion on that aircraft.

The other was an Air Florida aircraft that crashed into the Potomac river after taking off from Washington National in 1982, with heavy ice accretion on its wings, killing 78.

Overall, the world fleet of Boeing 737s has carried 1.27bn passens over the past 17% years, with the aircraft accumulating some 20m flyhigher-capacity version, the 737-300, designed to carry between 130 and 149 passengers which is

cast fresh doubt on popular belief among airline travellers that it is safest to sit at the back an aircraft. After the Japanese Boeing 747 disester on August 12 in which all board were sitting at the rear, airline officials reported a big jump in the number of passengers requesting seets at the back.

All 29 survivors of the Delta Airlines Lockheed, which crashed this month at Dallas-Fort Worth killing 134 people, were also sitting as the

chester, however, the safest place to state-owned CGE electronics group. ing hours. Boeing has developed a be was at the front or in the middle of the aircraft. Nearly all those who died appeared to have succernibed still to receive the final approval of to fumes and flames in the rear sec- both parties and of the Paris com-

ADVERTISEMENT-





Good progress is being made in the now topped out.

ing 30% of the total plant and equipment of UK origin, has already been shaped and the structure has taken shape.

Power for the Falklands

NEI Projects has been awarded a £m.
contract for the development of the
power distribution system in the Port
Stanley area of the Falkland Islands. Equipment for Japan
Enel Corporation of the USA, NET:
Chicago-based mecommunications

equipment company, has secured its first Ispanese order for communications terminals. Further Ispanese orders are expected later this year. Sellafield Plant Order Thompson Nuclear Engineering has won a 2750,000 order for equipment for the vitrification plant at British Nuclear Fuels' Sellafield plant in Cumbria.

UPS for China International Power Machines, NET's electronics operation in Terras, has secured an order worth more than \$2m.

from China for its transistorised uninter

TWO FOR MINUSER ESSAL
TWO NEI units have won separate orders,
worth flm. each, from Middle East
customers. Reyrolle Distribution Switchgear is supplying IRV switchgear, while
Peebles Electrical Machines is supplying



and construction while other NEI con

New unit developed for British Rail

A static invertor unit to provide electrical supplies for rail coach air-conditioning and emergency lighting equipment has been developed by NEI Electronics for British Rail. The new unit, which takes the form of a module understang from the coach frame, is inherently more reliable and requires less maintenance than the

notary converters used for these duries.

A prototype usit completed a successful field trial programme in a Mark III coach last year and NEI Electronics have subsequently received further: orders for similar units, reflecting the widespread interest of rail equipment manufacturers.



Northern Engineering Industries plc NEI House, Regent Centre, Newcastle upon Tyne, England NE3 3SB
Tel: Tyneside 091 284 3191 Telex: 537900 (NEI NCL G)



SECTION II – COMPANIES AND MARKETS

FINANCIAL TIMES

Friday August 23 1985



Brochure available from: W Cenning pic, Canning House, St. Paul's Square. Birmingham B3 10R. Telephone 021-236 8224.

Chapter 11 filing to be challenged

By Our Financial Staff

LAWYERS for some of the women who have sued A. H. Robins, the U.S. pharmaceuticals group, over injuries allegedly caused by its Dalkon Shield contraceptive, plan to challenge the company's filing this challenge the company's filing this challenge to the company's filing this challenge the company's filing this challenge to the company's filing this challenge the company's filing this challenge to the company's filing this challenge the company's filing the challenge the company's filing this challenge the company's filing the challenge the company's filing this challenge the company's filing the challenge the company's filing the challenge the company's filing this challenge the company the challenge the company the challenge that challenge the challenge the challenge t week for protection under Chapter 11 of the U.S. bankruptcy code.

about 5,100 cases still pending. It is seeking protection from creditors under the bankruptcy laws, which means that all pending and future lawsuits will be stopped.

Yesterday, Mr Aaron Levine, a lawyer representing 100 former Dalkon Shield users suing Robins, said he would ask the U.S. Bankruptry Court to dismiss the company's petition for protection. Other lawyers are expected to follow suit.

Meanwhile Ms Sybil Shainwald of the Women's National Health

Network said: "We believe Robins is still solvent." She said the bankruptcy proceedings were an insult to women awaiting settlement. For the entire period of the proceedings, the women who were injured will not get compensation, she added. "Some of these women have already been waiting five years."

Mr Claiborne Robins, chief executive, said the company's present operations had been strong and this trend was expected to continue. Robins shares were still trading early yesterday, down \$1% at \$8%.

Icahn to lift **TWA** stake to 50%

By Our Financial Staff

MR CARL Icahn, the Wall Street financier who is set for victory in the long-running battle for control of Trans World Airlines, plans to raise his stake in the airline to more than 50 per cent without waiting for a formal response from the company on his \$24 a share bid.

Mr Icahn, who holds 45.5 per cent of TWA's shares, said in a filing with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission that he planned to acquire the additional shares "from time to time in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions."

Earlier this week TWA's board declined to take steps suggested by Texas Air to "lock up" its rival \$26 a share bid. The suggestions were aimed at stopping Mr Icahn from acquiring control, but their rejection was widely interpreted as a victory for Mr Icahn.

Nixdorf sees scope for growth

By Our Financial Staff

NIXDORF, the West German computer group which came to the stock market just over a year ago, expects trading to remain successful following a 24 per cent increase in sales for the first half of 1985.

Turnover for the half year rose to DM 1.56bn (\$563m) from DM 1.26bn. Nixdorf bases its optimism about trading in the current six months on the "high level" of orders

In an interim report, Nixdorf said the company benefited from buoy-ant demand in local and international markets. Its plants continued

to operate at full capacity. Sales in the German market rose 20 per cent in the half year, while sales abroad rose 27 per cent spurred by orders from banks, large retailers and small to medium-sized

Nizdorf said first half orders rose

29 per cent. Orders on hand rose 24 per cent to DM 3.9bn. The DM 720m of new capital

raised in July had provided a sound base for expansion. Nixdorf said. Nixdorf recruited 1,500 workers during the first half.

Nedlloyd warns over outlook

By Our Financial Staff

NEDILOYD, the Dutch shipping group, reports improved profits for the first half of 1985 but werns that earnings for the whole year may well fall short of 1984, writes our

Financial Staff. Net profits for the half-year are FI 60.2m (\$19.3m) against FI 52.4m with total revenue improving from FI 2.36bn to FI 2.46bn. Liner trade FI 2.36bn to FI 2.400m. Lines trades are profits this year are expected to be lower, while the bulk trades are sold to be heading for another loss.

| Transatiantic Insurance Holdings | Transatiantic Insurance Holdings | PLC Liberty's 75 per cent-owned | Transatiantic Insurance Holdings | PLC Liberty's 75 per cent-owned | PLC Liberty's 75 per c

AH Robins' American Express to reacquire stake in card processor

BY TERRY DODSWORTH IN NEW YORK

nancial services group, is planning press, he added to spend \$225m to repurchase a 25

The decision marks a change of strategy at American Express, which sold its holding for less than The group has paid awards and settlements totalling \$378.3m relating to the Dalkon Shield, leaving wants to strengthen its commits.

> industry. pointed president of the group, stressed that the company sees a \$36 a share for the FDR stake, and particularly strong demand for the data processing strengths of FDR agreement with management to within American Express, as its business becomes more dependent stock and all their class B shares on computerised technology.

AMERICAN EXPRESS, the U.S. fi- independently of American Ex-FDR developed out of American

> needs, and has since grown into the third largest third-party processor of U.S. bank card transactions. It has the capacity to handle 325,000 electronic and voice authorisation requests in a day, and has also

ment to the information processing According to American Expres the precise form and terms of the Mr Louis Gerstner, the newly ap-share purchase have yet to be nego-cointed president of the group, tisted. But it said that it is offering on computerised technology.

At the same time, FDR will conrate of \$36 a share. The shares were

Lac Minerals poised for platinum purchase

BY KENNETH MARSTON, MINING EDITOR, IN LONDON

LAC Minerals Canada's major gold come to 390,000 tonnes grading 24.6

has presented a feasibility plan for mills. taking the deposits to production. This compares with R31.37m for

reserves, both proven and probable, period of 1984.

producer is aiming to expand to grammes platinum-palladium per platinum. It has reached agreement tonne. There are also 1.6m tonnes with Atlantic Richfield's subsidiary, of possible ore grading 26.4 Anaconda, to acquire the latter's grammes platinum-palladium one-third partnership interest in Palabora, the Rio Tinto-Zinc County by the control of the

Stillwater Mining for \$15m.

Stillwater Maning for \$15m.

Stillwater has a one-third stake Africa, has raised half-year net in high grade platinum-palladium profits to R34.81m (\$13.9m) despite properties in southern Montana. Production problems caused by The project operator, Chevron USA, cracks in two of its autogenous wills.

The third partner is Manville Products Corporation.

The properties contain a plating partner is dead in the properties contain a plating partner is maked to 25 cents. This num-palladium hearing zone with a makes a half year total of 45 cents on pared with 35 cents in the same

Bradbury Wilkinson set for expansion

BY CHARLES BATCHELOR IN LONDON

BRADBURY WILKINSON, one of with 230 employees and an annual the largest UK printers of bank-turnover of nearly 13tm (\$12.4m).

tain a 20 per cent holding. The two cences, car registration forms, cur-companies have collaborated over rency, travellers cheques and the past two to three years to devel- stamps.

Gatwick-based cheques subsidiary to create a new division, Bradbury cards before it knew the PMI Data Information Technology Systems, purchase would go through.

notes, is to take a controlling stake
in the credit card arm of Photo-Me
International, which makes coinoperated photographic booths.

Bradbury will take an 80 per cent
stake in PMI Data for an undisclosed sum, which photo-Me will reclosed sum, a compathan \$100m. Its U.S. operation,
stake in PMI Data for an undisClosed sum, which photo-Me will reconcess car registration forms cur-

op the high-security cheque card now used by Britain's clearing banks.

Bradbury will merge PMI, which personal identification documents is based in Windsor, with its own Bradbury recently installed its

Gambro loss in first half

BY DAVID BROWN IN STOCKHOLM

GAMBRO, the Swedish manufacturer of kidney dialysis equipment were SKr 43.4m, down from SKr which has been undergoing major 52.1m achieved during the same pechanges since its acquisition last riod in 1984. That figure was caused year by the Sonessons Group, has plunged into the red for the first six months. To offset this it is selling its small diagnostics division and seeking a buyer for its larger loss the disposals climbed 10 per cent to its small diagnostics division and seeking a buyer for its larger loss making open heart surgery unit.

Total Gambro sales, adjusted for the disposals climbed 10 per cent to SKr 750m, and the operating result naking open heart surgery unit.

The group has been forced to charge the total estimated SKr 60m ly. The remaining two subsidiaries (\$7.3m) cost of the retrenchment had sales of SKr 17.2m during the against first half results, bringing the pre-tax loss to SKr 16.6m. Prof-

Dividend up for chemical group three challenge BY JOHN WICKS IN ZURICH

EMS-CHEMIE Holding, the Swiss chemical concern, is to propose increased dividend payments for the year ended April 30 1985 of SwFr 35 (\$15.5) per bearer share and SwFr 7 per registered share. Last year, dividend had been resumed at corresponding levels of SwFr 25 and SwFr 5 after being passed since 1981.

Group turnover rose in 1984-85 by 15 per cent to SwFr 391m, with operational cash flow up from SwFr idend had been resumed at corresponding levels of SwFr 25 and SwFr 5 after being passed since 1981.

 Competition from the foreign banks expected in the Swedish market next year, • Growing requirements for the automation of banking services.

Liberty Life again sees record profits

BY JIM JONES IN JOHANNESBURG

Africa's third largest life assurer, last year, again achieved record income and profits in the six months ended June 30, 1985.

The first half's premium income rose by 35.9 per cent to R338.1m (\$135m) from R248.7m in the curretotalled R510.3m and the taxed

iast year.

Mr Donald Gordon, the chairman, says that total new business.

property company, to 89.8 per cent from 29.7 per cent on August 1, but is to reduce this holding by selling

man, says that total new business shares to British investors. the first half of this year, from a corresponding level of R116.3m in cents a share from 143.4 cents, and (\$135m) from R248.7m in the corresponding period of 1984. The taxed profit from life insurance operations increased to R26.4m from tions increased to R26.4m from 21.3m, in 1984 net premium income 21.3m, in 1984 net premium income 21.3m, in 1984 net premium income 21.3m.

LIBERTY Life Association, South 1984 and R3.52bn at the end of June terest in Capital and Counties, the

Deutsche Bank goes into capital markets

ever, is London. Deutsche Bank Capital Markets is in business. Deutsche Bank's decision to open

don was "a natural extension to our investment banking business," says Michael von Brentano, one of the four managing directors of DBCM.
Investment bankers are discover-

tion is, just as their commercial brothers did several years ago. Despite the array of telecommuthe centre of the Eurobond market.

nications and electronics which now link the world's business capitals, Deutsche Bank felt the need Deutsche Bank has always been one of the top lead managers in the Brentano stresses that the move is league tables of Eurobond new issue houses, and is well respected by which will still be responsible for rector and himself a new recruit,

THE STYLE is German. Cool rival houses – something that does shades of blue and grey dominate not necessarily follow.

But bankers believed that eralised West German capital market.

But bankers believed that eralised West German capital market.

But bankers believed that eralised West German capital market.

But bankers believed that eralised West German capital market. Deutsche Bank's pre-eminence

. could have slipped away had it not made the move to London. "Cusa capital markets subsidiary in Lon-tomers come to London and do the rounds of the banks. It took a special trip to Frankfurt to see Deutsche Bank," says one. In 1984 the bank led 62 new is-

sues with a total value of \$5.85bn, ing that they must be where the ac- coming third in the rankings according to Euromoney figures. However, that represented a de-cline in market share from 16.2 per cent to 7.4 per cent and a fall in money raised from \$7.88bn in 1983. The London operation will cover for a physical presence in London, four main areas: bond trading and

sales, new issue syndication, corporate finance and swans Mr von not a total transfer from Frankfurt, Stanley Ross, another managing di-

This week DBCM launched its first bond issue syndicated from the London offices - an Australian dollar Eurobond for Industriekreditbank, a West German bank.

The new operation needs a high level of staff. The workforce now totals 80 and could exceed 100 in six months' time. Although many of these people were already Deutsche Bank employees, there has had to be some active recruitment. The hank's well-known name in the bond market, and the publicity sur-rounding the decision to come to London, which was taken late last

year, has helped as bond dealers have offered themselves to DBCM. The trading and sales side, under

By the beginning of next month he will have a staff of 19, including a tant. Borrowers agree. group of five traders from Manufac-turers Hanover. "We hire individu-

parture last month of Karl Miesel, formerly Deutsche Bank's director in charge of syndication. It had been thought in the Eurobond mar-ket that Mr Miesel was the driving time," says Mr von Brentano. The force behind the decision to open a bottom line is clearly more impor-London office. Would Deutsche's

als, we do not want to hire teams,"

Bankers observe that Deutsche Bank is too big to be affected by the loss of one person, however impor-

"Karl Miesel was a great asset to Deutsche, but our relationship is with the institution, not one man, als, we no not wont a says Engene Rotoerg, areasons to the staff has been the dedicate of the staff has been the staff has been the dedicate of the staff has been the staff

DBCM will not be aggressively buying business. "We are here to help our clients cover their needs tant than the top spot in the league commitment to London be as strong tables, if it comes to a choice

tween the two. Mr von Brentano is unwilling to The question now is whether discuss the subject further. He gives the impression, though, that serving the move says, "I think they Deutsche Bank is if anything more are finding it harder than they exdetermined to make the London pected. But it is Deutsche Bank. business work without Mr Miesel. They will get it right."

Eurobonds lively as investors increase the pace

robond market active again yester-day. Investors were taking a more positive attitude and traders report ed good demand in a number of different currency sectors, writes Maggie Urry in London.

In the Eurodollar market recent issues were pushed higher, with the writes Patrick Blum in Vienna. secondary market also gaining around % point. Further evidence of a sluggish U.S. economy helped the

Bank of Tokyo launched a \$100m deal with a 10-year life which is likely to find good demand in Japan. The coupon was set at 10% per cent and issue price at 101%. Bank of Tokyo International led the deal, which was trading within its 2 per

Fuii Bank was the latest Japaese bank to launch a convertible issue, which, like Mitsubishi and Sumitomo's deals, met strong demand. The issue totals \$100m of which \$80m is targeted to European investors with the rest destined for the Far East. Terms on the two life with an indicated 2% per cent

Merger of

Swedish

banks to

go ahead

By Kevin Done In Stockholm

SUNDSVALLBANKEN, Sweden's

leading regional commercial bank, is to take over Uplandsbanken, a smaller compatriot, in an all-share

deal worth around SKr 390m

The new bank which is to be named Nordbanken, will become

the fifth largest commercial bank in

Sweden. It will have total assets of more than SKr 21bn, a staff of 1400

The bank's business operations

will be concentrated in northern and central Sweden, reflecting the

pattern of the two banks' existing

ousiness. However, Nordbanken's

Under the terms of the deal

nead office will be in Stockholm.

to be offered 19 shares in Sundsvall-

banken for every ten shares in Up-landsbanken. The deal has the sup-

port of both the Swedish Finance Ministry and the Bank Inspecto-

rate. Joint operations are planned to start on January 1 next year.

that the merger was a response to the rapid changes occuring in Swedish and international financial

It was hoped that the new bank would have greater strength for

Demands for more sophisticated corporate services and for greater specialisation in the money and capital markets;

The two banks said yesterday

and some 128 offices.

Austrian bank to make new issue ÖSTERREICHISCHE Ländersue outside Austria, although Austrian investors will be al-

bank, Austria's third largest bank, will next week launch the first bond issue for an Austrian bank aimed at foreign investors,

The issue will total Sch 500m coming in two tranches; a Sch 270m eight-year zero coupon bond, and a Sch 230m eight-year 7% per cent bond.

A Swiss and West German bank will place the bulk of the is-

coupon and par issue price. Fuji International Finance is lead manag-er with the syndicates reflecting the selling area. The bonds were trading around 106. Fuji Bank is also planning a SwFr 120m convertible

In the Tokyo market the U.S. Student Loan Marketing Association is raising \$100m through a five-year public issue, following the World Bank's opening of this "shogun"

en the go-ahead partly to com-pensate for an increased flight of Austrian capital abroad and also to ease pressure on the sluggish domestic market. market. The terms were fixed at a

9% per cent coupon and 100% issue

price. Daiwa Securities is lead

lowed to buy the bonds.

Professor Stephan Koren, the president of the Austrian Nation-

al Bank stressed that the bank

remains opposed to the creation of a Euro-Schilling market.

However, the issue has been giv-

More "shogun" issues, including an Australian dollar-denominated deal for Victoria, are expected, is likely to launch a Yen issue in the

New York bond market. The D-Mark Eurobond market continued its strong performance

showed an even better rise of up to 80 basis points.
The recent EEC and Finland is-

sues were both trading above par, after being launched on Monday at 99. Buyers are finding paper in

Deutsche Bank launched a DM 35m issue with equity warrants for Teijin Seiki with a five-year life, and an indicated 3% per cent coupon. The issue was well received and traded around 105. The firm D-Mark market spilled

over into the European currency unit market, where there is also a shortage of new issues. Chase Manhattan went some way to relieving that problem by launching an Ecu 75m deal for Elf Aquitaine. The popular life in this market, and pay a 8% per cent coupon. Issue price is 100% and the bonds were trading at a discount within the 1 per cent sell-

ing concession.

with price gains of ¼ to ½ point. This has a 17 per cent coupon and while the domestic bond market was priced at 100%. Fees total 1%

An issue which had planned a New Zealand dollar deal, Kone, the Finnish lift company, has moved its issue to the Australian dollar sector. Manufacturers Hanover led the A\$30m five-year issue which pays a 13 per cent coupon and is priced at 100%. Traders offered the issue

around the 2 per cent total fees. Turnover was at a high level in the Swiss franc foreign bond mar-ket as buyers reacted to the continting weakness of the dollar. Prices rose by around 4 point Dual-currency issues, however, were weaker, with the new deal from Kendall falling 2 points to 95. UBS launched a SwFr 100m pub-

lic issue for the Metropolis of bonds mature after three years, a Tokyo. This will have an eight to 10 year-life and the yield is indicated at 5% per cent, terms considered right by traders.

In the Euro-Danish krone bond market the Finance Institute for Kredietbank Luxembourg is bor- Danish Industry launched its first rowing NZ\$50m through a three-public foreign bond issue raising year issue led by Morgan Guaranty. - DKr 300m.

This advertisement complies with the requirements of the Chuncil of The Stock Exchange and does not constitute an offer of, or invitation to subscribe for or purchase, any securiles.



British Petroleum (Overzee) B.V.

(Incorporated in The Netherlands with limited liability)

25,000 8% Dual Currency Japanese Yen/U.S. Dollar **Guaranteed Bonds Due 1995**

in a total issue amount of Yen 25,000,000,000 and a total redemption amount of U.S.\$120,200,000

unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by

The British Petroleum Company p.l.c.

(Incorporated in England under the Companies (Consolidation) Act 1908 registered number 102498)

Issue Price 101.25 per cent. The following have agreed to subscribe or procure subscribers for the Bonds:-

Nomura International Limited

Bank of Tokyo International Limited

Morgan Guaranty Ltd

Citicorp Investment Bank Limited Mitsubishi Trust & Banking Corporation (Europe) S.A.

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited

Dai-Ichi Kangyo International Limited

Mitsui Trust Bank (Europe) S.A.

Kidder, Peabody International Limited

Morgan Stanley International

Paribas Limited

Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited

The Taiyo Kobe Bank (Luxembourg) S.A.

Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft

Goldman Sachs International Corp. Kyowa Bank Nederland N.V.

Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd.

Salomon Brothers International Limited

S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd. Yasuda Trust Europe Limited

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the Bonds to be admitted to the Official List. Interest on the Bonds is payable annually in arrear, on 3rd September, the first such payment being due on 3rd

Listing particulars relating to British Petroleum (Overzee) B.V., The British Petroleum Company p.Lc. and the Bonds are available in the Extel Statistical Service and copies may be obtained during usual business hours up to and including 27th August, 1985 from the Company Announcements Office of The Stock Exchange and up to and including 5th

September, 1985 from:-Nomura House,

London EC3R 8AJ

The British Petroleum Company p.L.c. Britannic House, Moor Lane, London EC2Y 9BU

Hoare Govett Lad., 319-325 High Holborn, London WC1V 7PB

Bankers Trust Company, 69 Old Broad Street, London EC2P2EE

23rd Angust, 1985

Kr 6.00. Portugal Eac 20: Spain Pin 110; Switchland Fr 220; Witchland Fr 220; Witchl

Mystery

By Lachina Drumm

received an approach from an

unnamed company which the

unnamed company which the beer group says may lead to a rival takeover offer significantly above the A\$1.1bm (US\$777.1m) bid on the table from Bond Corporation Holdings.

The bid by Mr Alan Bond's company is pitched at A\$7.50 a share. A significantly higher offer in the A\$8 to A\$9 a share range would cost from A\$1.17bn to A\$1.32bu.

Castlemaine would not reveal

Castlemaine would not reveal the identity of the potential rival but said it expected talks

would be concluded by next

The acquisitive Adelaide Steamship group and larger mining houses seeking a rela-

tively non-cyclical source of income have been suggested as

DLYMPIC

US\$42,600,000

Multi Currency **Instalment Sale Facility** of one (1) Boeing 747-212B Aircraft

Managed by

Central Leasing Company Limited (a member of the Tokai Bank group)

Provided by

Central Leasing Company Limited Central Finance Co., Limited Nittetsu Lease Co., Limited Chukyo General Lease Co., Limited

Arranged by

Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited



NATIONAL BANK OF SHARJAH

US\$25,000,000

Floating Rate Certificates of Deposit due 1988

is hereby given that for the six months from 21st August, 1985 to 21st February, 1986 the Certificates of Deposit will carry an interest rate

The interest payable on each US\$ 250,000 Certificate on the relevan terest payment date, 21st February, 1986 will be US\$11,260.42.

Bankers Trust Company

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V.

The Bank of Nova Scotia Group

Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft

Kleinwort, Benson Limited

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc

Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank N.V.

Midland Bank plc

ondon Office

London Branch

London Branch

Berliner Bank A.G.

Lloyds Bank International

FINANCIAL TIMES

BASILDON **SURVEY**

THURSDAY **OCTOBER 3, 1985**

COLIN DAVIES 01-248 8090 ext 3240

This advertisement appears as a matter of record only

TWENTY FOUR -retail finance-

£250,000,000 **Acceptance Credit Facility**

£5,000,000 **Subordinated Loan Facility for**

CLUB 24 LIMITED

a subsidiary of J. Hepworth & Son ple arranged and managed by

BARCLAYS MERCHANT BANK LIMITED

funds provided by

The Toronto-Dominion Bank

Westpac Banking Corporation

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES and FINANCE

SIA sets share flotation timetable

SINGAPORE International Airlines (SIA), the island state's highly successful national flag carrier, aims to offer a minority of its shares to the public by November, and will include private placements in London, New York and Tokyo ahead of a listing in Singapore targeted for in Singapore targeted for SIA staff holding narity-naid ing in Singapore targeted for

Details of the offer, the first in a government "privatisation" programme promised earlier this year, were confirmed yes-terday by Mr Lim Chin Beng, SIA's deputy chairman.

We have now set a timetable and will try to stick to it," he declared. "The schedule is not dependent on the state of the local stock market." The market has been persistently weak in recent months, reflecting Singapore's sharp economic

Mr Lim's revelations end some confusion about the timing of the long-awaited offer, which is being handled by the government-controlled DBS Bank, but certain questions still remain to

The precise number of shares to be offered appears to depend on how many shares SIA staff will sell from their own stock-

Izumi in U.S.

engine venture

IZUMI Automotive Industry, a

IZUMI Automotive Industry, a Japanese maker of diesel engine pistons and cylinder liners has tied up with Adiabatics, a U.S. engine venture company to help the Columbus, Indiana-based concern develop a ceramic-based diesel engine.

Izumi has obtained a 5 per contribute in Adiabatics and present develop a ceramic based diesel engine.

cent stake in Adlabatics and will provide pistons, cylinder liners and other components for test-ing by the U.S. concern which

ceramic

one-for-one bonus issue, and will ask the Government to SIA staff holding partly-paid allow the Singapore public to

Chris Sherwell in Singapore on the longawaited privatisation of the world's 15th largest

shares under a special scheme will have to convert them to fully-paid shares in order to claim bonus shares. DBS Bank will stand ready to buy unconverted partly-paid shares, whereupon this element of the staff share-owning scheme will lapse. If, as expected, staff sell many of their shares too, the effective number on offer will be much larger than 50m, Mr

Lim indicated.
The Government

although its current stake of 76 per cent will plainly be diluted by an unspecified amount. The stake is held by Temasek Holdings, one of the biggest

government corporations.

To help the share offer, SIA

buy the new shares with savings Fund, All employees in the island state contribute to the fund, and the SIA idea would follow a precedent set when shares were offered in Singa-

while lobbying hard to handle the proposed placem unspecified size.

UK. U.S. and Japan are mean-

expected to lose its majority SIA appears determined to go shareholding in the company, ahead with the offer as a fixed

This is very different from

suitor for Castlemaine some bankers feel the latter might be more appropriate in light of the staff holding, but there is no precedent for this in Singapore. The fixed price course will mean staff who sell their shares can expect wind-Tooheys CASTLEMAINE TOOHEYS, the Australian leading brewer, has fall gains because the offer price is likely to be at a premium. This price will be difficult

for DBS Bank to judge. Price-earnings ratios for publicly quoted airlines vary widely, while for shares generally on the Singapore stock exchange they are relatively high.

In terms of timing, progress has been hampered both by the decline in the local stock market and by the complications of the staff shareholdings. SIA's results for 1984-85, on the other hand, have been its best-ever—revenues above SSSbn (U.S.\$1.35bn) for the first time, group after-tax profits up 28 per cent at \$\$179.5m—and cur-

rently there are no route dis-putes outstanding.
Skilfully marketed for its efficiency and its "Singapore Girl" hostesses, SIA is one of the top 15 world airlines, a posi-tion out of all proportion to

ducts and compete for export orders in neighbouring coun-

income have been suggested as potential buyers, while ACI International, the big glass bottle and building materials group, has ruled itself out of contention.

Castlemaine is 25 per cent owned by Allied-Lyons of the UK, which has yet to make clear its intentions.

Should another bid emerge it seems likely Rond Comparation

Friday.

seems likely Bond Corporation would take profits on its holdings of some 18 per cent of Castlemaine's capital. It has assembled its stake at around announced in April will have a significant impact in the current half, according to Mr David Lewis the chairman. He said A\$7.50 per share and at A\$8 would show a profit of almost this would also provide the additional cashflow necessary to start on the first stage of the start on the first stage of the company's \$17m expansion pro-gramme. This would enable Dunlop both to meet growing domestic demand for its pro-A344m.

Bond owns Swan Breweries.
Shares in Castlemaine moved
40 cents higher yesterday to
A\$7.90, with the company urging shareholders to take no
action.

Dunlop Zimbabwe doubles profit

DUNLOP ZIMBABWE more been able to work at maximum in the six months to June.

than doubled net profits in the capacity.

Higher tyre and tube prices than doubled net profits in the first half of 1985 to Z\$2.2m (US\$1.35m) and the interim 1984 when Dunlop was forced into an extended period of

a share.

The company, now controlled allocations with which to purby BTR of the UK, said sales chase raw materials.

Allocations with which to purby BTR of the UK, said sales chase raw materials.

In addition, Dunlon foreign foreign because increased currency quotas had meant that the group's Bulawayo factory had not

Adiabatics was established in 1983 by Mr Roy Kamo, a Japanese American who formerly headed research and developments. **Utico Holdings earnings** slide despite sales gain

formerly headed research and development at Cummins Engine, the world's largest diesel engine maker. The U.S. company is working on the development of engines with heat insulation.

A ceramic engine has high heat resistance and the cooling system can be eliminated—unlike conventional engines it would require no radiator—thereby reducing the weight of the engine and simplifying the system. The two companies have left open the possibility of joint manufacturing in the U.S..

Barclays Bank Group

Bank of Montreal

Bank of Scotland

Grindlays Bank pic

Swiss Bank Corporation

Standard Chartered Bank Group

Central Trustee Savings Bank Limited

N.M. Rothschild & Sons Limited

Allied Irish Investment Bank plc

normal December-January main-tenance shutdown had been deferred in order to meet a backlog of orders for tyres and

UTICO HOLDINGS, the South R1.86m from R5m in the African tobacco and snack interim pre-tax profit. foods company which is a sub-sidiary of BAT Industries of the 1984 as a whole, operating

operating profit before tax and interest fell to R4.72m from R6.42m in the wake of reduced discretionary spending on mass volume consumer goods which was exacerbated by inventory reductions by wholesalers and

African tobacco and snack foods company which is a subsidiary of BAT Industries of the UK, increased turnover in the first half of this year but suffered a drop in profits.

Sales rose to R85.9m (\$34.4m) in the six months to June from a corresponding pite the adverse effect of the 1984 level of R81m. The interim pre-tax and manufacturing costs.

manufacturing costs.
First-half earnings were halved to 22 cents a share from 44.1 cents and the interim dividend has been cut to 7 cents from 10 cents. Last year a total dividend of 28 cents was retailers. A higher interest bill declared from earnings of 70.1 contributed to a reduction to cents.

Union Carbide India drops sale

BY R. C. MURTHY IN BOMBAY

UNION CARBIDE India has unit as a going concern for abandoned the proposed sale of Rs 120m (\$10.1m)

DAIWA EUROPE LIMITED

-Japanese Equity Warrants Service-AICA KOGYO 17/8/90
CASIO COMPUTERS 6/3/89
C. ATOH 4/5/89
C. ITOH 4/5/89
C. ITOH 20/1/87
DOWA MINING 20/7/90
PLJIKURA CABLE 28/4/89
HAZAMA GUMI 1/1/89
J.S.R. 28/4/89
JISCO 22/12/89
KAYABA INDS 15/2/89
KAYABA INDS 15/2/89
MARUZEN 12/2/90
MIT CHEMICAL 20/1/80
MIT CORPORATION 7/11/88
MIT GAS & CHEM 20/3/89
MITSUI E/S 16/10/89
MITSUI E/S 16/10/89
MITSUI E/S 16/10/89
MITSUI E/S 10/12/87
MIT METAL 102/89
MITSUI E/S 10/12/89

All of these Securities have been sold. This announcement appears as a matter of record only

1,200,000 Shares

MBI Business Centers, Incorporated Common Stock

MORGAN STANLEY & CO.

BLUNT ELLIS & LOEWI ALEX. BROWN & SONS DREXEL BURNHAM LAMBERT

DILLON, READ & CO. INC. HAMBRECHT & QUIST

THE FIRST BOSTON CORPORATION BEAR, STEARNS & CO. DONALDSON, LUFKIN & JENRETTE
Securities Corporation

KIDDER, PEABODY & CO. PRUDENTIAL-BACHE

LAZARD FRERES & CO.

E. F. HUTTON & COMPANY INC. MONTGOMERY SECURITIES ROBERTSON, COLMAN & STEPHENS

L. F. ROTHSCHILD, UNTERBERG, TOWBIN SMITH BARNEY, HARRIS UPHAM & CO.

SHEARSON LEHMAN BROTHERS INC. WERTHEIM & CO., INC. DEAN WITTER REYNOLDS INC.

ABD SECURITIES CORPORATION KLEINWORT, BENSON

ALGEMENE BANK NEDERLAND N.V.

August 7, 1985

BANQUE DE NEUFLIZE, SCHLUMBERGER, MALLET

COMPAGNIE DE BANQUE ET D'INVESTISSEMENTS, CBI

HILL SAMUEL & CO.

VEREINS- UND WESTBANK

August 1985

 $27\eta_{1/A}$

crec

THE K

Mysen

witor for

Castlengin

INTL. COMPANIES & FINANCE

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

issues for which an adequate secondary market exists. The

The list shows t	he 200 e price	lates	t inte	matio	nal bond is
U.S. DOLLAR				Chang	e on
STRAIGHTS	bessed	Bid	Ciler	day -	week Yield
Amex Credit 10% 90	100	1015	1021 ₈	+ 614	+ 01, 18,33
Amex Credit 12% 86	150	1661-2	107	+ 814	+ 07- 9.99
Attant Richted 1014 00	550	15	第½	+ 612	+ 07a 10.90
Australia Com 111, 00 Australia Com 11 95	100	103	1031-	+ 620	+ 82, 10.79
EP Capeal 11's 92	200	105.9		+ 958	+ 17, 10,46
Canada 115 90	150 800	10212	103	+ 514	+ 97, 10.49
Canadian Pac 10s, 53	100	165½ 180%	106	+ 648	+ 64: 9.84
Consider Pag 1212 99	75	167	101% 107%	+ 8%	+ 6% 10.58 . + 6% 11.43
CBS Inc 119, 92	100	19378	1867	+ 012	+ 97, 19.51
Chevron U.S.A. 121, 89	800	10516	1055 ₈	+ 6 -	+ 612 10.56
Critcorp 111 ₂ 95	150	1017	1923	+ 812	+ 014 11.12
Coca Cola 179, 91	100	19778	1063 ⁸	+ 836	+ 6% 9.81
Denmark Kingdom 11v, 89	700	1823	16572	+ 878	+ 848 18.16
Denmerk Kingdom 111- 90	100	10178	18438	+ 636	+ 87a 10.26
Denmark Kingdom 11's 92 Denmark Kingdom 13's 91	100	1041 ₅	1845	+ 876	+ 11, 10.52
ED.F. 10 95	100 225	111 95	111 lz	+ 612	+ 812 18.83
EEC. 114 90	100	1937	1037	+ 614	+ 1 19,62 + 95 ₉ 10,04
ELB 1295	200	197	107 2	+ 814	+ 99, 19,74
Export Dev Corp 10 90	100	9976	160%	+ 03	+ 0'2 9.91
Export Dev Corp 12 69	100	10814	1064	+ 6 %	+ 945 10,00
Fed Dep Stores 10's 95	100	95°-	8714	+ 812	+ 1 18.82
Ford Motor Cred 113, 90	100	1825	1834	+ 8%	+ 6% 18.50
Ford Motor Cred 114, 95	100	7020-	10278	9	+ 034 11.14
Ford Motor Cred 11% 92 Ford Motor Cred 12 85	100	1000	10378	+ 649	+1 19.93
Gan Bac Cooks 10s. on	100 200	105 1007 ₈	195 ½ 1013s	+ 85g + 83a	+1 11.85
GMAC 104 89	200	100/g 101	1015	+ 646	+ 85 ₈ 10.20 + 95 ₆ 2.21
ISM Credit 199, 2000	300	78278	1023	- 63g	+ 83 ₄ 10.07
Japan Air Lines 134 94		11794	11874	+ 012	+ 13, 10.29
Kellogg Company 10% 90	190	1027 _B	10356	+ 626	+ 976 9.93
Kellogg Company 114 92	100	18378	1843	+ 026	+ 5% 12.31
LT.C.B. 127, 91	100	118	11812	+ 912	+ 97, 10,52
Marry Cred Corp 114, 95	100	1643.	19514	+ 612	+ 13 ₈ 10.85
Mellon Benk 13 87 Merrill Lynch 124, 88	100 100	165일 1786일 .	106 1865a	+ 614	- 014 9.73
Monnesota 11'y 67	190	1004s	1013	+63€ +63a	+ 81 ₂ 10,73 + 81 ₂ 9,32
Mitsul Trust 114, 90	100	102	10212	- Pi	- 93 ₆ 16.56
Morgan Guaranty 124 89	150	1087s	1074	+ 626	+ 87, 10.16
Penney J.C. 12% 91	100	10024	19874	+0%	+ 612 10.77
Pru Realty secs 121 ₈ 95	546	10612	107	+ 01s	+ 1 18.81
Clantas Airways 10% 85	140	9878	200	چ ا 8 1 +	+ 97, 10.51
Cuebec Hydro 11 5 92	190	183 lp	1035 ₉	. .	- 01 ₀ 10.78
Queensland Govt 104 95	100	27°	W78	+ 814	+ 034 18.85
Paisson Punna 113, 95	150	18474	19574	+ 626	+1 19.07
Relation Purma 124, 89 Sestatchevan 104, 92	100	10g 102	166 2	+ 828	+ 074 18.19
Sastanchewen 11% 80	100 100	19534	1021 ₂ 1051 ₄	+ 812 + 63g	+ 13 ₅ 10.23 + 63 ₄ 10.65
5 Wales Tray 113, 90	150	10512	106	+ 12%	+ 97, 10.12
Swed Exp Cred 10 92	100	973.	5014	+ 018	+ 0% 10.41
Swed Exp Cred 124, BSXW	100	1075	10818	+ 814	+ 1 10.27
Sweden Kingdom 10% 90	200	10214	1023.	+ 0%	+ 05a 10.16
Sweden Kingdom 11-, 89		1563	10478	+ 826	+ 412 14.69
Sweden Kingdom 174, 94	100	1053 ₅	10576	+ 812	+1 10.74
Tenneco Corp 10% 95	150	14812	101	+ 812	+ \$5, 10.61
Texago Capital 111, 95	250 .	10112	192	+ 6%	+ 1 10.81
Tokai Asia 11'y 95	100	1025g	1831)	+ 512	+1 10.99
Victorien Rep 11% 92 World David 131 - Na	150	1045	185%	+ 636	+ 979 19.55
World Bank 124 94 World Bank 127, 94	150 200	1881 ₂ 112	100	+ 624	+ 11- 10.89
1115 H D田本 1278 34	. AW	112	11212	+ 918	+ 1% 19.69

Gry week Yield + 814, 8 0.36 + 85e + 87e E.71 + 81e + 81e E.71 + 81e + 81e E.89 + 81e + 11e E.89 + 81e + 17e E.89 + 81e + 87e E.89 + 81e + 81e E.80 + 81e + 81e E.80

Expect Day Corp 54 92 Gen Occidentale #1- PA

Change to day week Yield + 81s + 85s 8.52 + 81s + 81s 8.52 + 81s + 81s 8.57 + 81s + 81s 8.57 + 81s + 81s 8.51

Coupon No. 8 will be £1,480.82.

By: Citibank, N.A., London, Fiscal Agent

August 23, 1985

Trurated

The state of the s

d Bid Offer C.din C.cpm C.yid

27'2 27'7 27'8 25' 2.5'

27'2 27'7 27'8 25' 2.5'

27'3 180'3 28'7 118' 7.59 7.7'

180'4 190'5 127'1 2.1' 2.2'

180'4 190'5 127'1 2.1' 2.2'

180'4 190'5 22'1 11.0 1.2'

27'5 190'6 22'9 190'6 10.3'

27'5 190'6 22'9 190'6 10.3'

27'5 190'6 22'9 190' 10.3'

27'5 190'6 27'9 7.5' 7.5'

27'5 190'6 27'9 7.5' 7.5'

27'5 190'6 27'9 7.5' 7.5'

27'5 27'5 27'7 7.5'

28'5 190'6 27'9 7.5' 7.5'

28'5 190'6 27'9 7.5' 7.5'

28'5 29'4 10'1 2.5' 2.5'

28'5 29'4 10'1 2.5' 2.5'

28'5 29'4 10'1 2.5' 2.5'

28'5 29'4 10'1 2.5' 2.5'

28'5 29'4 10'1 2.5' 2.5'

28'5 29'4 10'1 2.5' 2.5'

28'5 29'4 10'1 2.5' 2.5'

28'5 29'4 10'1 2.5' 2.5'

28'5 29'4 10'1 2.5' 2.5'

28'5 29'4 10'1 2.5' 2.5'

28'5 29'4 10'1 11.5' 2.5'

28'5 29'4 10'1 11.5' 11.5'

100'1 100'2 29'1 2.5' 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 11.5' 11.5'

100'1 100'2 29'1 2.5' 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 11.5' 11.5'

100'1 100'2 29'1 2.5' 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 11.5' 11.5'

100'1 100'2 29'1 2.5' 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 11.5' 11.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 11.5' 11.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 11.5' 11.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 11.5' 11.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 11.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 11.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 11.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 11.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 11.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

28'5 29'4 29'1 2.5'

CONVENTIBLE BONDS 3 99 Alternato 3 99 Fature 34, 96 Fullitro 3 99 Karwagai Gumi 3*2 2000 Marui 3*2 99 Missibishi Elec 2*a, 00 Marui 3*2 90

in milities of termory units except for Yan leads where it is in billions.

Descript on work - Charge over price a week series.

Commerciale Described at its deliver envises enterwise indicated. Clay, day
— Change on day. Care, date — First date for connection into charge. Care, price
— Homistal amount of hand per phone exposesed in correctly of above at conversion rate Stand at Issue. From — Percentage possibles of the correct affection price of stapicing chartes via the bond over the most recent price of the charge.

Boliden sharply lower in half

posted a sharp drop in earnings of 26 per cent after financial costs to SKr 185m (\$22.3m) in weak mar-kets for the first six months. The group has been forced to write down its earnings estimate for the full year.

Uncertainty in the world's metals markets and weakening prices, es-pecially for lead, silver, copper and zinc, suggest 1985 results will only reach some SKr 200-250m, said Mr John Dahlfors, the managing director, who had previously forecast a result of as much as SKr 400m. Turnover was stagnant at SKr

3.02bn, while operating costs climb-ed by 3 per cent to SKr 2.67bn. This was partly because of disruption in production stemming indirectly from prolonged public sector strike in Sweden as well as the harsh win-

facturer of welding equipment, reported a 48 per cent rise in pre-tax profits to SKr 99m (\$11.9m) for the first six months against the SKr 67m achieved during the same

period last year.
Turnover climbed 29 per cent to SKr 1.99hn, yielding an operating result after depreciation of SKr 148m, up SKr 41m. Net financial costs advanced SKr 9m to SKr 49m, while order intake went up 27 per cent to SKr 2.04bn.

Late last year, ESAB agreed to buy the welding activities of Philips of the Netherlands after a number of large purchases from Britain's BOC group. This capped a four-year acquisitions spree aimed at securing a dominant position on crowded world market.

Veba sees earnings improvement

vent, the west Gerhair energy conglomerate, has forecast higher profits for 1985, and hinted at a pos-sible increase in the dividend. Net profits for the first six

months improved to DM 245m (\$88m) against DM 221m for the comparable period last year. Sales have moved up from DM 24.7bm to DM 25.7bn.

For the whole of 1985, Veba expoint that the dividend should at least match the DM 7.50 paid last

Sales of group production units rose 6.9 per cent to DM 16.1bn in the half year, while turnover of the services group at DM 9.61bn was virtually unchanged.

The general economic uptrend in Germany as well as improvements in group structure contributed to the earnings improvement in the half year, Veba said.

IBM Credit Corporation

(Incorporated with limited liability in the State of Delaware, U.S.A.)

Yen 25,000,000,000 8% Dual Currency Notes Due September 10 1995

The following have agreed to subscribe or procure subscribers for the Notes:-

S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

Banque Nationale de Paris

Dai-Ichi Kangyo International Limited LTCB International Limited

Merrill Lynch International & Co.

Nomura International Limited

Daiwa Europe Limited Morgan Guaranty Ltd

Morgan Stanley International Salomon Brothers International Limited

Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited Tokai International Limited

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

Yasuda Trust Europe Limited

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the Notes to be admitted to the Official List. Interest on the Notes is payable annually in arrear on 10th September, the first such payment being due on 10th

Listing particulars relating to IBM Credit Corporation and the Notes are available in the Extel Statistical Service and copies may be obtained during usual business hours up to and including 28th August, 1985 from the Company Announcements Office of The Stock Exchange and up to and including 6th September, 1985 from:

Nomura House, 24 Monument Street, London EC3R 8AJ

Cazenove & Co.,

Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., London Branch, Woolgate House, Coleman Street.

CITIBAN(

crédit foncier de france

THE KINGDOM OF DENMARK £100,000,000

Floating Rate Notes due 1998 In accordance with the provisions of the Notes and the Agent Bank Agreement between The Kingdom of Denmark and Citibank, N.A.,

dated 22 November, 1983, notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 11% pa and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, November 22, 1785, against

¥ 15,000,000,000

Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes Due 1997 For the six months 27th August 1985 to 27th February 1986

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the rate of interest has been fixed at 6% per cent. per summ, and that the interest payable on the interest Payment Date 27th February, 1986 against Coupon No. 1 will be:

32,903 per # 1,000,000 and # 329,028 per # 10,000,000.

The industrial Bank of Japan, Limited Agent Bank

£85,000,000

BUEHRMANN-TETTERODE, the diversified Dutch paper group, boosted its net income by 72 per cent to F1 18m (\$5.76m) in the first half and announced a rights issue to strengthen its equity base.

The Amsterdam-based company said that proceeds of the rights issue will be used to finance further growth following the robust performance in the first six months and record profits last year. Buehr

record profits last year. Buehrmann-Tetterode has recovered nicely from a low point in 1981 when the
company lost Fl 34m.

Earnings for all of 1985 are exrecorded in comfortably surpass Fl
over and order books both grew in

pected to comfortably surpass FI over and order books both grew in 50m. Buehrmann-Tetterode said, the graphics equipment sector, marking another high point. Cost where structural costs have been efficiencies achieved in recent trimmed.

BUEHRMANN-TETTERODE, the years plus a continuation of the eco-

Dutch paper group

BY LAURA RAUN IN AMSTERDAM

lifts income by 72%



Floating Rate Notes Due 1991

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the three month Interest Period from 21st August, 1985 to 21st November, 1985 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 112% per annum. The interest amount payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date which will be 21st November, 1985 is £146.51 for each Note of £5,000.

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Agent Bank

Kr 6 00: Portugal Eco 80; Spain Pia 110; Sweden & 6.50; Switzarland Fr 220;

Pergamon Press Limited

This announcement appears as a matter of record only



£80,000,000 Syndicated Loan

Co-ordinated by

National Westminster Bank PLC

Provided by

International Westminster Bank PLC

Toronto Dominion Bank

The First National Bank of Chicago

Lloyds Bank Plc

The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A.

Den Danske Bank

Societe Generale

Standard Chartered Bank

Allied Irish Investment Bank PLC

Citibank N.A.

Credit Suisse

Adviser to the Borrower

Hill Samuel & Co. Limited

International Westminster Bank PLC

August 1985

This notice complies with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland and does not constitute an offer of, or invitation to subscribe for or purchase, any securities.

Offering Price 1011/4%, Plus Accrued Interest

IBJ International Limited

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited

Mitsubishi Trust & Banking Corporation

(Europe) S.A.

Nomura International Limited.

12 Tokenhouse Yard, London EC2R 7AN

23rd August, 1985

Milbu

all p

urthe

Hadson at

phus III

Proces a

Minust re

grain pay cont

andred for E32

OPERATING losses at Horizon Travel, holiday operator, rose sharply in the first half of the 1981-85 year, but the policy of selling aircraft as part of the flect re-equipment programme brought an exceptional gain of with the renewed strength of £13.71m and left profits at £10.7m sterling and the continuing bad

This compares with a deficit of £930,318 for the period of May 31 last year, when no aircraft were sold. Operating lusses in the period under review came to £3.62m, and the directors say that the difficult trading conditions so far experienced will tions so far experienced will reduce operating results for the

The interim operating loss was

increases following the weakness of sterling last year, and other factors, the inclusive tour mar-ket has shown a sharp reduction in the present summer, and Horizon has lost some market share since last summer's record level

Miss World

improvement

The main trading events, the Miss World and Miss United Kindom contests, occur in the second six months, the more profitable period.

Pre-tax profits for the first

nait of 1983 pushed anead from f141,900 to £153,300 from a turn-over £33,400 higher at £382,200. With earnings showing an im-provement of 0.44p at 4.3p the interim dividend is being in-

Higher operational costs were

encountered as the period included negotiation to obtain new sponsorship of the Miss England, Scotland and Wales and Miss United Kingdom con-

tests and a new contract for the exploitation of the TV rights in

Mr Morley says these success

additional income next year and

enable the group to meet its budget targets for 1985.

negotiated a new three-year agreement with Thames Tele-vision for the televising of its

contests for the period 1986 to 1988 inclusive.

The group also successfully

the II.S.

of 1985 pushed shead from

d from 1.1p to 1.2p net per

shows 8%

half year fell from £54.51m to £45.58m and for the winter with a load factor of 88.4 per

weather in the UK, there has been recent heavy demand for

Since the half year end Hori-zon has concluded arrangements with brewers Bass to establish a joint venture, Bass Horizon Hotels. The directors say that this has added further strength to the balance sheet and value to shareholders' funds, which stood at £54.16m on May 31

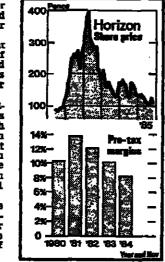
well up on the most pessimistic of City estimates, which had not suggested a deficit of more than \$2.5m.

As a result of substantial price increases following the weakness grow strongly, partly because of the substantial price increases following the weakness grow strongly, partly because of the substantial price increases following the weakness grow strongly, partly because of the substantial price in price and all other terms in a marker expected to increase following the weakness.

The new wider range of winter brochures has been well received. by a £0.61m exceptional currer Summer 1986 will see a congain (nil), and a tax credit Summer 1986 will see a continuing widening of the range of Horizon products.

The half year was also boosted 1982 (1982) and a tax careful of tinuing widening of the range of 139,909 (credit 1325,611), for a of Horizon products.

The half year was also boosted 25.68p



tive of Stone, said the acquisition is a further step in a planned programme to build up an inter-

be complementary, creating a £50m energy systems division.

Andrews, which employs about 440 people, made a profit of £1.8m to the year end April 30 1985 on a turnover of £17.5m, benefiting in particular from the

miners strike. The hire sales and service activities are run through 19 service centres in the UK and

18 service centres in the UK and one in Holland.
Stone, which was listed last October and has grown fast through some major acquisitions, made a pre-tax profit of £7.34m to the year ended May 31 on turnover of £78m. Market capitalisation is £54.8m.

Stone's share price remained

£50m energy syste

The interim dividend is unchanged at 0.88p — last year Horizon paid a total dividend of 44p from taxable profits of

Highlights from the balance sheet show net assets per share at 128p (87.4p) and cash in hand at £29.27m (£24.08m). The aircraft sold were two Boeing 737-200. Four new Boeing 737-300 series joined the Orion fleet, which now comprises four 300 series 737's and five 200 series 737's. Of this fleet, five aircraft are fully owned with a current market value of around 550m.

The Bass joint venture, with total net assets of £38m, now controls the three Spanish hotels and the Pueblo Indalo complex formerly owned by Horizon, together with ten holiday clubs contributed by Bass Holidays. Upon completion by the end of 1936 of the projects now under development by Horizon at development by Horizon at Mojacar, Nerja, and in Menorca, Bass Horizon hotels will have a total capacity of 12,000 beds.

See Lex

Heaney spells

out reason for

Mr John Heaney, the chief executive of Saxon Oil who was among the minority of directors who voted against recommendation of the £121m bid from Enterprise Oil, has formally distanced himself from the board's decided.

In a diplomatically worded

letter sent to shareholders yes-terday, Mr Heaney made clear that he felt he could not recom-

man he rert me could not recom-mend the Enterprise terms be-cause the price offered—540p in cash with a part-share alterna-tive—" was at too great a dis-count to the company's assets."

Before the Enterprise inter-

vention. Saxon had agreed terms for a merger with Charterhouse Petroleum, and the chief execu-

tive made it apparent in the letter that he still considers this

to be the best option
"Saxon shareholders have be-

fore them two proposals which cannot readily compare. One offers those shareholders who

Saxon vote

Garfunkels advances 72% in first half

THE expanding Gariunkels Restaurants group increased pre-tax profits by 72 per cent from £698,000 to £1.2m in the six months to June 30, 1985. This includes a full half-year contribution from Strikes Restaurants, acquired in Octo-ber 1984, while comparisons have been adjusted Turasver was up to £9.9m from £7.6m.

The directors say current figures give them every reason to believe 1985 will be another good year for the group, which lifted pre-tax profits to £2.1m for 1984, inprofits to £2.1m for 1302, in-cluding Strikes. Without Strikes the figure was £1.7m. For 1983, the respective fig-ures were £1.38m and

The interim dividend is again 0.215p, adjusting for a one-for-one scrip issue. Dividend waivers by certain executive directors amount to £15,050.

Tax deductions were £414,000 (£145,900) and there was an extraordinary credit of £38,000 (nil), leaving £827,000 (£553,000). Earnings a share were 2.8p (2.1p).

The board describes the re-sults as very satisfactory. It says the refurbishment and conversion of Strikes' 22 restrestaurants, mainly into Deep Pan Pizza houses, is nearly com-plete. All the restaurants are in the West End. In addition, four new rest-

aurants have been opened and suitable sites are being sought for further expan

comment

On the face of it, with so many Americans in Landon, it is hardly surprising that an American-style chain of eating houses is doing well. But it would be wrong to make light of the success of Garfunkels Restaurants when the group competes in a market where rivals and imitators seem to be two a penny. Garfankels' special skills appear to be first in keeping in close touch with fashions for different kinds of eatery—among tourists and Londoners alike — and secondly in paying attention to the choice of site. These considerations lie behind last year's acquisitions of Strikes, with many Strikes restaurants, in very similar locations to Garfunkels', already converted te new formats, primarily Deep Pan Pizza Company esteries. For the current year, profits of at least £2.8m pre-tax look likely, putting the shares, unchanged at 136n, on a multiple of 19 on a 30 per cent tax charge. This high rating seems justified, bearing

Dale Electric tumbles £1.6m FAILURE TO achieve the expected second half improvement has left the Dale Electric International group with a £1.62m reduction in pre-tax profits for the year ended April 28 1935. at a time when the Leeds fac-tory, dealing exclusively in high value units, was holding high stocks during its busiest time

BPCC taps international

capital market for \$100m

BPCC plans to spend about £60m on 20 colour printing presses for national newspapers including Mr Maxwell's Mirror Group Newspapers. It has said this spending would be financed mainly through leases on the

security of contracts to print the

The credit is structured prin-cipally as a bank loan but with some of the features of "securi-

tised loans which have become popular in the Euromarkets.

About a dozen banks are Press. expected to participate as com-

nterest rate spread. three years, will Another 40 or so banks will fees in addition.

expected to participate as committed lenders, effectively providing a backstop to ensure that BPCC has access to funds at any time with a guaranteed maximum interest rate spread.

Another 40 or so banks will fees in addition

than a normal share of long gestation contracts at the Filey The year ended April 20 1303.

Prospects are brighter, however, for this maker of power systems, although there is still pressure on margins. And the dividend is being held at 4.5p net per share, with a final of 3p. gestation contracts at the Fully works, straining cash resources for the period and creating this "most unwelcome charge." Group turnover for the year showed a reduction from £37.8m to £36.1m, from which the trading profit came to £1.56m, against \$2.55m.

> passed, the directors state, and at the end of the first quarter invoicing for the new year is up by 23 per cent on last year's equivalent, and order intake is increased by 35 per cent. Both interest rates and the company's need for excessive borrowings are down.

exchange rates were favourable. The directors were looking for a marked improvement in the second half of 1984-85 as the order book was high, but conceded that the profit would not equal 1982-84 are down.

After tax £111,000 (£206,000)
and minorities £11,000 (£7,000),
earnings for 1984-85 are shown
to be 3.17p (14.69p).

equal 1905-02.

They report now that the in- S COMMENT creases in interest rates last When turnover and profits took January added greatly to costs a trumble at the half-way stage,

Dale Electric said the worst was over and that the second half would see a marked improve-ment. In a sense it was right: trading did recover sharply but more the gains were more than wiped long out by the surge in interest charges. The problem was at the Leeds factory where the winning of orders to supply large gener-ating sets to some major overseas projects brought severe cashflow pressures. Dale is more mbler than a manufacturer: some 75 per cent of the price of these generating sets is represented by bought-in com-ponents and contract delays components and contract delays com-bined with build-up of work in progress caused a large increase in stocks. These difficulties had already been discounted by the market and the shares were un-changed at 65p. Dale speaks of a surge in orders and says it ex-

be asked to join a tender panel. When BPCC wants to make a drawdown, all the banks would be asked to bid competitively, hopefully enabling BPCC to borrow more cheaply. The advances are transferable, meaning that lenders can pass on

The advances are transferable, meaning that lenders can pass on the asset to another bank.

Interest rates and fees were not disclosed, but bankers involved in the deal said the overall cost to BPOC was broadly in line with those for Pergamon Press.

pects to have borrowings down from 25.5m now to £3.5m by the year end. Profits of well over film seem likely—still well short of the £2.2m in 1984 but heading in the right direction. The hig attraction in the shares remains the yelld, steady at 10 per cent.

Dewey Warren expects to maintain upward trend During the second half of 1985

Dewey Warren Holdings, USM-quoted Lloyd's insurance broker, has increased taxable profits from £885,000 to £799,000 for the half year ending June

British Printing & Communi-

cation Corporation, headed by Mr Robert Maxwell, yesterday

gunched a U.S.\$100m (£72m)

each credit facility, the com-

Though the facility is de-nominated in dollars, it may be drawn down in any tradeable currency for three and six-month

currency for three and six month periods over its seven-year life. Credit Susses First Boston is arranging the deal with Hill Samuel as co-arranger.

The loan follows hard on the heels of an \$80m loan raised from international banks earlier this month by Pergamon Press, Mr. Maynell's private company.

Mr Maxwell's private company, which owns 61.6 per cent of

Profits in the second half came

Proxis in the second hair came to only £179,000, compared with £858,000 in the corresponding period last year, producing a year's figure of £544,000 against

The fall in first half profits

reflected a carry over from the weaker second half of the pre-

vious year, with the root cause being the lack of demand in export markets at a time when

nternational capital markets.

The directors say that earnings have increased strongly in recent years and the pace of increase is likely to slacken. However,

is likely to slacken. However, they expect profits in the second haif to meintain an upward trend compared with the tame period last year. For 1984 total profits achieved rose by 65 per cent to £1.18m (£724,000).

The interim dividend is lifted by 0.5p to 2.5p. Last year's total was 7p. Stated net earnings per 10p share are shown up from 8.2p to 10.1p.

Date Corre- Total Total

Nii 1.1

— — — 0.1

last year

3.651

3 4.5

a new department specialising in European treaty reinsurance will begin operating.

Established departments are expected to show continued strength, especially in reinsurance of heaith care and marine business. However some classes of non-marine business are now yeary difficult to place, and the exchange rate is less favourable, they add.

For this half net brokerage income amounted to £1.56m

For this half net brokerage income amounted to £1.56m (£1.2m), after direct expenditure of £650,000 (£638,000).

The pre-tax result includes other operating income of £20,000 against £27,000, and higher interest received from deposits of £368,000 (£311,000).

Tax amounted to £355,000 (£333,000).

LADBROKE INDEX 981-985 (-1) ased on FT Index Based on FT Alban-Tel: 01-427 4411

Distillers' chief gets £68,000 rise

Mr John Connell, chairman of the Distillers Company, received a £68,000 pay rise to £116,000 in 1964-85, a year that saw group pre-tax profits suage from £191.6m to £236.2m.

The current year, helped to some extent by orders which could not be shipped before the end of March, has started with a skrong first quarter in terms of overall sales volumes. In his annual report Mr Con-nell tells shareholders that it is

test tests snareconcers that it is too early yet to give a firm indi-cation of the year's results as a whole in—wiew of such uncer-teluties as the fluctuating dollar/ sterling exchange rate, the im-pact of the FET increase in the U.S. and other factors beyond the directors control. directors' control.

However, he does expect sales the past year, when group turnovr showed an improvement from £1.13bn to £1.27bn, including Excise duty. Distiliers is the world's largest whisky producer.

NOTICE TO LOMBARD DEPOSITORS **14 Days Notice** 8-59% 12-28% Cheque Savings Accounts 8.22% 9-612 _ombard North Central 17 Bruton St. London W1A 3DH.

Granville & Co. Limited

B Lovat Lane London EC3R 8DT

Over-the-Counter Market

1	146	123	Ann Pole A	11111		GIV. (D) %	Actua!	727
Į			Ass. Brit. Ind. Ord	132	-1	6.6	5 .0	7.3	8.
i	151	135	Ass. Brit. Ind. CULS	138	_	10.0	7.2		~
١	· 42	셨	Aimpring Group	49	. —	8.4	13.0		10.
į		25	Armitage and Rhodes	38	· —	4.3	11.0	4.8	5.
1	159	105	28000 HW	157		4.0	2.5	18.8	20.
Ì	. 64	42	ETDY IBCHANIANUS	63	_	3.9	6.2	7.7	8.
Ì	201	158	CUL UIGINARY	158	_	12.0	7.5	3.9	-
ı	152	104	UVE 1100 Conv. Pref	104		15.7	19.1		3.
Į	130	70	Carborundum Ord.	124	-1	4.8	4.0	6.1	9.
ŀ	90	83	Carbonindum 7.5ce Pr	90			11.8		9.
ı	73	48	USDOKEN Services	48	_	6.5	13.6	4.5	7.
ı	487	152	CLEUK HOUSEH!	485	_	1.4	0.3	4.6	.74
Ì	386	170	FIRSK HORSEV Dr Crd 97	370	_	tì 🕽		11.4	15.
ľ	32	24	Frederick Parker	24	_		3.2	8.7	11.
ı	75	33	George Blair	爱	_	_	_		_
ı	50	20	ind. Precision Castings	23				5.0	10.
ŀ	218	177	isls Group	180	_	27 .	11.7	6.3	6.1
i	124	101	Jackson Group		. —	15.0	8.3	13.8	20.7
ı	285	213	Jackson Group	104	_	8.5	5.3	7.0	7.0
ı	94	83	James Burrough	235	. —.	15.0	6.4	7.4	7.4
ŀ	95	뀱	James Burrough SpcPf.	9120	· ~	12,9 .	14.2	_	
l			John Howard and Co.	86	_	5.Q ·	5.8	8.8	10.
ľ	225	100	Linguephone Ord	191	-2		_	7.0	7.
ı	100	92	Linguaphone 10.5pc Pf.	82		15.0	16.1		-
ı	850	300	Minihouse Holding NV	570	_	6.9	1.2		23.7
ı	120	31	Robert Jenkins	81	+1	_	=	10.5	23.
ı	80	28	Scruttons "A"	31 -	=		=	10-5	
l	92	61	Torday and Carilele	74		5.0	6.8	3.7	7.5
ĺ	444	325	Trevian Holdings	325		4.3	1.3		6.6
ı	33	17	Unitock Holdings	33		2.1	6.4	9.0	18.2
ì	113	6 1	Walter Alexander	440	•	=:	2:2	a.u	8.8

Prices and details of services now available on Prestal, page 48146

Stone continues expansion with £6m acquisition

BY DAVID GOODHART

Stone International, systems engineering group, has bought 75 per cent of the Wolverhampton-based heating and air conditioning group, Andrews, for £6m.

by Mr Eric Morley, raised its first-half pre-tax profits by 8 per cent and with current trad-ing up to budget the outcome for the year should be satisfactory. The deal will be financed through a £3m vendor placing underwritten by N. M. Rothschild at 149p a share, Andrew's acquisition of £2m worth of new Stone shares and £1m of 7 per cent unsecured loan stock. Stone's share capital is expanding by 3.2m—about 10 per cent.

The remaining 25 per cent of Andrews will be held by Mr John Andrews chairman his wife, and Mr Eric Johnson, the managing director. Stone will have the option to buy the 25 per cent stake in September 1987 and 1989 at a price related to profit

Mr Robin Tavener, chief execu- unchanged at 159p last night.

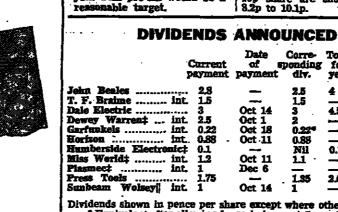
BOARD MEETINGS

Take the experts' word for it

wish to do so an opportunity to sell their Saxon shares for cash . . . the other gives the oppor-tunity to retain the full value of Saxon's assets and its complete management team."

The proposed merger has won acceptance from only 36.4 percent of Saxon shareholders. Yesterday Entemprise announced that it had bought more Saxon charact in the weather the effort

in mind that this year's figures hear the cost of refurbishing and renovating Strikes. Next



* Equivalent after allowing for scrip issue, † On capital increased by rights and/or acquisition issues, † USM stock, § For 63 weeks. || Irish currency.

NOTICE OF PREPAYMENT

ECU 50.000,000

Floating Rate Notes due 1989

In accordance with paragraph "Redemption" of the erms and Conditions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that Gaz de France will prepay at par on the Interest Payment Date falling on September 30, 1985 the total amount remaining outstanding of the above-mentioned Notes (i.e. ECU 237,000).

Payment of interest due on September 30, 1985 and reimbursement of principal will be made in accordance with the Terms and Conditions of the Notes.

Interest will cease to accrue on Notes as from September 30, 1985.

Luxembourg, August 23, 1985

The GUINNESS MAHON Managed Currency Fund leads the field

GUINNESS MAHON pioneered the concept of the offshore Managed Currency Fund with the launch of the International Fund in May 1980. In the five years since launch the Fund has produced a confidently expect to maintain. Sterling return of 180.3% – an average annual return of 21.5%. allows it to pay all returns In volatile markets this expertly to investors gross, and, invested basket' of leading currencies has consistently met the aims of the Fund's managers -- long-term capital and income growth. Currently, (according to Money

100

Management), Guinness Mahon's Managed Currency Fund stands as the best performer over one, three and five years - a situation the investment managers The Fund's offshore location according to a recent survey of offshore managed currency funds, had by far the lowest level' of management charges annum thereafter.

just 21/2% at entry and 1/2% per *Chart shows the growth of a managed currency investment in the Guim Mahon International Fund since launch on an offer to offer basis in Sterling with

% GROWTH SINCE LAUNCH

To obtain a copy of the prospectus and application form (on the sole basis of which an investment may be made), complete the coupon today, or consult your professional adviser.

Guinness Mahon lead the way the experts say so

Guinness Mahon Fund Managers (Guenney) Limited, P.O. Ruz 188, La Vieille Coux, St. Potre Port, Guenney, Channe Or selephone (940) 23596 extrasi Please send me a prospectus



KREDIETBANK S.A. LUXEMBOURGEOISE

COMMERZBANK OVERSEAS FINANCE N. V. U.S.\$ 100,000,000 Floating Rate Notes Due 1989 in accordance with the provisions of the Notes notice is hereby given that for the three months period from August 21, 1985 to November 21, 1985 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 81/4%

per annum with a coupon amount of U.S.\$ 207.64. Frankfurt/Main, August 1985

COMMERZBANK

 $D_{N}(rac{\pi}{6}N)$

call postponed by further allegations

MR CHRISTOPHER WHITMEY, a minority shareholder in the troubled building company, Milibury, was yesterday granted a 24-hour adjournment of his application for a Department of Trade investigation into the company. Mr Justice Scott will hear the case today.

Mr Whitmey asked for the postponement in the light of new evidence concerning the disposal of a 78.7 per cent share in the company held by St Piran — a private company owned by financier Mr Jim Raper.

Mr Whitmey is alleging that St Piran's Milbury stake—worth £9.7m according to the 1984 executust—was recently sold to Poco Properties of Manchester for £1. He also alleges that before the sale of the stake the Westminster Property Group (acquired by Milbury for £9m in 1983) was transferred to \$2 Piran in breach of section \$20 of the 1985 Companies Act.

In addition he believes shareholders have not been kept fully informed according to the law and Stock Exchange and Take-over Panel regulations. Milbury's shares were suspended on Tuesday at 18p.

Counsel for the Department of Trade and Industry said their steps are to be taken to restore the assets "which seem to have disappeared" it is highly desirable that the application which is supported by Milbury's new owners Poco.

Mr Whitmey clearly believes that the best way to protect that the supplication which is supported by Milbury's shareholders in Milbury and born-again Christian from Here
Mr Whitmey also told the conditional contract between the conditional contract between a conditional contract between a least military at 50p a share.

He continued: "Heart of England.

So Piran are leaved acceptance on August 14 and completion was due on the 15th. When the solicitors arrived they were told the deal was off."

Mr Whitmey clearly believes that the best way to protect that if steps are to be taken to restore the assets "which seem to bave disappeared" it is highly desi

Hadson announces terms to buy minority stake

Hadson Petroleum Corporation, the Oklahoma-based energy company, yesterday announced the terms of an offer to buy out minority shareholders in Hadson flopped, attracting applications shares listing.

HPT came to the USM in 1983 at 80p a share but the issue flopped, attracting applications for only 3 per cent of the shares up for sale.

HPC said yesterday that the sale to Britoil left HPT with each haleness of 528m availoration.

minority shareholders in Hadson Petroleum International, its USM-quoted British subsidiary.

The offer is £14 in cash plus for only 3 per cent of the shares up for sale.

HPC for every 40 HPI ordinary. HPC shares are traded on the u.s. NASDAQ market. On the basis of their \$3 closing price on August 20, the offer values each HPI share at 51.2p.

HPI shares were suspended at 55p in April when the company sold its UK oil assets to Britoil for £27m. Dealings restarted yesterday and the shares closed at 38p.

HPC said yesterday that the sale to Britoil left HPI with cash balances of £28m, exploration areas in Indonesia and Spain and interests in Korea. Since its exploration was now directed outside the UK, significant savings could be made by moving its headquarters to the U.s.

W. Canning

The new group, which will consist of Consident and Gazelle International. Inc, will have sales of over \$35m and in excess than under the basic allocation, provided they were matched by opposite elections, he said. HPC intended to apply in due course

BP goes ahead with **Seltrust reconstruction**

BY KENNETH MARSTON, MINING EDITOR

SHAREHOLDERS of British Petroleum's 75.4 per cent-owned Australian Seltrust Holdings can look forward to having a marketable asset in about mid-September. Dealings in the shares have been suspended, at 47p in London and 70 cents in Australia, since October last year.

The shares were suspended Australia a reconstruction scheme should take effect. This scheme should take effect. This cheme should take effect. This cheme should take effect. This cheme should take effect. This scheme should take effect. This cheme should take effect. This cheme should take effect. This cheme should take effect. This scheme should take effect. This cheme should take effect. This scheme should take effect. This cheme should take effect. This scheme should take effect. This sche Australian Seltrast Holdings can look forward to having a marketable asset in about mid-September. Dealings in the shares have been suspended, at 47p in London and 70 cents in Australia, since October last year.

The shares were suspended during a reconstruction scheme proposed for the loss-making Australian mining subsidiary. It met fierce opposition and a revised scheme was later agreed, only to be stalled by MIM Holdings.

only to de statier by Min Holo-ings.

MIM objected to the provision entitling Seltrust in its new guise of Paragon Resources, to purchase 9.5 per cent of the nickel concentrate produced at the Agnew nickel mine in Western Australia. The resulting litigation remains unresolved.

RP, however, has decided that, The proposals were overwhelmingly approved at a reconvened meeting of Seltrust holders in Perth. The scheme is expected to become effective in mid-September when shares and options in Paragon will be listed.

St Regis buy-out completed for £32m

The management buy-out of St Regis International, the UK paper and packaging arm of St Regis of the U.S., has been completed, at a price of £32m. The sale follows the \$1.8bn purchase of St Regis by the U.S. forest products group Champion International last year.

The buy-out has been funded

The buy-out has been funded by a £24m placing of shares, arranged by the St Regis advisers, Manchester Exchange Trust, in conjunction with brokers L. Messel & Co.

The shares have been placed among major UK financial institutions, led by Investors in Industry (3i) and Pruventure, the Prudential's venture capital

arm.

An additional bank loan facility of £8m has been provided by a consortium of banks managed by Citicorp Investment aged Bank.

W. Boulton sells two companies

For every one share in Seltrust, holders are offered 3; shares of 20 cents in Paragon together with options to subscribe for a further 3; shares at par. Alternatively, they may opt for a straight 60 cents (30p) cash per share.

two companies

William Boulton, the troubled Stoke-on-Trent engineering and foundry group, has disposed of a further two companies as part of its drive to turn the group around.

Boulton, whose affairs are being managed by Mr John Briggs, a "company doctor," has sold J. W. Rateliffe & Son, which manufactures equipment for the ceramics industry, for £100,526 and Boulton Fabrications, a manufacturer of metal fabrications for the commercial vehicle and building industry, for £220,000.

Further cash will come from the sale of property to Mr K. L. Amos and Mr K. Berrisford, who have bought Rateliffe, and Taylor - Stenmec, which has bought Boulton Fabrications. In addition, Boulton is selling a site, subject to the granting of planning permission, to J. Sainsbury, the retailer, for £1.2m.



IDB INTERNATIONAL N.V. U.S.\$30,000,000

Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes 1990
Unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by

ISRAEL DISCOUNT BANK LIMITED For the six months

21st August 1985 to 21st February 1986
the Notes will carry an
interest rate of 8%% per annum.
The relevant Interest Payment Date will be
on 21st February 1986 Bankers Trust Company, Lo

RY B.DD. Portugal Esc 80: Spain Pts 110: Switchen Rt 6.50: Switchisod 1: Z27 1

Milbury investigation | Hawley acquires larger stake in Kean and Scott

Hawley Group, the industrial already owns 75.03 per cent of bolding group headed by Mr K & S while a further 7.45 per retain a direct equity interest in Michael Ashcroft, is making an agreed bid worth nearly £8m of Kitchens Direct, which was for most of the minority share-bolding in Kean and Scott, its USM-quoted home improvement substituty.

Hawley is offering one of its that Mr and Mrs Boler should be group where for every two K&S.

holding in Rean and Scott, its users apply to the sale of these shares.

Mr Ashcroft described the bid as "another stage in the tidying up of our corporate structure."

He added: "The City has described our company structure as being a bit confusing. Now we have our major core businesses back in the fold."

In the past year Hawley has bought out the minority holdings in a number of its quoted subsidiaries and put most of its peripheral activities into Midepsa, a company in which it owns 36 per cent.

Hawley amnounced yesterday it was making an agreed bid for the sale of these shares, and the sale of these shares. Hawley and K&S said it was equity.

Hawley and K&S said it was equity.

Strictions apply to the sale of the sale of these shares.

Hawley is offering one of its of the ind Mr and Mrs Beler should be free to accept in respect of a further 1.77m shares issued to them as a deferred consideration for Ritchens Direct, subject to similar restrictions being inheading in the past 18 months Midepsa has acquired full control of Coleman Milne, previously a USM-quoted car conversion in respect of their holdings, excluding it was equity.

Hawley and K&S said it was equity.

Hawley and R&S said it was equity.

Hawley and K&S said it was equity.

Transcontinental repurchase prices

Transcontinental Services day that the unsudited net asset Group, the international investment company, has declared unconditional its share repurchase facility, under which share holders were given the opporationity to realise their holdings at prices related to net asset value on August 15.

Transcontinental said yester

day that the unsudited net asset value on an august 15 was proposed allocation amongst investors of the 3,044,491 shares tendered and 6m new shares to be issued, the holders of more than 5 per cent of the equity are: J. Rothschild Holdings (22.9 per warrant, value on August 15.

Transcontinental said yester



Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for 21,786,161 Ordinary Shares of 25p each, being the whole of the Ordinary Share capital of the Company, issued, and to be issued pursuant to the rights issue of the Company described in the listing particulars, to be admitted to the Official List.

The Company is the holding company of a British-based group established for the purpose of exploration for, and development and production of, gold and other precious stones and metals, with its principal interest being in the Sudan.

Listing particulars relating to the Company are available in the statistical service of Extel Statistical Services Limited. Copies of the listing particulars may be obtained during normal business hours (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) up to and including 28th August, 1985 from the Company Announcements Office, The Stock Exchange, Throgmorton Street, London EC2P 2BT, and up to and including 6th September, 1985 from:

Grieveson, Grant and Co. Leith House 45-47 Gresham Street London EC2V 7EH

Greenwich Resources pic 3 Catherine Place London SW1E 6DX

23rd August, 1985

WORLD-WIDE SALES (analysis of Group turnover

Distillers

Profits increase by 23% Exports reach a record £473 million

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

	1985	1984
	£m	£m
TURNOVER	1,2743	1,134.1
TRADING PROFIT	233.2	181.6
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	236.2	191.6
EARNINGS PER SHARE	36.71p	35.35p
DIVIDENDS PER SHARE	15.00p	13.65p

Extracts from the Review of Operations in the Annual Report for the year ended 31st March 1985

SALES OF SCOTCH WHISKY To export markets

The volume of Industry shipments rose by 5% on the previous year, but those of the Group decreased by 1.9%, there being some orders which could not be shipped before the end of March. Group profits from this sector rose, however, by 9% due to the strength of the US dollar.

In the USA, neither Group shipments nor depletions quite achieved the level of the previous year, but it is believed that market share was fully maintained. Dewar had a successful year's trading. as did Walker with its Red Label and Black Label brands, Amongst the Group's US bottled Scotch whiskies, Usher's Green Stripe continued to show encouraging growth.

Group shipments to other major world markets were maintained at last year's level. Trade in Australia, New Zealand and the African Continent improved, while sales to Spain remained at a satisfactory level and those to South America were only slightly down. In Japan some cheap domestic spirits, which receive advantageous tax treatment, have made considerable inroads into the whisky market.

Throughout the Continental EEC Johnnie Walker Red Label maintained a leading position, although the Group showed a small decrease in shipments in the year under review. Industry shipments increased by 7% and the Group thus lost market share in the face of mounting promotional expenditure by competitors - a situation which must be retrieved.

To the home market

The Distillers Company (Home Trade)
Limited, set up in April 1984 to market and sell Group brands of Scotch whisky in the UK, is now beginning to achieve its objectives, despite a marginal loss of market share in the year. Sales of Johnnie Walker Red Label are growing steadily, those of White Horse recovered towards the end of the year and The Claymore continued to perform

During the year, the efficient utilisation of the

In the UK the overall market for gin decreased

Exports of Group brands of gin surpassed the

new bottling complex at Basildon materially

but, backed by high-quality media advertising, Gordon's retained its predominant market share.

performance of the Industry which showed only a

with particularly good performances in France, Italy

Shipments of Tanqueray Gin to the important markets of the United States and Canada increased

substantially and, in the USA, Tanqueray is now the

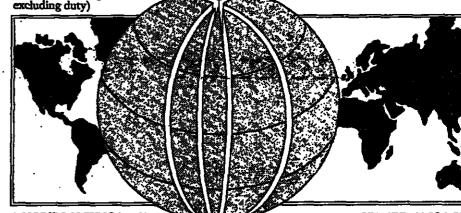
leading brand of imported gin. Tanqueray also did

well in the EEC, South America, Australia and

slight increase. Gordon's shipments were higher

SALES OF WHITE SPIRITS

reduced production costs.



1. NORTH AMERICA 33% 2. CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA 7% 3. AFRICA 5% 4. CONTINENTAL EUROPE 15%

5. UNITED KINGDOM 29% comprising Scotch whisky and white spirits 10% Other interests 19% 6. ASIA AND AUSTRALASIA 11%

OVERSEAS OPERATIONS The profit contribution from Somerset Importers Ltd was in line with that indicated in the Chairman's letter of 21st May 1984 to shareholders,

the trading profit being approximately £32 million,

giving a net contribution of some £12 million after

interest charges. FOOD GROUP

Against a background of flat demand, strong competition in the bakery and catering industries affected profits adversely. Steps have been and are being taken to improve efficiency and competitiveness.

CARBON DIOXIDE

Increased sales in some areas of operation were reflected in a modest improvement in profits.

In his Statement the Chairman, Mr. J. M. Connell, said: 66The year under review was one in which a number of major rationalisation measures were taken to improve productivity and reduce costs, although not all of these had become fully effective by 31st March.

In my Statement last year, I said that although there were no signs of a significant improvement in the situation prevailing in a number of major markets for Scotch whisky, there were grounds for believing that the worst was behind us. This remains very much the case today, and a modest improvement in prospects has begun to develop in some countries.

The current year, helped to some extent by orders which could not be shipped before the end of March, has started with a strong first quarter in terms of overall sales volume. It is too early yet to be able to give a firm indication of results for the current year as a whole in view of uncertainties such as the fluctuating dollar/sterling rate of exchange, the impact of the FET increase in the USA and other factors beyond our control 99

The Distillers Company plc

Greenwich

Resources

Greenwich Resources, a gold

mining company with its biggest interests in the Sudan, is raising 54.5m net with a three-for-five

The group, listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange, is also seeking a London Stock Exchange listing for its shares, with the support of stockbroker Grieveson Grant. Dealings are consisted in start next Thursday,

expected to start next Thursday, August 29.

The company is investing flim of the cash it hopes to raise in bringing into production the Gebeit prospect, in the Red Sea Hills in Sudan, where Greenwich has a 49 per cent

stake in a joint venture with the Sudanese Government.

A further fi.1m is earmarked for gold and diamond mining projects in Venezuela, 20.4m for exploration in Egypt and the remaining funds for Greenwich's general exploration programme.

The new shares are offered as

general exploration programme.
The new shares are offered at 62p each. The group's founder, gealogical consultant Robertson Research, will see its stake fall from 20 per cent to 11.2 per cent after the issue.

Horne Brothers

raising

£4.5m

rights issue.

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York

(A trust company organized under the laws of the State of New York, U.S.A.)

ECU100,000,000

8½% Deposit Notes Due September 5, 1990

The following have agreed to purchase the Deposit Notes:-

MORGAN GUARANTY LTD

KEEDIETBANK INTERNATIONAL GROUP BANQUE BEUXELLES LAMBERT S.A. GENERALE BANK

AMRO INTERNATIONAL LIMPTED ALGEMENE BANK NEDERLAND N.V.

BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS BANK OF TOKYO INTERNATIONAL LIMITED COMMERZBANK A.G. BERLINER HANDELS-UND FRANKFURTER BANK

CREDIT SUISSE FIRST BOSTON LIMITED CRÉDIT LYONNAIS Crédit Commercial de France GOLDMAN SACHS INTERNATIONAL CORP DRESDNER BANK A.G. DEUTSCHE BANK A.G.

MERRILL LYNCH INTERNATIONAL & CO. IBJ International Limited Morgan Stanley International Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited

NOMURA INTERNATIONAL LIMITED NIPPON EUROPEAN BANK S.A. SALOMON BROTHERS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED ORION ROYAL BANK LIMITED

SWISS BANK CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL LIMITED Société Générale

S.G. WARBURG & Co. LITD. Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited WESTDEUTSCHE LANDESBANK GIROZENTRALE WESTPAC BANKING CORPORATION WOOD GUNDY INC.

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the Deposit Notes, to be issued at 99% per cent in denominations of ECU1,000, to be admitted to the Official List. Interest will be payable annually in arrears on September 5 in each year from and including September 5, 1985. The first interest payment will be made on September 5, 1986. Listing particulars relating to the Deposit Notes are available in the Extel Statistical Service and copies may be obtained during normal hours up to and including August 27, 1985 from the Company Announcements Office of The Stock Exchange and up to and including September 6, 1985 from:—

Cazenove & Co. 12 Tokenhouse Yard London EC2R 7AN August 23, 1985

THE ROYAL DANK OF CANADA

Morgan Guaranty Ltd 30 Throgmorton Street London EC2N 2NT

Morgan Gusranty Trust Company of New York Morgan House 1 Angel Court London ECZR 7AE



Johnson Matthey PLC

\$387,549,000 Medium Term Financing Agreement

\$125,000,000 Three Year Working Capital Facility

Provided by THE BANK OF MONTREAL GROUP THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA CITIBANK N.A.

CHEMICAL BANK DRESDNER BANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT LLOYDS BANK Plc MORGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK NATIONAL WESTMINSTER BANK GROUP

WESTPAC BANKING CORPORATION

\$262,549,000 Three Year Term Facility

Provided by-ARAB BANKING CORPORATION (A.B.C.) AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED BANK OF AMERICA NT & SA BANCO DI ROMA BANKERS TRUST COMPANY THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA

THE BANK OF MONTREAL GROUP BANQUE FRANÇAISE DU COMMERCE EXTÉRIEUR BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS ple BANQUE PARIBAS (LONDON) BARCLAYS BANK PLC THE CHASE MANHATTAN BANK, N.A. CHEMICAL BANK CITIBANK, N.A. CONTINENTAL ILLINOIS NATIONAL BANK AND TRUST COMPANY OF CHICAGO CRÉDIT COMMERCIAL DE FRANCE

CREDIT LYONNAIS CREDIT DU NORD DRESDNER BANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT THE FUR BANK, LIMITED THE HONGKONG AND SHANCHAI BANKING CORPORATION

JOHNSON MATTHEY BANKERS LIMITED LLOYDS BANK Ple . LONDON & CONTINENTAL BANKERS LIMITED

MIDLAND BANK PLC MELLON BANK SAMUEL MONTACU & CO. LIMITED

MORGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK NATIONAL WESTMINSTER BANK GROUP THE SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA S. G. WARBURG & CO. LTD.

WESTPAC BANKING CORPORATION WILLIAMS & GLYN'S BANK PLC

MORGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

August 1985

John Beales ahead and expects further progress

PROSPECTS FOR the immediate future look good for John Beales, the maker of Marathon outerwear and underwear and retailer of refrigeration equipment. The directors have invested substantially more in the business and this indicates their commitment to the development of the traditional textile interest.

In the year ended May 31, 1985 the profit came to £551,000, compared with £509,000 in the previous 63 weeks. And the directors are confident that the group will make further progress during the current year.

The final dividend for 198485 in year of the profit of the profit of the profit of the traditional textile interest.

Net investment income improved substantially in the increase over previous years' ining the current year.

The final dividend for 198485 proved substantially in the second to 4p, against 3.65p for the previous period.

Net investment income unproved substantially in the second to 4p, against 3.65p for the previous period.

Net investment income unproved substantially in the second to 4p, against 3.65p for the previous period.

Net investment income unproved substantially in the second to 4p, against 3.65p for the previous period.

Net investment income unproved substantially in the second to 4p, against 3.65p for the previous period.

conditions were difficult through-out the year and, with margins frequently depressed and interest rates high, they considered that any expansion of the business

vestment.

Currently, order books are better than at the same time last year and, given that the present buoyant levels of retail trading are maintained, then the directors are confident of progress.

Cash balances at May 31 had while interest payable was £89,000 (£80,000). There is no tax charge.

charge.

Basic earnings are 18.82p
(15.8p) per share and fully
diluted 15.46p (14.57p).

Capital expenditure on re-

Varied pattern in first half for Royal Life

A MIXED pattern of new business over the first half of the year is reported by Boyal Life, the life company member of the Royal Insurance Group, Britain's largest composite insurer.

New annual premiums on worldwide bosiness fell nearly 11 per cent from £28.5m to £25.4m, but single premiums rose nearly 18 per cent from £44.8m to £52.8m.

Rusiness in the UK was hit by

to £52.8m.

Business in the UK was hit by

Business in the UK was hit by the decline in new life business, 40 per cent to \$4.5m.

However, the company's group tional results in the first quarter pension operations were down ahead of the Budget which ended

Sunbeam Wolsey rises

from Ir£495,000 to Ir£542,000.

The order books for the rest of 1985 are healthy and the directors look forward to a continuance of growth in the group's

The export success, however, is being marred by conditions in the home market. Here low margins of profit on sales and was 4p when profits reached low activity of trading exist on \$1.14m pre-tax.

CONTINUING success in export most selling fronts, and the markets has helped Sunbeam inclement weather conditions Wolsey, the Irish-based manufacturer of textile yarns and knitted mer did nothing to help sales—fabrics, to lift its halftime profit but the company retained its

percentage of turnover figure in that area.

Turnover for the period came to £15.08m, a rise of £1.97m.

After tax £140.000 (£136,000) and minorities £11,000 (£9.000), the net attributable profit is £391,000

Needlers lower by 15%

Needlers, the Hull-based confectioner, blames the weak general demand in the UK for sweets and chocolate for a 15 percent fall in profits in the first half from £210,638 to £177,500.

However, exports were up 120 per cent and directors say there are indications that sales at home are picking up.

The company has taken steps to strengthen management to 5.4p.

SCOTTISH AND Newcastle

notes has announced the purchase of the leasehold interests of two hotels it runs from the Legal and General Assurance Society for £7.5m. The hotels are the Tower Hotel in London and the King James Hotel in Edinburgh. Legal and General said the step had been taken as part of its continuing programme of portfolio rationalisation.

COMPANY NEWS IN BRIEF

HICKING PENTECOST share local authorities: Derby City holders have taken up less than Council £1m, Alnwick District one third of the shares offered Council £0.5m, Rhondda Borouch

one third of the shares offered in a £1.75m rights issue from Council £0.5m, Rhondda Borough the loss-making Nottingham knitwear company.

They took up 22.8 per cent of £0.5m, Lancaster City Council £0.75m, Rochdale Metropolitan Residual Council £2m, the shares in the three-for-two issue, leaving the rest, which could not be sold on the stock market, in the hands of the underwriters headed by the merchant bank Robert Fleming. chant bank Robert Fleming.

PLASMEC. specialist manufacturer in plastics and mechanical engineering industries, incurred pre-tax losses of £40,498 in the half year to end-June, 1985, compared with previous profits of £195,156. External sales totalled £3.51m (£3.72m). The directors are optimistic of a sufficient recovery in the second half to enable the group to return to profit for the year as a whole. The interim dividend is ip net—the group's shares are traded on the USM.

SIMS CATERING BUTCHERS, a Farnborough-based meat and poultry supplier is to buy Bristel

boilty supplier is to buy Bristal Meat Trader, a meat supplier, for £800.000. Sims joined the USM in February and said then the placing money would be used for expansion. Bristol made pre-tax profits of £129,000 for the year to March 29, 1985, on turnover of £3.6m. The purchase price will be paid part share, part cash.

kingsley and forester, the household textiles group, has acquired an 80 per cent interest in a new company. Bloom and Treymaine for £200,000 in cash. The new company will acquire a textile cash and carry whole-saling business of a private company previously owned by Mr. Peter Bloom and Mr Meriin Treymaine for a total of £520,634 in cash. Mr Bloom and Mr Treymaine will each hold 10 per cent of the new company. Further consideration will be due to the vendors, up to a maximum of £68,000, based on profits for the year to September 10 1988.

YEARLING BONDS totalling SIEBE rights acceptances have \$7.5m at 10 per cent, redeembeen received in respect of able on August 27 1986, have 17,680,510 new ordinary (approximately 94.44 per cent).

Kingdom of Spain

Floating Flate Notes Due 2005

Holders of Notes of the above issue are hereby notified that for the sidth Interest Sub-period from 27th August, 1985 to 20th September, 1985 the following will apply: 20th September, 1985

1. Interest Payment Date: 2. Rate of Interest. for Sub-period:

3. Interest Amount payable for Sub-period:

8%% per annum US\$54.58

per USS 10,000 nominat US\$ 1,364.58 per US\$ 250,000 nominal

4. Accumulated Interest Amount payable:

US\$ 442.17 per US\$ 10,000 nominal per US\$ 250,000 nominal

 Next Interest Sub-period will be from 20th September, 1985 to 21st October, 1985. Bank of America International Limited

Supra profit up 37% in first half

Strong demand for the pro-facts of Supra Group, which namutactures and distributes maturaceures and distributes motor components, noise control products and paints, boosted pretax profits by 37 per cent to 1489.00 for the half-year to 1493 31 1985 compared with 2587,000 in the same period a period at the same period at the

Despite higher charges for interest and exceptional items, Horas Brothers, the men's outfitter, reduced losses from 5519,000 to £173,000 in the 24 weeks to February 16, 1985, on turnaver up from £7.5m to £8.36m, after VAT. The group entered the second half with healthy order books and unless market trends after it expects a record year. It is paying an interins dividend of 9.80. compared with an adjusted 0.727p.

Turnover increased 17.3 per cent to 27.27m (26.2m), made up of 26.4m (25.81m) from the home market and 2874,000 (2587,000)

Turnover increased 17.3 per cent to £7.27m (£8.2m), made up of £8.4m (£5.8im) from the home market and £874,000 (£587,000) from exports.

Tax toek £215,000 (£147,000) and minorities £121,000 (£7,000).

Earnings per share were up to 1.61p (1.25p adjusted). Interest came to £224,000 (£102,000) and exceptional items were £167,000 (£60,000). There is no tax charge. All the company's shares are privately held.

BANK RETURN

BANKING DEPARTMENT	Wednesday August 27 1986	increese (+) or degresse (-) for week
LIABILITIES Capital Public Deposits Sankers Deposits Reserve and other Accounts	2 14,653,800 3,256,603,447 737,976,662 1,468,370,587	# 397,198,679 - 26,659,463 + 5,410,967
ASSETS Government Securities Advance & other Accounts Premises Equipment & other Secs. Notes	5,567,405,636 596,127,771 1,104,891,984 3,846,592,170 9,615,537	+ 806,187,175 - 119,606,000 + 432,186,030 - 12,887,803 + 6,668,700
Com	545,184 5,557,405,686	- 48,755 + 306,187,175

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

•		*		• •
	LIABILITIES Notes in Circulation Notes in Banking Department	12,510,384,475 9,615,527	+	£ 103,417,291 6,582,709
.]	40000	12,032,000,000	. *	.210,000,000
7	ASSETS Government Dept. Other Government Securities Other Securities	11,015,100 1,654,214,384 10,463,770,676	. ÷	355,857,340 245,857,340
ij		12,320,000,000		110,000,000

A.B.N., Bank 111%	Heritable & Gen. Trust
Allied Dunber & Co II. 9	# Hill Samuel
Allied Irish Bank 11:96	C. Hoare & Co.
American Express Bk. 111%.	Hongkoog & Shanghai
Henry Ausbecher 111%	Johnson Matthey Bkrs.
Autro Bank 111%	Knowsley & Co. Ltd.
Associates Cap. Corp. 23 %	Lloyds Bank
Banco de Bilbao 174	Edward Manson & Co.
Bank Haposiim 114%	Meghrai & Sons Lid
BCCI 111%	Midland Bank
Bank of Ireland 111%	Morgan Grenfell
Bank of Cyprus 1119%	Mount-Credit Corp. Ltd.
Bank of India 114%	National Bk. of Knwait
Bank of Scotland 1119.	National Girobank
Banque Beige Ltd 111%	National Westminster
Barciays Bank 111%	Northern Bank Ltd
Beneficial Trust Ltd 1219.	Norwich Geo. Trast
Brit. Bank of Mid. East 11196	People's Trust
Brown Shipley 11196	PK Finans, Intl. (UK)
CL Bank Nederland 114%	Provincial Trust Ltd
Canada Permanent 111%	R. Raphael & Sons
Cayser Ltd 11106	Roxburghe Guarantae
edar Holdings 12 %	Royal Bank of Scotland
Charterhouse Japhet 11:95	Royal Trust Co. Canada
	J.Henry Schroder Wage
Citibank NA	Standard Chartered
City Merchants Bank 111%	TGB
Ovderdale Rank 11176	Trustee Savings Bank
Civdesdale Bank 111% C. E. Coztes & Co. Ltd. 12 % Comm. Bk. N. East 111%	Utited Bank of Knwait
Comm. Bk. N. East 11102	United Misrahi Bank
JOHNOULDBIEG (Jedies 1119)	Westpac Banking Corp.
JOHNSON THE THE LTG. 112C.	Whiteaway Laidlaw
Jo-operative Bank 1119.	Williams & Glyn's
rne Cyprus Popular Rk. 11102	Yorkshire Bank
Juncan Lawrie 1110g	Members of the Accepting
S. T. Trust	Committee. 7-day deposits 8.00%, 1
xeter Trust Ltd 12 %	8.50%. Top The 25 500 4

■ Guipness Mahon 111% # Hambros Bank 111% 5 Demand description

Tokyo Pacific Holdings N.V. Tokyo Pacific Holdings (Seaboard) N.V.

The Quarterly Report as of 30th June 1985 has been published and may be obtained from: Pierson, Heldring & Pierson M.V. Herengracht 214, 1016 BS Amsterdam

National Westminster Benk PLC Stock Office Services, 3rd Floor, 20 Old Broad Street London EC2N 1EJ Banque Paribas 3 Rue d'Antiri, Paris 2

N.M. Rothschild & Sons Limited New Court, St. Swithin's Lane, London EC4P 40U

PEuropéenne de Banque 21 Rue Laffitte, Paris 9

Tririkaus & Burkhardt Königsallee 21-23 D 4000 Düsseldorf 1

Sei. Oppenheim Jr. & Cle. Umter Sachsenhausen 4, D 5000 Köln 1

Banque Paribas Belgique'S.A. Boulevard Emile Jacqmain 162, B 1000 Bruxelles

Banque Paribas (Luxembourg) S.A. 10a Boulevard Royal, Luxembourg

Merrill Lynch International & Co. all European Offices 17 Bridge Street Sydney N.S.W. 2000

Green

Resource

BELL'S SHAREHOLDERS.

YOUHAVE NOTIME TO LOSE.

GREAT DEAL OF MONEY.

Before rumours of a bid your Bell's shares were worth a mere 143p each. Now, the Guinness offer values them at 272p each. Which means you can make your Bell's investment worth 90% more.

Although Guinness reserve the right to extend in the unlikely event of a competitive bid, the deadline is

3pm today. By then your acceptance form must reach Barclays Bank PLC, New Issues Department, P.O. Box No. 123 Fleetway House, 25 Farringdon Street, London EC4A 4HD.

If you have any problems completing your form, call Barclays on 01-248 1234 Ext 4225. But do it now.



GUINNESS PLC

DRAUGHT AND BOTTLED GUINNESS. HARPKALIBER DRUMMONDS: MARTINTHENEWSAGENT: LAVELLS: 7-ELEVEN. CLARES. CHAMPNEYS AND STOBO CASTLE HEALTH RESORTS. NATURES BEST VITAMINS. GUINNESS PUBLISHING.

ACT NOW ACCEPT THE GUINNESS OFFER.

This advertisement is published by Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited and Noble Grossart Limited on behalf of Guinness PLC. The Directors of Guinness PLC are the persons responsible for the information contained in this advertisement is in accordance with the facts. The Directors of Guinness PLC accept responsibility accordance.

Cost control

Winning a fair share of the corporate cake

Richard Tomkins reports on an ingenious pay formula

THERE is a company in the south-east of England which can lay claim to not having given its employees a pay rise for over 10 years. Perhaps more remarkable is that it is over 10 years since its employees have asked

The company is not, however some autocratic sweatshop left over from Dickensian times, Far from it: its employees have an unusual degree of freedom to control their own working lives and enjoy considerably higher incomes than people in compar-

This state of affairs has been brought about through the adoption of an ingenious management system which has the twin advantages of keeping the company's costs rigidly under control while guarantee-ing its employees a share in its

growth.
The company is Southern Business Leasing, a Croydon-based organisation with 158 employees and agents, a turn-over of £6.1m and a quotation on the unlisted securities marthe unisted securities market. Its business is renting out and servicing Canon photocopiers and Maxpax drink vending machines—mainly the former-throughout the South-

Its management system was introduced by George Stewart, the chairman, and implemented by David McErlain, the managetion division subdivides its 6 ing director. The concept is per cent slice of total turnover ing director. The concept is simple. Total turnover is seen as a cake divided into slices. A 25 per cent slice goes immediately to profit and the rest is sed to cover the company's

The biggest slice—30 per cent of turnover—is used to cover the cost of sales, consisting mainly of the amortisation of machines and the cost of con-sumables such as ink and paper, The rest of the cake is allo-cated to the company's operating divisions. Servicing gets 16 per cent, sales 9 per cent, establish-ment (telephone, rates, insurance) 7 per cent, administration 6 per cent, finance 5 per cent and distribution 2 per cent.

At the end of each quarter

David McErlain: not getting bogged

laid down. At the same time each operating division's costs for the period are calculated and set against the amount it is due to receive. The balance—and this is the key element of the system—is not retained by the company but goes directly to that division's employees in the form of a quarterly bonus.

At a more detailed level, the

system is geared so that the more work each person does, and the more efficiently it is done, the more he or she picks up each quarter.
For example, the administra-

between its various departments. One of these is credit control, which gets 10 per cent of the slice. Within credit control there are two employees. One may be handling 20 per cent more accounts than the other; her share of the total budget will therefore be 20 per cent higher between its various departments.

higher.
Out of her quarterly budget will be debited all the expenses connected with the running of her particular part of the operation, including whatever monthly salary she has decided to award herself, her tax and national insurance contributions, and all her overheads such as stamps and stationery. At the end of each quarter Whatever is left is profit for her the company calculates the turnover for the period and divides will probably be 20 per cent it according to the percentages higher than her colleague's.

her workload growing beyond control, she might elect to buy a computer or word processor to ease her burden. That is her decision: the company will lend her the money to buy it (at a commercial rate of interest) and the repayments on the loan will be debited from her quarterly account.

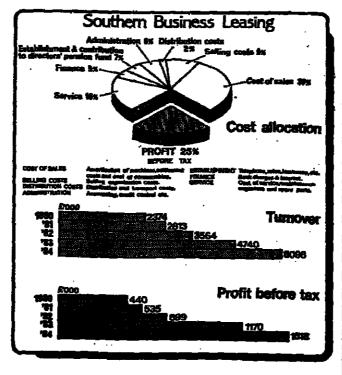
The system was introduced gradually during the early 1970s when the company was a fraction of its present size. McErlain believes that a company is at its most efficient and profitable when it is small, and the proportions of turnover allocated to the various divi-sions were therefore fixed at the levels which prevailed at the time of the system's incep-tion. They have changed only once since, when the response time required of the service engineers was cut from eight hours to four and the depart-ment's resources had to be increased. When an alteration to the percentages is seen as necessary, it is made by or with the agreement of those involved. In the early days the employees viewed the system with some suspicion. Derek Bray, now a senior member of distribution division but one of the three drivers

understand why they wanted to pay me that amount of money. I wanted to know what was in it for them. Nevertheless, those who felt the system would operate to their advantage soon resped the benefits. For example, Bray says there were too many

employed, says: "I couldn't

for the work available, and one in particular was not over-stretching himself. The way this system works you can't afford to have someone around who isn't pulling their weight," Bray says. "We had a meeting and discussed it, and in a roundabout way he left. We took on the workload and our pay went up as a

company lies in better financial Says McErlain: takes away that dread which every manager has that over-heads are growing as a pro-



portion of turnover, It just can't happen in this company because

Another advantage is that the annual squabble over pay rises is eliminated. The company avoids the risk of losing employees through paying them too little and at the same time knows it is not paying them more than it can afford.

From the employees point of view, their guaranteed share in the growth of the company has increased their pay much more quickly than they could hope to have seen through annual pay negotiations. For example, they require angineers are say, their service engineers are earning about £20,000 a year against perhaps £10,000 elsewhere in the industry. There are no trade union members at

While employees have a considerable amount of freedom considerable annulum of resentant in the way they organise their working lives management is likely to intervene if pre-set standards are not met. If this happens a system of fines

Says McErlain of the system: Says McErlain of the system:

"It's super from a management point of view. It means I can be a real managing director, going round looking at the problem areas and getting on with acquisition projects instead of being bogged down in running the petty cash."

The system is not entirely without its drawbacky, however

without its drawbacks, however. Employees cannot count on bonuses every quarter. As business expands their income grows, but when it becomes

necessary to take on another employee bonuses will have to be forgone for a quarter or two until the cost of the department's extra employee has been absorbed by rising income.

Expansion in a service-based organisation such as Southern creates only an occasions In a more capital-intensive organisation, employees would probably be reluctant to face the severe long-term decline in their income which might be necessary to finance an expensive expansion.

Another disadvantage is that the system will only continue to be acceptable to the employees as long as growth continues. They have yet to see a period when there has not been strong sales growth and they have therefore continued to benefit, but other companies without such a smooth upward trend in turnover could encounter

Southern, too, has to face up to the fact that a deep recession could see its turnover stagnate or decline. In that case, McEriain says, the system would simply go into reverse: departments would start to shed staff to maintain the level of star to maintain the level of income of those remaining.
"It wouldn't be up to the company; it would be up to the individual departments to say:
'Look, someone's going to have to go: who's it going to be?'
It would probably be a question of level to got the company of the tot the company of the company of

of last in first out-or, more likely, worst out. "They've done it before and they'd do it again: remember

Canon

video

camera

Employment trends

Dividing into camps

David Thomas on radical changes in the structure of workforces

COMPANIES are dividing themselves into an inner core of employees with secure jobs and on good terms and conditions; and an outer periphery of workers mporary contracts, working part-time, self-employed or em-ployed by sub-contractors.

That, at least, is the picture of a divided labour market made fashionable by John At-kinson and colleagues at the In-stitute of Manpower Studies at

The idea is simost the flavour of the monfit among astute personnel executives. Paul Roots, industrial relations director of Ford, told industrial journalists this week that there is "a split in the workforce between the workers who have marketable skills, predominantly in the more secure jobs with fringe benefits of pensions, sick-pay and all the rest of it, and the other half who are hewers of wood and drawers of water." Yet managers seem to lack a coherent strategy to guide this reshaping of the labour market, which is odd since the

trend favours a key manage-ment goal — flexibility. Indeed, two kinds of flexibility are at In return for security and

In return for security and decent conditions, the workers at the core of a company are expected to do whatever work the company demands — they are "interienally" fiexible. Typical members of the core are managers and skilled craftsmen, though the latter are increasingly being asked to dispense with demarcation lines. The periphery, in contrast, is hired to do highly specific jobs and fired when not needed — they are "numerically" fiexible. They have unusual working time arrangements and are employed in a range of lessing time arrangements and are employed in a range of less-than-permanent ways. They are the hewers of wood, except that they are more likely to be computer analysts or asser of printed circuit-boards.

There's no doubt that this theory neatly captures various pressures at play in the labour market. But there has been ome scepticism about the number of companies that are moving significantly in this direction. Often the theory's proponents seem to fall back on or two well-known examples, like Rank Xerox's net-working system, for their

A study completed by Atkinson, but not yet published,

provides the most extensive factual support yet for his ideas. Commissioned by the Department of Employment, it is based on interviews with managers in 31 companies, half in manufacturing and the other half in

The companies studied incinde not only cases from the electronics sector, as would be expected, but also examp from the traditional metal-bashing heartlands of industry. The 180-page report contains chapter and verse on how these companies are restructuring their workforces.

A company in the West Mid-lands engineering sector has encouraged many of its skilled workers to set up independently and then tender for their cid work An electronics company in South Wales employs about 230 "supplementals" on three-and ten-months contracts to act as a buffer protecting its 900 perman

Coherent

Companies are impossing too in their organisation of working time. A business in the bricks, pottery, glass and cement sector, for instance, has negotiated a working year arrangement, which is accompanied by a major simplification of job descriptions. The agreement stipu-lates a working year made up of 46 weeks at 39 hours (1.794 hours), plus built-in flexible time of 12.5 per cent (224 hours), to be worked as demand

Such examples, repeated throughout the report, seem to show that British management is now actively shaping its labour environment. But the small print of the 31 case studies makes less sanguine reading.
Most of the business's surveyed have not developed coherent strategies to restructure their workforce. They are using the opportunities presented by unemployment and technological change to introduce change minerates. duce changes piecemeal. For the first time in years, the ball is in their hands and they are running with it, without much idea about how far they will get before being tackled.

Far from possessing an over-all vision, different sections of management see the future differently. In one company, for instance, general manage-ment wanted to push the use of temporary workers to the limit,

AUTO FOCUS MECHANISM

the personnel function, which justified its reluctance "in terms both of industrial relations and of moral responsibility." In this enterprise, the personnel department had a mediating (rather than an initiation rais) is recoming an initiating role) " in manning

Two areas already in transition, however, according to the report, are recruitment and report, are recrimment and training, at least for peripheral workers. Recruiters are switching to cheaper, faster methods aimed at people not already in formal work, like middle-aged, married women. Similarly, selection criteria are becoming periless important among peri-pherals because of job

Systematic deskilling of jobs also means that training is becoming less important for peripherals.

For the core workers with job security, however, the stress on training is increasing. largely through retraining and the acquisition of add-on skills, rather than the definition of common core skills.

If managers are only just leaving the starting blocks, unious have barely begun to himber up, the report suggests. "The trade union response had B been confused and generally aimless," the report concludes.
Unions were keeping quiet about the displacement of permanent staff by temporary and part-time workers "because the unions did not want to expose their supposed inability to stop it.'

At national level, this may be changing. The annual Economic Review of the Trades Union Congress, published last week, contained a section on what it called "two-tier employ-ment"—a trend which, un-surprisingly, the TUC is against, so far, however, there are few signs of unions on the ground evolving recruitment and barsining strategies to meet these

17

 $(s, q^{-1})^{r_{q}^{-1}}$

UK BL

1.320

15 x 32 a.

EL CROSS

In the medium term, the big question is whether the changes can be sustained. The main pressure for innovation, accord-ing to Atkinson at the IMS, is nnies' desire to maintai productivity growt d early in the rece through relatively simple means, like closures and man-

TECHNOLOGY

Why automation is just the ticket

system planned for London's toe way passengers pay for travel in the capital. A new range of self-service machines will issue plastic tickets which can be used not just on the Underground but also on buses, the planned Dockland Light Rail system, and some British Rail suburban services.

As well as providing a single ticket for all buses and trains, the system should reduce the estimated £12.5m a year fraud, reduce costs, ease queues at stations and provide more in-formation for management on passenger flows. Passengers will be able to

buy a ticket for a single journey

and Singapore.

According to a director, Mr
John Lincoln, many transport
authorities have tried to make

London Underground's £135m computerised ticketing system will cut costs, fraud and queues, and issue bus and rail tickets, reports Alistair Guild

different modes of transport.
but they have found it too difficult to adapt the old technology or reach agreement on the type of card to be used.

"San Francisco started off or several journeys made by different modes of transport. The ticket has a magnetic striplike a credit cvard which can be read automatically on the bus or train, or at the station of destination.

The system will be built by Westinghouse Cubic which has already installed automatic fare collection systems in Hong Kong and Singapore.

"San Francisco started on with three different ticketing technologies for the Bay Area Rapid Transit System, the municipal bus and municipal rail systems. It then tried to bring them in line. In London, it has been much easier. It was agreed that part of the magnetic strip's field would be allocated to the underground and others to bus, BR and dockland rail.

The system will also make

should they fail.

A sophisticated reporting system is an integral part of London Underground's plans. This will be at three levels. Each of the 247 stations will have a range of ticket machines, all with microprocessors. These will have I megabyte of bubble memory so that they are memory so that they are capable of storing data at the busiest station for two days

Data from these machines is then fed to a station computer processor, part of a local area network at station level. Other microprocessor-based ticket systems in the world do

vidual stations. Singapore is the exception. The network planned for London will pass data cola fibre optical cable, using the main trunk routes of a new telephone network, to a cluster of three DEC Vax mini com-puters at London Under-ground's Baker Street head-

"The same network could be applied to other transport systems," says Mr Lincoln. "However, because of the large amounts of data generated across the transport network, London requires more data concentrations." centrators and greater capacity for its central computers. Singa-pore, for example, is using DEC 124 minicomputers rather than the DEC Vax computers planned for London.

"Elsewhere in the world, the tendency has been to use a Bandaid approach to the implementation of automatic fare collection, rather than install a completely new system. But ten years ago, the technology was not available to instal a system of this sophistication or intelligence. Only in the last two or three years have advances in technology made it possible."

THE VIDEO camera for everyone — small, light, simple to use and incorporating both recorder and player — came a

television set.

Cameras using this format have already been launched by Kodak, Philips and Sony, but Canon has built in for the first time some advanced features which cheutile heart and some set of the control of t which should have special appeal to the ordinary con-Automatic focusing and

exposure: the camera uses an advanced infrared light techadvanced infrared light technique accurately to measure
the subject distance. A beam
of infra-red light is generated
inside the camera and directed
via a series of mirrors and
prisms into the photographic
lens system. The beam travels
through the camcorder lens to
the subject and is reflected to the subject and is reflected to the camera where it is detected by a monitor situated on the body of the camera. As the object distance is calculated by triangulation, this arrangement is said to give a more accurate measure than through-the-lens



step closer yesterday. Canon, the Japanese cameras-to-computers giant, announced a domestic Sum videocamera (camcorder) weighing only 1.98 kg which can record for up to three hours on one tape. The recording can be played back through a conventional television set There is an on-board com-puter which takes the signals from the infra-red detectors and

converts them into instruction to the autofocus motor.

Direct drive motors to the tape drive, capstan, supply reel and take-up reel increases the stability of back tension applied to the tape. The drum motor has been reduced to only 30 per cent of the size and weight of previous motors. previous motors.

High speed Saticon camera

tube warms up in only two seconds compared to the 20 second period required for earlier tubes.

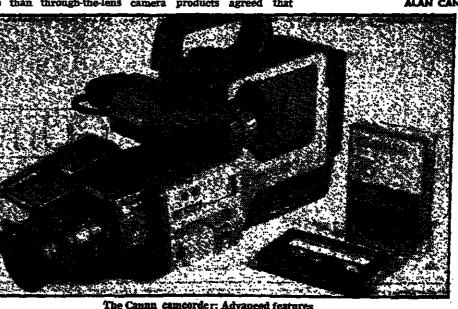
The domestic video market is dominated by the VHS format, pioneered by the Victor Company of Japan (JVC), which uses half-inch tape cassettes. There are a number of half-inch camcorders on the market Over a year ago, 122 manufacturers of electronic and camera products agreed that

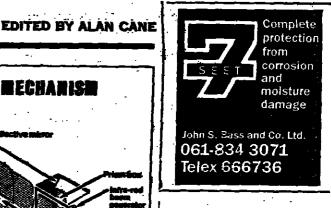
camcorders using 8 ram wide tape in small cassettes would be the future standard. Since then developments have been slow and there has been considerable discussion over whether 8 mm can be a serious Canon, for example, in launching its new format cameorder said: "Half-inch video cassette recorders — for people who do not place top priority on portability — will coexist with 8mm formats for several years to come."
The Canon cameurier allows

up to three Rours of recording on one tape and a character generator can be attached to superimpose titles, dates, times and stop-watch sequences on to the images.

But if the specification of the Canon camcorder makes it suitable for everybody, the price may not; it is likely to cost at least £1,200 in the UK.

ALAN CANE





Design aid for process plant

INTERGRAPH, a leading U.S.-based computer-aided design and manufacturing (CAD/CAM) maker, is to offer process plant design software developed at imperial Chemical Industries. Called Isogen, the software Called Isogen, the saftware generates piping isometric drawings from computer-created plant designs. Thousands of such drawings are needed in a typical chemical or petroleum plant design. Produced by hand, the drawings would need armies of dramatismen. of draughtsmen.
In all, the company has
2,000 graphics systems

2,000 graphics systems installed world-wide. Intermatther world-wide. Inter-graph says that, according to market research company Dataquest, it has supplied more CAD systems to the architecture / engineering / construction design market than the next five venders combined.

Forum on networks

ACCORDING TO Oyez Scientific and Technical Services, leased line costs are rising sufficiently fast to wipe ent any anticipated savings that would justify investment in private networks.

Since, at the same time, British Telecom is announcing a multitude of public services that compete directly

ing a muturate or public services that compete directly with private network offerings, Oyez believes the time is right for a London-based forum on the subject, which it plant for historians 12 at it plans for November 18 at the Royal Lancaster Hotel. Oyez believes managers in user organisations are now asking for criteria other than pure cost saving on which to justify investment decisions. More about the conference, for which the fee will be £145 plus VAT, from Louise Marriott at Oyez ou 01-236

Wide scope for new identity tag

WELWYN MICROCIRCUITS of Bedlington. Northumberland, has developed a fingernalisized electrical identity tag that could be used throughout industry, commerce and agriculture.

Factory coded by means of a laser, the tag is read in the field by plugging it into a simple device, perhaps with further onward connection to computer-based information systems.

Applications already under investigation at Welwyn include the identification of animals, production line items and luggage at airports. There are also prospects for electronic locks and for coding personal items like pagers and mobile telephones. Vehicles, of any kind, could be uniquely coded for electronic ldentification.

Is aid down on the ceramic using silk screen printing, to form to each of the rows, appearing on the column conductors only where there is through-counceting hole.

The pattern is fired at high temperature to produce a highly stable circuit and lasers are often used to trim the area of the rows, appearing on the column conductors only where there is through-counceting hole.

The pattern is fired at high temperature to produce a highly stable circuit and lasers are often used to trim the area of the resistors to give precise of computer-based information systems.

The new tag is called PPM (or experimental to each of the rows, appearing on the column conductors only where there is through-counceting hole.

This allows over 65,000 combinations, which will be adequate for many implications. However, by using splications. However, by using streams of fired-on conductors in two different codes are possible.

The new tag is called PPM (or experimental to each of the rows, appearing on the column conductors only on the column conductors on the column conductors only on the column conductors only on the column conductors on the column conductor

could be uniquely coded for electronic identification.

electronic identification.

The tag is a new application for thick film circuit technology, used in the electronics industry for 25 years to make "hybrid" circuits. This is a robust method of connecting existing

method of connecting existing they cross.

The computer-controlled laser carried and the controlled in the computer controlled in the controlled in th semiconductor electronic com-ponents together on a tiny, tough slab of ceramic material tough slab of ceramic material readable code on the tag.

That is insensitive to temperature variations.

Special conductive inks are simplest form of coding, a

tions, depending on the read/ write technique adopted. Then, when the second track set is

can be used, after the drilling operation, to engrave a man-

four sides. On a 6 x 4 inch
alumina wafer, 150 devices can
be made at the same time.
Since the device consists only
of Positively connected metal
conductors, with no active semiconductor, reliability is very
high.

Made in volume. PPM devices seem likely to cost pence rather theses to weed out those that prove to be false. The second, it is hoped, will mimic common mother" circuit, also using thick film technology, that would carry the associated electronics for a complete system.

GEOFFREY CHARLISH

Computer aid for generals

COMPUTER scientists at the Schenectady research labora-tories of GE (USA) are devising expert computer systems to enable army commanders to make fast, accurate, decisions

during battle.

The Sim project, funded by DARPA (Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency), is designed to make the best of large amounts of incomplete and sometimes conflicting intelligences.

software that allows a computer to mimic the reasoning process of one or more human authorities on a subject. But unlike most expert systems, which must be pre-sented with complete and accurate information, the new

one will be tailored to deal with uncertainty.

The software will take three approaches. One involves think-

rers

re-ing

y :k :k :k :s

op-op-oz-oz-cz

5⁽⁷⁾(

m:d

UNLIKE other artefacts, construction projects have long lives tied to the soil. They are "non-returnable" if deficient.

Defects during construction or noted shortly after completion are remediable in the normal commercial way. But struction projects have long obvious for some time, the six-before in time, the six-before an injured party realises he had any reason to let me submit a solution.

Defects during construction projects have long obvious for some time, the six-before defined is too long.

The report does not, and was aggregate of the current not intended to, cover so substantial a mischief. The area realises he had any reason to let me submit a solution.

Would such a scheme provide a charter for negligent design or construction, may not

remedy, whether for a building

owner or a third party who

suffers financial loss, is a mine-They include the architect, the of consulting engineers, possibly certain specialists, the contractor, sub-contractors and suppliers. The cause of defects can seldom be firmly identified, at any rate prior to litigation. Thus the injured party-sues everyone in sight; each of them will then join everybody else in action. By the time action is started it may be 25 years

one—directly or as required by their insurers—denies liability. their insurers—denies liability, and recommends a "cut-off" Cause is usually in dispute and period, 15 years after "the date months can go by in argument of the defendant's breach of months can go by in argument by experts. The process is long, the outcome unpredictable, the

The problem of litigation is case ([1983] 2 AC 1), where it vision of construction and final was held that a cause of action for damage caused by negli-

This means that where dam- period is better than no cut-off

) < [1] .

ar pak

J.ml

. . .

Combined with all this is the "knock-on" effect, as it is known in the building industry. Thus a court may determine liability as architect 5 per cent, builder 60 per cent, sub-contractor 35 per cent. But this may be 20 years after the event: if neither builder not sub-contractor are still in business, the architect would have to pay not 5 per cent but the whole 100 per cent of the damages. As between innocent plaintiff and almostinnocent architect in this stages. example, the forness of this • For procedure may reasonably be

policy would cover all the (specified) parties involved such as own sionals, builder, sub-contrac-tors. Thus, by definition, there would be no subrogation for the insurers and less argument, building failure or defect. The present free-for-all procedure serving the public interest. the parties.

The Report on Latent Damage y the Lord Chancellor's Law Reform Committee attempts to redress one element of this mischief. It recognises that

But the 15 years may not start to run until a designer certification. Thus a negligent decision made early during the design stage of a significant project might easily result in to be resolved. Would the pre-mium cost be higher? I doubt it, the 15 years turning out to be 23 years or more. Some cut-off insures to a greater or lesser

Suppose it became a statutory requirement for every building or building owner to be insured; somewhat analogously to the way every car owner or driver is obliged to pensity for negligent design or construction would suffer not not only public liability (as conventional now) but also (himself only the obvious loss of reputa damage to anyone (himself included) as a result of defects tially higher premiums. So quite apart from motivation of in design or construction. Such

> Would the insurance industry would respond. However, for car owners can attest. More pertinently, Parliamen

let alone litigation, between on a matter previously con-sidered to do with rights and obligations—indeed with the • After the end of the cut-off warter the end of the cut-on period, the owner would insure annually or perhaps five-yearly. Such policies could have subrogation whereby the insurer freedom—of individuals. But legislation of some kind is oversuch parties would not include those whom the owners had engaged for design and con-struction, since the cut-off sidered only if the mischlef is substantial and other remedies

elusive. But that is exactly Such a scheme would avoid where we are now. most of the problems of the status quo and would make redress for defects altogether

cases in the Trinity term will appear in this column next

APPOINTMENTS

period would have expired.

simpler, quicker and less costly.

Some questions would need

• For the duration of design,

construction and the liability cut-off period, the ("wrap-up")

Phillips & Drew board formed

Upon the incorporation of INGREDIENT SUPPLIES, Leeds. PHILLIPS & DREW, stockbrokers, the following have been elected to the board: Mr B. A. M. years, becomes sales director. He cottrell, Mr C. H. Eaves, Mr Succeeds Mr Mike Sedden who is P. M. D. Gibbs, Mr C. J. Lewis, Mr P. G. Neild and Mr R. Studer (Swiss — non-executive) and together with Mr P. J. W. Harri-son, Mr K. E. Percy, Mr G. M. Redman-Brown and Mr P. J. C. Smallwood will form the execu-Smallwood will form the executive committee. In addition to the former partners the following have been appointed directors of the relevant operating subsidiaries: Mr R. V. Watkins, Mr A. J. Dye, Mr P. H. Beck, Mr M. F. Broèks, Mr B. G. Elliott, Ms Lynn C. How, Mr P. Morley, Mr D. A. Robins, Mr B. Shaw, Mr C. G. Stainforth and Mr B. Ching. Mr P. W. Parker will be leaving the firm.

THORN EMI COMPUTER
SOFTWARE has appointed Mr
Cive Hyland as director of
personnel. He was personnel
director of Thorn EMI Fire

Mr Geoff Jones has been appointed vice-president and director of planning and corporate development for HFC TRUST & SAVINGS. He moves from the Midland Bank where he has been involved in planning and product development within the marketing department and international division. Mr Colin Pryer, district manager, northern

the marketing department and international division. Mr Colin Pryor, district manager, nurthern division, for HFC, moves on promotion to head office as assistant vice-president, marketing and advertising manager. HFC is part of the Household International Group.

**

Mr Michael Ayrton has joined the board of BERGER ELASTO-MERS, Newassile upon Tyne, as sales and marketing director. He replaces Mr Alan Hindmarch, who moves to the newly-created post of director of project development. Mr Ayrton comes from Albright & Wilson, where he was sales and marketing manager of one of the speciality chemical businesses. Berger Elastomer is a Hoechst company.

INSURANCE SOCIETY, from September 2. Mr Robert Blain and Mr Richard Hotchkis have been appointed assistant invest-

within the RHM group. Mr Peter Barry moves into a newly-created directorship in charge of production, distribution, engineering and purchasing. He has been senior operations

over from Mr Brian Scott, recently appointed deputy general manager of the Western Region, Passenger Business Managers have the financial Managers have the financial responsibility for planning train services, developing terminal facilities and giving maximum value for money over a wide area on the region. Mr Burton has been Southern's regional parcels manager.

From September 1 Mr Richard Kottler, sales director, AQUA-SCUTUM, is also taking on responsibility for the retail branches outside London and men's wholesale and shope-within-shops UK Mr Robert Wilson is appointed a director of Aquascutum International, parent company of the overseas subsidiaries in North America and the Far East. Mrs Margaret King, merchandise controller, ladies' retail, becomes an assistant director of Aquascutum.

SIMON AND COATES stock brokers, has admitted the following to partnership: Mr G. A. Alexander, Mr G. D. Arnold, A. Alexander, Mr G. D. Arnold, Mr C. J. A. Chaitow, Mr A. B. Coughian, Mr R. T. Crossley, Mr A. C. G. Hewlett, Mr R. R. D. Jeffryes, Mr G. MacDougall, Mr A. C. Monk, Mr N. B. Rawlings, Mr R. J. Shefford, Mr R. F. P. Stone, and Ms Maria T. Tebaldi.

inastomer is a Hoechst company.

Ms Pamela A. Benady Davies has induced BOSWEIL BIGMORE as a partner.

**

SONY (UK) has appointed Mr Bosh Jones as general manager—sales, consumer products division. He joined the group's subsidiary, Frederick parker, in 1972 and was appointed to the subsidiary board in 1979. Mr Jack Wake

ACROSS

1 Beat for putting refuse around the front of the house (6)

2 Made a point of cracking codes around mid-afternoon (6)

2 Saw the lead the dog carried inside (7)

3 If more suitable for a star-gazer (10)

21 He returned to Tom, miles away (4)

21 In turn, pound the mixture (5)

24 Once more gets a drink for the journalist (8)

25 Intermitted price changes I do somehow alip in (6)

26 Bird or birds in retreat (4)

27 In taking three for the guys!

28 Ended, as Doctor Etizabeth admitted, when sung to (9)

3 Contents including a special manager of the parts and services division. He was manufactory wide, hid, audit portables and spondiets including television to the substidiary of all Sony's consumer hardware by all form of parts of an hour for spite (7)

29 Bird or birds in retreat (4)

21 In taking the ball, first satisfied with competition (10)

23 Pine, perhaps, if once misled by a redthead (7)

24 Pine, perhaps, if once misled by a redthead (7)

25 Pine, perhaps, if once misled by a redthead (7)

26 Bird or birds in retreat (4)

27 In taking the ball, first satisfied with competition (10)

28 Pine, perhaps, if once misled by a redthead (7)

29 Pine, perhaps, if once misled by a redthead (7)

20 Pine, perhaps, if once misled by a redthead (7)

20 Pine, perhaps, if once misled by a redthead (7)

21 Returned vehicle around mid-afternoon (and morating, taking three over for the sating the house (open of cracking and misled, when sung to (9)

20 Done cleanar cover for the sating the house (open of cracking and misled, when sung to (9)

21 End a point of cracking and misled a point of all sony consumer products division. He was manufactory wide, his alido portables and sponding the requirement and products including products including television. He price of all Sony's consumer hardware by all four to fine staking the ball foretor of frederick where he was also director of the sung product of including and products including television and provided, his, audio portables and provided the was sales director p

Mr Heward Davies has been Mr P. J. R. Masters has been appointed deputy investment appointed to the board of HDA manager of the CO-OPERATIVE FORGINGS, a Hawker Siddeley company, as director and general manager of the blade forge division.

Mr Mike Innes has been appointed media director of BMP BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS, business and financial arm of Boase Massimi Pollitt. He Two members of senior BMP BUSINESS COMMUNICA, management have been TIONS, business and financia appointed to the board of arm of Boase Massimi Pollitt. He RANKS HOVIS McDOUGALL, has been with BMP since 1979.

FT UNI	T TRUST INFO	ORMATION SE	ERVICE
UTHORISED	Brown Shipley & Co. Ltd. (2)(g) 9-17 Parrymount Rd, Haywards Hds 0444 458144	C. & A. Trest (a) (g) 5 Reyleigh Road, Streetward. 0277 227900	Lioyds Bk, Unit Tst. Magra. Ltd. (a) Register's Dept., Coring-by-See, Working, W.St. 1985 502541.
UINUKIJED VIT TÜİLED	15. Acron 77.6 50.3 446 15. Acron 77.6 50.1 446 Persectal 79.3 105.0 293	C.T. Unit Manager Ltd.	Referenced have need lack
11 1 1 1 2 3 sy Cult Tst. Magrs. (u) Ioldesburs. Rd., Boursemath 1346 71,7373	Grands Income 1025 1163 174 High Income 91.1 52.9 7.25 Income 56.8 61.1 125 World Assertan 93.0 51.7 125	Sth Flaor, 8 Democratic St., London, EC2M 6YJ. 02.283 2575, Bealing: 01-426-9031. 79.3 22 Capital (Acc) 59.3 79.3 22 Capital (Acc) 59.4 79.3 -6.3 22 (Acc) 59.5 79.5 79.3 79.3 79.3 79.3 79.3 79.3 79.3 79.3	Do. (Access) 217.5 22.9 -0.2 2.75 Estin income 117.5 123.9 -0.46 Do. (Access) 201.8 217.9 +0.1 6.46
focume Flore	Ories MAD 47.4 0.25 Bacoury 27.3 29.4 0.26 Technology 100.3 29.4 0.26 Especial 173.4 133		Do (Access) 140 A 1527 -07 071
ME 1917	Buckmaster Management Co. Ltd. (a) (c) The Stock Englance, EC2P 2.17	100 100	91. American & Gen. 1918 199 but =0.3 1.65 Do. (Action) 197.4 95.8 =0.3 1.65 Partite Balle 20.0 30.5 Do. (Action) 197.4 40.3 0.75 Send Con & Barry 197.7 40.3 0.75
Tea Growth 151.8 140.254 40.1 2.8 151.8 15	Seem 12 1703 1799 +44 406	ings & Convol. 1991 1998 -0.4 14 For East and Gas. 1992 1994 +0.8 14 Fortpeta. 1992 1994 +0.8 0.6 Garctmore Fund Managers (a) (c) (g)	Partic State Pa
con Control (914 923 403 216 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116 116	(Accom Date) Aug 20 127.9 133.4 3.00	2 St Mary Ase, EC3A 88P. 01-623 1212	Lioyd's Life Unit Tet, Magrs, Ltd. 2, St Mary Aze, ECSA 88P. 61-920 (311
(1975) Agr. (1975) 1972 1972	CS Fund Managers Limited 125 High Holton, London WCLV 6PY. 01-242 1148	British Tip, Diet	Employ Across 119.2 122.4 +0.5 216 Employ Dist. 53.0 88.3 +0.7 216 Employ Dist. 53.0 88.3 +0.7 216 Employ Dist. 53.0 88.3 +0.7 216 Employ Dist. 53.1 40.1 40.0 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10
an Russe By Russ, EC1Y 2AY. 01-628-6621	CS Portfello Im. Fd	For East Year	Edit Tress Acc
icon Tech Fd	Causedo Life Unit Trust Magrs. Ltd. 2-6 High St, Pomen Bar, Harts. P Bar 51122 Can Gra. Obt. 1991 99-84 1-0. 3-0. 3-0. 3-0. 3-0.	CR Tree 21.1 27.2 9.44 Chief Fe Chief F	Local Anthorities' Mutual Invest. Tel.* 77. Lundor West FC2N 100. 00-500 1015
Con H (1990) 200 20 +03 199	Con. Con. 10t. 107.1 10.04 - 1.04 10.05 10	Season Front 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975 1975	Property Family by SI 195.00
	Cannon Fund Managers Ltd. (2) 1, Ohmoir Way, Wassiey, HAY (NB. 02-902 8876	946 Euro Tres. 324 344 104	Lossion & Manchester (Tst Nigest) Ltd. Winstate Park, Exeter, EX5 10S. 0.952 225347.
ul Dembar Smit Trasts PLG (a)(g) Dembar House, Hotton, Brethwood, Esse 1977) 213459 & 229121	French 227 263m +0.9 188 2022 263m +11 543 Fre Sat 5124 194 +0.1 0.8 North America 5110 1181 +0.3 1a3	Sweet (John) Unit Magt. Ltd.	General No. 1943 36.4 40 accest Treet
ings Trumbs	Capel (James) Magt. Ltd. 200, Old Broad St, EC2N 180. 01-588 6020	Winchester Hise, 77 London Wall, EC2. 02-580 5620 Count. Americanizona. 1504 519 -0.1 0.33 Count. Americanizona. 1504 -0.1 0.33 Count. Americanizona. 1507 41.7 -0.1 5.19 Count. Count. Americanizona. 1507 41.7 -0.1 5.19 -0.4 1.74	Lendon Law Unit Treat Bingt. Ltd. Balley Hen., Old Second Law, EC4. 01-296 6105 Capital Grown
	1977 Marian Kara 2873 270	Court Super Code	M & S Group (y)(c) Three Design Tourse MM F1780 6480
m Trants ion incare Til. 26.4 28.1m -0.1 4.9; ionsee Trant	Cater Alien Unit Tot Managers 1, King William St, ECHN TAU. 01-623-6314	Control European Goods 111.17 119.4 -0.15 0.94	America Science 105 107 10 102 1
milional Traits	(400 miles (400 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2	Expension (and Appension of App	
Ann. Tr. 1981. 1983 - Out 12	المنتق المحمد المستركين المستركة المارية	Greeken Unit Trest Managers	Macoust Latest
G Da Tr. 177.4 105.00 +0.3 259	Charince Charities N/R Fuest‡ 15, Moorgate, Louise, Et2. 61-638 42/21.	9-17, Perrymant Rd, Haywards Haath. 0444 416581-2 Grestom Cichal Group 1943 200.9 200 Grestom Inc	(Account links) 1852 0 004) 44 1 5.57
ery fruit 916 634 461 222 61.06y1s. 621 679 -0.9 23 16.06y1s. 624 3349 404 37 600g 18. 5722 76.9 -62 13	100000 Jane 31	Grofund Managers Limited Planers Hall, 99 Austin Frient, EC2N ZAE 01-508-5317 Coden American Tree N. C. 2001	European 115.4 122.3 40.8 1.8, 140.0 1.5, 14
# 1 mms	77 London Wall, ECZN 1DB. 01-568 1615	Grobust Assertan Tree. 57.4 77.8 3.96 Grobust Assertable 16: 53.3 54.2 18.00 Grobust English Tree. 64.9 73.3 2.00 Grobust English Tree. 64.9 73.3 1.07 Grobust English Tree. 54.0 54.0 1.07 Grobust Spin Trees. 50.8 54.0 0.27	Extrn Visit. Take 1 70.9 1 17.9 1 10.1 6.3 1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1
	Chieffuin Trust Managers Ltd (a) (g) 11, New St., ECZM 4TP. 01-283 1963	Gazethan Reyal Ex. Unit Myrs, Lisk(a)	General
hany Wieler Bult Tst. Mgant. Ltd. Kitepite St, Landon El 7riP. 01-577 1921 r Guth Ft. Luc	Andrea 99.5 42.4 0.58 Andrea 99.9 21.3 0.48	Royal Exchange, ECSV 31.5. 01-638 2020 Exergen 198.6 199.0 +0.9 0.90 Edit & Fixed 116.7 221.9 +0.9 9.00 Grands Eq. 198.1 171.9 -0.9 268	Access Upril
about Complies (4d feWe)	ind Trees 503 624 853 incompression 512 512	General 238.4 247 for +0.3 3.07 Nth American 126.5 124.1 -0.3 2.26 Pacific 128.0 136.2 -0.7 0.47	Uncome (year level 1971 1971 1445 546 144
Findary Participal, EC2A 1AY. 01-628 9876	Special Strations	Galle Management Limited	(Accrete 11mm)
128.9 137.0 -0.7 3.0 -0.7 3.0 -0.7 3.0 -0.2 3.0	Confederation Funds Migt, Ltd. (2) 50, Chancery Lane, WC2A 1HE. 01-242 0282 Growth Fund		Hitifant 9112 495 422 5.06 Accord Joen 9715 10510 454 9.06 Recovery 250 265 71 410 346 Accord Leris 3145 1974 412 346 Accord Leris 3145 1974 412 346 Accord Leris 3145 1974 423 407 Accord Leris 3102 7 1077 445 467
	County Bank UT Services Ltd Managers of MatWest Belt Treets	Blambres Bank Unit Trest Managers Ltd. (g) Premier U.T. Admir, 5 Rayleigh Rd, Harton, Brentwood, Essex. 0277 217916	General (Jets)
m Sevel 55.5 60.4 2.7 (1.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2	5 161, Chespolie, ECZV 6EU. 01-726 1999	HBL Countin Tot	Specialist Funds Chartened Aug. 20
		HEL Emergence Vol. 66.1 65.9 -0.1 20.6 HEL April American 54.3 70.3 -0.1 0.65 HEL Royal American 54.3 57.8 -0.1 2.46 HEL Scandingship Vol. 51.0 54.1 -0.1 2.46 HEL Scandingship Co. Tru. 38.1 97.1 49.2 2.48	
##o Treet #40		Henderson Administration (a) (b) (c) Promier UT Admin., 5, Rayleigh Road, Mutton,	MGM Unit Managers Ltd. MGM haze, Heese Rd, Worthing. (07-623 021) High Inc. 1775.9 188.2 4-6-4 4-96 Ascan United 200.7 4-95 4-98
		Brentwood, Enter. 0277 217236 U.K. Funds Special Sits	High list
knoty Unit Tst. Mgs. Ltd.(a)(c) m Street, London, EU2M 20P. 01-577 752	FIGHT ONE TIME AN AREA FOR	Section Sits 97.9 195.64 +0.5 1.52 (Access Liett) 118.2 146.764 +0.5 1.52 (Access Liett) 74.2 79.64 +0.1 3.75 (Acc. Liett) 80.0 51.8 +0.1 2.35 (Acc. Liett) 84.5 85.8 +0.1 2.35 (Acc. Liett) 84.5	MLA Unit Trust Hanagement 1.04 Gid Queen S., SWIA 9.06. 01-222 0531 MIA GOLTE
0042 2165 +53 49 00 Feet 50.5 32.3 40.4 2.7 Viels Equity FL 52.9 53.2 +0.4 7.2	Cross: Hosse, Wolking GUZI, 1)(W. 04662, 247933 Cross Brook Treet. 1773.1 1854.1 +0.2 5.67 Cross Grook Treet. 1774.2 187.7 + 40.4 2.96 Cross Augustus 78	Er. & Assets 527 99.2 +0.1 4.03 Financial 100.3 104.8 -0.2 2.91 High Incomer Finds 1077 116.1 +0.1 4.50	MIA Gen. Tyr. 28.1 27.4 27.1 MIA Microsof Trans. 30.1 51.94 +0.1 1.35 MIA Mi. 20.8 37.8 GR Unit Trans. 22.6 28.94 +0.1 10.07
unfgåt Management ouge Gardens, Manchester. 063-834 293	2 Dartington Sinit Trust Magt. Ltd.	(Accome Units)	Manul He Management Ltd. St. George's Way, Sieverage. 0438 356101
194 PLAG 20	Tetal Perf. Usit Tr	Smaller Das Div	Git of Fact 181,0 182,3 6.50 6
into Unit Managert Ltd. Moorgale, ECR 6EL 01-638 1711 Few Sept Gotto	Discretionary Unit Fund Managers 36/98 New Brand St, EC2M 1HU. 03-638 4485 Disc inc Any 9	Carbon Health 20.3 St.4s -0.3 0.07 Carbon Tech 20.0 St. 20.5 Carbon Tech 20.0 St.	
New State Courts 49.1 92.3 0.6 0.6 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	Dunedle Unit Tet Mages Ltd 3, Courtons Sq. Estaburgh EH2 405. 451-225 4571.	String Tech Rug 12-4 - 12 126	Nayflawer Management Co. Ltd. 14-10, Greston St. ECZV 7AU. 01-406 8099
lie Eifferd & Co. Ltd. milets St, Edutoryb. 031-225-606	STAND ROOM ILLERY WINNINGS FOR	European Small Cox. 51.9 55.2 +0.1 0.45	Income Aug 20
Er Ang 7 3015 5146 13 Er Ang 14 1057 1917 04 X Ang 7 851 1543 14 Maj left Jame 15 224 3499	4 Mehillo Cressent, Edinburgh, 0031-225 3492 1 EPM American Fundio 572 61.2 278 EPM Capital Fundio 608 550 226 EPM Capital Fundio 408 450 4022 EPM Ground 4 (or Floto 2012 20024 452	Jagon Social Six	McAtally Fund Management Ltd. Regis House, King William St, ECA. 01-625 4951
and Mr. Amer 25 107 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108	1 EFM American Furdix 572 6.2 2.78 574 Caylar Furdix 572 5.2 2.78 574 Caylar Furdix 5.0 5.0 2.00	Apper Recorp Tot. 10000 1172 -0.5 1.66	Gen fee, Tst. Acc. 76.7 HLA +1.0 6.8c Glen inc. Tst. Inc. 42.8 45.6 +0.6 6.8c Glen Cap. Fund Acc. 188.6 197.5 +4.3 4.37
Action (C. 1972) 178.7 -3.8 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19.	2 EFM Self-lar Crist2	Descriptor Des	Mencap Valt Trast Mages Ltd (a)(c)(g)
ciers Unicera Lini(a)(c)(u)	American Aug 21 116.5 120.1 250 June Aug 25 58.8 60.2 0.40 Pecific Aug 25 182.0 187.9 40.3 255 Sant Jun Ces Aug 25 106.6 116.1 +3.5 0.10	Appai 722 76.04 - 0.4 8.75 American 753 753 - 0.4 134 Gator Trea 15.5 64.7 - 0.2 2.00 Pacific D Tre 137.8 16.1 - 0.3 240	Unicore Hise, 252 Remired Rd, E7. 01-534 5544 Newcon hoza 1993 +0.21 4.27
nen He. 252, Romford Rd., E7. 01-594 554 Im America 73.6 78.2 -0.4 2.8 est. Arr. 199.0 147.8 -2.9 1.0 est. Isr. 189.3 206.6 -1.6 1.3	The English Association	Heritable Unit Trest Managers Ltd. 52 Berteley Square, Leaden WIX 6EH 01-93 6621 Growth Foot	Mercury Fund Managers Ltd. 33 King William St, ECAR 94S. 01280 2860 American Growth
20 37 37 41 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44	EA IMPORTATION 119 68 94 7.80 EA IMPORTATION 90.1 90.14 330	Heamors Unit Treat Managers Ltd.	American locome 144.0 46.0 5.92
1942 1955 1966 1966 1967 1966 1967 1966 1967	9 Egaltable Units Administration L20 3 35 Foundain St., Manchester W2 2AF 061-236 5685	30 Friar St, Reading, Barks. 0734 595511 Coverdant Foot. 69.9 73.9 4.07 Coverdant Extra Inc. 56.9 40.2 6.45	(Access Units) 44.0 45.7 45.7 3.52 Europein 72.1 75.7 45.7 1.62 (Access Units) 74.4 79.1 40.8 1.62 (Access Units) 74.4 79.1 40.8 1.62 (Access Units) 79.9 50.6 11.5 (Access Units) 295.9 54.7 40.9 3.13
lgr. Nuclic Acc	High leasts 59.4 +0.2 6.27	Hexagon Services Ltd. 28 Western Rd., Roudord RM1.3LB 0708-45322	http://doi.org/10.100/10.100
day: 1947)	Polices 2702 3063 +0.1 4.05 Special Sta 56.3 60.2 3.24 Tix of law laster) 51.5 54.84 +0.3 2.37	Ant Fries 1992 1/5.1 230 Came Cru 1136 1222 273 HIS Samuel Unit Tst. Myrs.† (a)	(Actorn Units) 2006 213.4 -0.4 1.45 Jugan 77.5 82.4 +0.2 0.13 (Actorn Units) 78.5 85.8 +0.1 0.13 Recovery 134.6 140.4 +0.4 5.74
Indian	Equity & Law Un. Tr. M. (a) (c) St Georges Hise, Corporation St, Coventry 0203 553251	45 Seech St, EEZP 21.X Or Stript Trust (95.4 464.3 +1.7 15.7 15.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0 10.0	Accord United 78.5 85.4 +A.1 81.5 Received 78.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19.5 19
•	Higher let 14 Acc (1)	(a) Far East 79.9 (5.1 -0.4 3.14 (b) Faceptal Trest 279.8 794.9 +0.5 2.71	MidDay: Bank Group U.T. Magrs. Ltd. Courtwool House, Silver St, Head, Sheffield, St. 380. Tel: 0762 79842
ing Frank Managers Ltd. Box 154, Bestenban, Kant 883 430, 01-658 900 ala	2. N. Amaden Tet Acc (2)	0) High Yield TR 1845	Capital 40.4 3.02 (Action Units) 82.9 87.1 +0.4 3.02 (Action Units) 83.9 89.5 +0.5 3.02 (Action Units) 83.01 114.01 -0.4 3.01
93 440 +02 1	6 F.C. C. Hart Management	(a) Legar Tech Tal	/A
7007 7001 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7 Timmes Ondoes Hill FC40 ORA 61.6754680	LR.L. Front Monagers (Inl. (a)	Accom Unitd \$3.9 \$6.5 +0.1 \$1.90 \$1.6 \$1.6 \$1.6 \$1.5 \$1.5 \$1.5 \$1.5 \$1.5 \$1.5 \$1.5 \$1.5
riegton Mgmt Co Limited restan Street, EC2P 2DS. 01-606 443	5 FA C American Fr	32 Queen Assay's Caste, Leadon SWIH 9AB. 03-222 1000 18.1. 8-1. 6.0 max	
	T Ct Investment Manager I M.	Key Feed Managers Ltd. (a)(g)	(Access Units) 93.5 99.5 125. Serular Co. 75.4 El-Acc +63.3 305
20 1106 2141 102 1000 1028 1029 102	7 190 West George S., Gargone, 041-332 6462 7 18 Balanced Gests Ps. 2563 2667	Eay Coulty & Gost	Mild Mait Tet More Ltd
To August 16 289.5 303.7 2.6 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Fidelity international Management Ltd. Elver Walt, Tenbridge, TW9 LDY. 0732 361144	Kleinwort Beason Unit Managers 20. Feedbach St. ECS. 03-623 8000	11 Deventire Square, London, EC2M 4VR 01-626-3434 Dealing 01-623 4273 Eal4 & Pres Heals
	\$ Amer. Spic. Siz (c)(C).7 #1.9 1.00	105 (1K Eqylex (100er)) 27.8 27.1 +0.1 204 105 (1K Eqystex (100er)) 27.6 37.7 +0.2 2.04 105 (16 lex) 105 115.6 1	Gald & Prog Metals
		KB.Sm.Com.Falor: 1500 157.8 +0.3 2.25 102 High YM Fel Inc. 150.9 102.7 +0.3 6.25 103 High YM Acc. 154.2 163.5 +0.3 6.25	Each & Proc. Manh. 22.7
hopsyste Progressive Myste, Ca. lobon Vastes, ECIA 200, 01-248 400 me: Program 1933 7753	0 days Service State 1225 25.1 125.5 days Front US 1845 125 40.2 40.2 40.4 40.2 5 days Front US 1845 125 40.4 40.2 5 days Front US 1854 125 40.2 40.2 40.2 40.2 40.2 40.2 40.2 40.2	IS Amer Cit. Acc	13. Sector 15.5 1
Transpire Tran		12 in Recovery Acc	Minster Fund Managers Ltd. Minster Henry, Arthur St, EC4R 98H. 03-629 1050
-	10-14, West Hile Street, Glazgos. 042-204 1321 J. Pistar Internet! 154,0 63,1 127 Accept. Units; 72,5 63,1 125 J. Pistary High Income: 155,2 94,9 7,79 Floatry High Income: 156,2 94,9 7,79 Floatry High Income: 156,2 94,9 7,79 Floatry High Liberty 115,4 15,6 24,6	LAS Unit Trust Hausgers Ltd.	17.5 27.5 W
urius Delphine Unit Tst Mingre, Ltd Imper St, Landon, ECIA 90E. 01-243 440 eir Cental Fd. 55.0 94.0	TRANSPORTED SE		Marray Johnstone U.T. MgmL (A) 163, Hupe Street, Glospon, G22UK. 063-221 9252 American August 23
de la Cata (no. P. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	Report Floring & Co Ltd.	L & C Velt Trest Homographic Ltd.,	France Age 2 122 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 123 1
fge Famil Managers (a)(c) is Homes, King Wilson St, ECA. (8-623 495 y. Gm. ter? (522 66.64) - 9.5 (8.64) leet (523 67.1) - 9.4 (9.6	8, Cresty Square, ECJA 6ANL 01-638 5858	LAC Inc. Fand	Barrier Barr
	g Jersentister	Laurentian Veit Tst Magnart Ltd Imperial Life Size, Luxion Rd, Guildlord. 0483 503649 Grant Trat	NFU Method Unit Managers Ltd.
100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	5 Pramilington (1797) (4) 5 2 January Well River, FC2W 1980, 61,629 5160.	Lauren Fund Managers Ltd. (a) (c) (g)	25 Fountain SL, Waterster, MC 2245 Unit-2003005 Acco Equity
iannin Sp. of Unit Treets Ltd. (a)(c)(p) dary Hean, 31, Fashey Chest, Laules EC2 0: 2777 Dealing: 01-628-0478-073	Marine 1910	Approximate (10) 223 57.2 13.0 Commodity Energy (10) 203 57.2 13.0 Commodity Energy (10) 30.5 57.5 13.0 Commodity Energy (10) 30.5 57.5 13.0 Commodity (10) 30	AR, Graenchurch St. EC3P 3HH. 01-623 4200
unic Vicapius (II-67) 6566 Constitut Santa		Approximate Prox. (19) 19.0 (20) 11.20 (19) 19.0 (19) 19	NPI D'ages Trent
Sechiet Funds Sechiet Funds 44		21, Moorfields, EC2P 2HT. 01.588 2/21	
mi Frank	Company Comp	1002 1701 +0.1 230 1003 1719 +0.2 181 1003 1719 +0.2 181 1004 1719 +0.2 181 1004 1719 +0.2 181 1004 1719 +0.2 181 1004 1719 +0.2 181 1005 1	For Matiental Meximinator and County Mark. Hortispade Unit Treat Stangagers Ltd. (c)(y)
1840 273	14 - 10 HOTE 100 - 0 21 3 40		3 London Well Bidgs, EC2M 5-PU. 01-638 1212 Rortingate Aug. 22 1642 170.5 +227 3.71 Coccus, Units)
. 1824 + (1) 11.0 hr Santifiet Funds	7 Tribude Prov. Trust Managers (a)(A)(c)	1372 1200 3300 Surface Constant 1000 2045	Herwick Union Insurance Group (h) PO Box 4, Norwick, NRI 396.
	Friends Prov. Truck Managers (sYhYe)	Enters Country 1000 1000 1000 1000	Grap Tv. Fred

Lagal & General (Unit Tst., Mayrs.) Ltd. 5 Parisish Rd. Brancood. 0277 227298

CAM Sterling Management Ltd (im. Mays. Golds Asset Mays. Ltd.)
12 St. James's Pinto, Landau, SWI. 01-495 9990
20 America Ang 22 18942 207-5 465 — Ltd.
(ib) Asset Cam 42 2 18942 1895-5 465 — Ltd.

꽖

F.T. CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 5,803

FINANCIAL TIMES is proposing to publish a Survey on the

UK BUILDING INDUSTRY

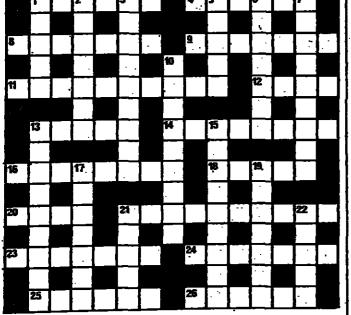
on Thursday, November 7 1985

Advertising copy date for this Survey is

Thursday, October 24 1985

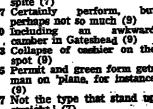
For further information please contact: William Clutterbuck

Financial Times, Bracken House 10 Cannon Street, London ECAP 4BY Tel: 01-248 8000 Ext. 4148

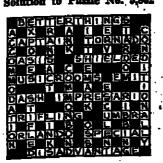


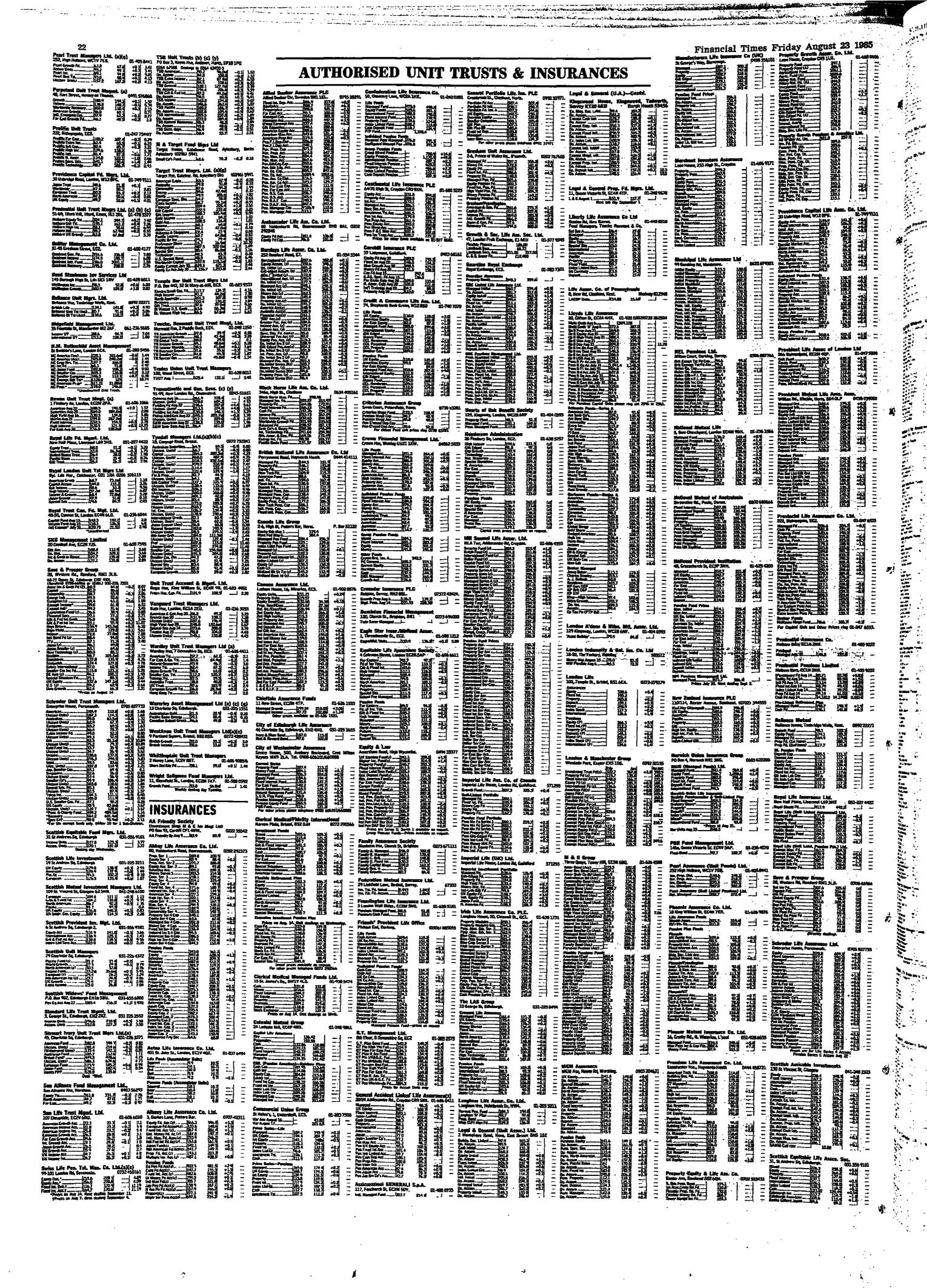
- 20 Bird or birds in the test.
 21 In taking the ball, first satisfied with competition (10)
 23 Pine, perhaps, if once misled by a redhead (7)
 24 On the bottom of the silver
- cycle (7)
 25 Sent about half a mile to be in a sheltered position (6)
 26 It's useful if one's made a mistake with the drawer (6)

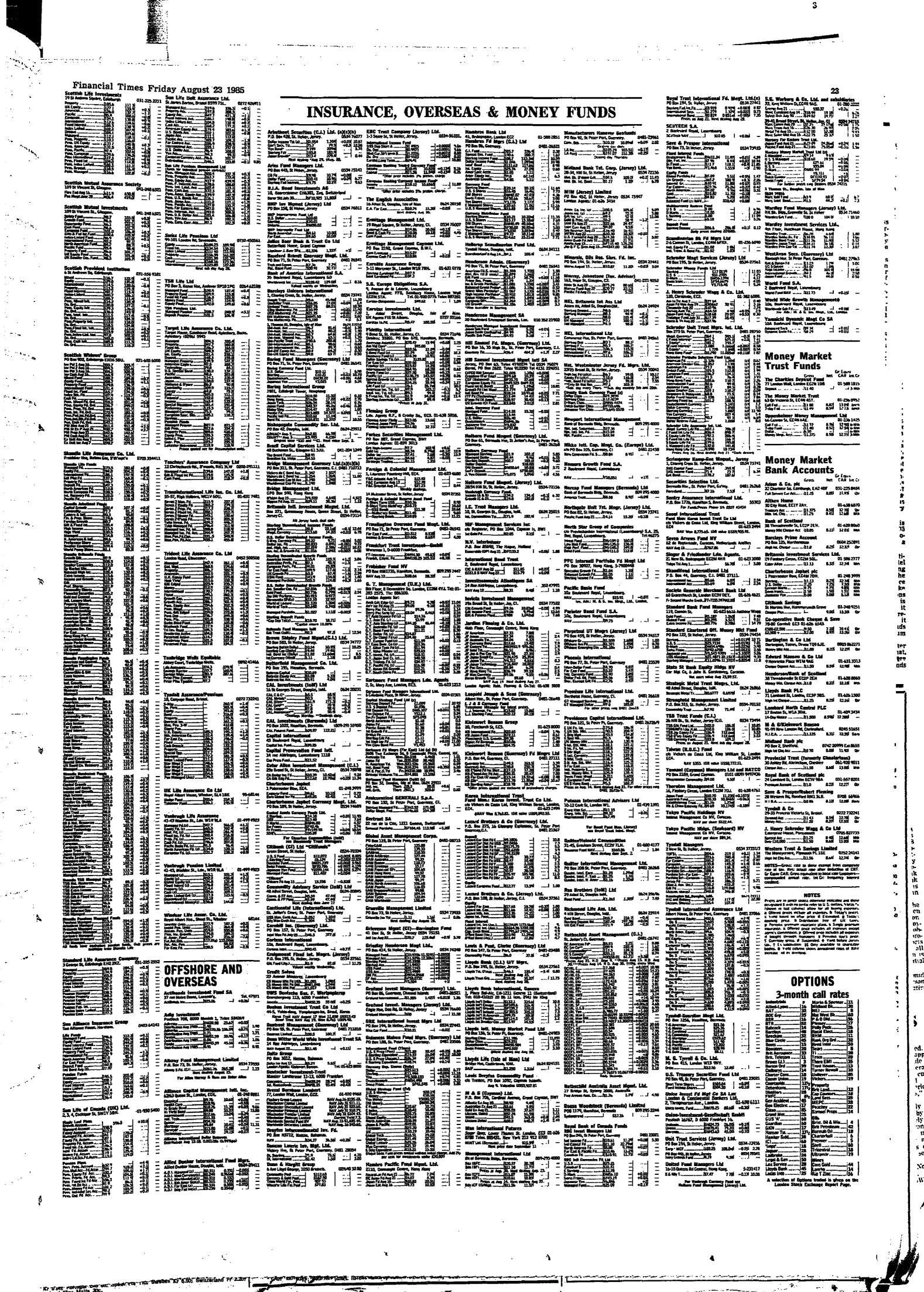
1 Charges to see the marines in a group, climbing (5) 2 Gaetic clergyman is first



3 Ended, as Doctor Elizabeth







UK harvest

prospects

By John Buckley

Mr Block takes a Russian break

SUPERPOWER relations may mer for grains. be a problem for the State
department, but when Mr John
Block, the U.S. Agriculture
Secretary, arrives in the Soviet union, Mr Block will
head for Hungary, for more
sales talks. Hungary could Union on Sunday, he will be leaving most of his own prob-

The trip will be a welcome break from Mr Block's battle with the congress over the costs of 1985 farm legislation, says the Secretary's press spokesman, Mr John Oakes. Mr Block plans to tour several farm operations—including a poultry farm and a horse stud breeding operation —in the USSR countryside along with his Soviet counterpart, Mr Valentin K. Mesyats. Last year Mr Mesyats visited Mr Block's farm and helped with the harvest. This year, the Secretary could return the favour, says Mr Oakes.

Selling wheat

Aside from playing tourist, Mr Block does want to sell some wheat. Mr Oakes claims it is "no big worry" that the USSR has been absent from the U.S. wheat market for some time and has bought only 2.9m tonnes of the 4m it is committed to pur-



John Block: leaving his problems behind

and remains the best U.S. custothe 4m it is committed to purchase by October 1 under the
chase by October 1 under the
long term agreement.

"We're pleased that they
have bought so much maize," he
have bought so much maize," he

than 9 per cent from 1984, and year's budget. next year looks no better, the department said.

Exports decline

"Current global supply and demand estimates indicate that fiscal 1986 agricultural exports may continue to decline, largely reflecting reduced grain and cotton exports."

Meanwhile, USDA said agricultural imports are expected to reach \$200n, which is up \$500m from the May estimate. It drops the favourable U.S. balance of agricultural menting three disaster relief trade from a 1981 high of programmes created by Con-\$26.56bn to a comparatively weak \$12bn.

The department also reported this week that in 1985 the U.S. would bring to market its smallest wheat crop in six years. But wheat stocks are projected to climb to 1.5bn bushels, just shy of the 1983 record, and the pessimistic outlook projects reduced domestic demand, the smallest export volume in seven years and the lowest farm prices

hang in about \$32bn, down \$1.5bn from the May estimate and nearly 16 per cent below 1984's \$38bn.

Export volume is forecast at stituents, and the price of the the balance 129m tonnes, 6 per cent below farm bills in the committees are the May forecast and down more more than \$15bm over next

But out on the farm belt, vacationing congressmen are reportedly hearing new opposition to administration proposals to drop support prices.

"There is a new realisation out there that lower prices may boost the U.S. market sharebut it is a shrinking market," says one observer.

Mr Block has another problem out in the farmbelt. A Federal appeals court this week ruled that he can be sued by a group of lowa farmers for not implecut the crop.

Pleasure ahead

The circuit court, which ruled, sent the case back to a Federal court in Des Moines, for trial on whether the Secretary acted properly in denying disaster assistance to farmers affected by a 1983 drought.

The case could lead to assistance payments in millions of dollars to a large number of "We're pleased that they have bought so much maize," he said, "particularly with a crecord crop on the way."

Moscow thus far has purchased 15,8m tonnes of maize, 1985 farm exports would total spread of the farm of the farm of the farm of the farmers in southern Iowa.

Faced with a worsening farm farmers in southern Iowa.

Faced with a worsening farm farmers in southern Iowa.

So, a visit to the heart of determined to keep congress what President Reagan used to from attaching too many three only pleasure ahead for the to the 1985 farm bill. The American agriculture secretary.

in as little as 5 cwt" • THE Sri Lankan Government has summoned executives of Brooke Bond and Lipton, the two Unilever-owned tea companies, for talks on the implications of Unilever's takeover of Brooke Bond last year, writes Andrew Gowers,

According to reports from Colombo, the Government is concerned at the possibility of a merger between the two companies, which jointly control about 15 per cent of Sri Lanka's tea exports, fearing that it could lead to an accumulation of excessive market power.

In London, Unilever confirmed that Brooke Bond and Lipton executives had been called in by the Government, but said talk of a merger between the two was "specula-tion."

p. per kilo (deadweight)

Sales: 43 (10) lots of 50 carcases, 3,250 kg.

\$ per tonne 0.30 | 58,40 0.60 | 68,30 1.80 | 82,60 0.20 | 88,70

FREIGHT FUTURES

POTATOES

Nov...... 60.30 Feb...... 70.50 Apr..... 84.80 May..... 90.20

RUBBER

Our Chicago Correspondent on a broker's demise

Picking over Conti's bones

been bathed in a sense of deja years.

ou in recent weeks.

When Donaldson Lufkin had e worldw Futures, fell into the arms of ployees Refco, the aggressively expanding Chicago financial services company, in early July, it evoked painful memories of the demise of the TWO WEEKS of dry weather are needed to prevent much of the 1985 British wheat crop deteriorating to the point where even feed users will expect heavy discounts, according to first and most successful U.S. commodity brokerage of the

merchants and farm co-opera-1970s, Conti Commodities.
Conti was sold to Refco by its famous, but secretive, parent, Continental Grain, for a price estimated at only \$7m to \$10m nearly \$7m to \$10m nearly \$7m. Harvest has continued in those southern counties where rainfall has been light or intera price esumated at only some to \$10m hearly a year ago. The sale, which ended the commodity brokerage's 15-year career, was also a tangible signal that the 1970s boom in mittent, but in many areas, including the eastern regions. farmers have only just begun to

Many early wheat samples commodity speculation was at an end. combined in the western home counties are reported to be of Refco subsequently fired an estimated 400 Conti employees as it absorbed the company. indifferent quality. Grain flattened by wind and rain has often sprouted, reducing bushel weight and ruining milling Another ten days of rainfal

The industry's contraction has continued into 1985 with the sale, merger or collapse of another 35 companies. And since the Conti sale last Labour Another ten days of rainfall and later harvested northern crops will start to suffer, too, Rapeseed crop estimates have also dropped sharply. Mr Mike Bearman of leading rapeseed merchants, Quenby Price, says the crop "will be lucky to top \$20,000 to \$30,000 tonnes, with national average yields in the region of 23/24 cwt. Some storm-damaged fields have shown pod split and feed scattered on the land, turning in as little as 5 cwt." Day, brokers and traders in Chicago have been picking almost obsessively over the company's bones in search of lessons on how to avoid a similar fate themselves. The concluion they have reached is fairly simple: Conti's problems were as much a result

of its own internal management shortcomings as of fundamental changes in the surrounding marketplace.

The entrepreneurial spirit which characterised its sales managers and account execu-tives — among the most soughtafter by other firms in the in-dustry — ended up pushing it to the brink when several pro-jects got out of control.

Conti was formed in 1969 as a subsidiary of Continental Grain, one of seven family-run grain trade, Conti in its heyday was the third largest commodity brokerage operation in the U.S. and one of the seven largest in the world, daily handling multimillion dollar agricultural fix-

tures positions. Riding on the crest of the inflationary 1970s and the legendary bull markets in grains of the time, Conti collected nearly \$100m in com-

years.

By the end of the 1970s, Contihad expanded to 35 offices
worldwide, with 1,400 employees. According to one
broker, the corporate ethos was
"hire big producers." Unfortunately, it was this "think
big" philosophy that was the
beginning of Conti's undoing.
By 1980 the effects of a
deteriorating economy with soaring interest rates and the pros-

ing interest rates and the pros-pect of grain surpluses and collapsing commodity prices, U.S. Markets in Transition



reduced the volatility of the agricultural markets, as well as the attraction of speculation for the retail trader. No longer would agriculturals be the bread and butter of the industry. Conti lost millions of dollars when one of its big customers failed to meet a margin call on silver and had to be bailed out by its parent.

The collapse of the silver market, combined with the mass exodus of many of Conti's most skilled financial personnel, left the company in a bind. A former Conti official noted, "Losses like these can really burn." A notice-able shift in corporate culture resulted from these changes, with the adoption of the language of currencies and debt instruments rather than maize and soyabeans.

COTTON 50,000 fb, cents/lb

THE U.S. futures industry has mission revenues in its best Fribourg, Continental Grain's been bathed in a sense of deja years. former o;cial of Marine Mid-land Bank, who reorientated the firm's business toward

But financial futures proved no salvation, in 1978, commissions in the futures industry were deregulated, and the entry of financial institutions by 1980 began to drive them down sharply. Entrepreneurial as always, Conti began to spread its business into money management in the form of commodity arbitrage. Early in 1984, problems began to surface at Conti's Pearl River, New York office (subsequently dubbed Conti's Pearl Harbour), where a suger arbitrage programme got out of hand.

The gist of this rather convoluted story was that investors in the programme were misled as to the true causes of an alleged \$7.5m in trading losses. aueged 57.0m in trading losses.
Participants claimed that they
were continually stonewailed
when it came to obtaining information about their own pro-

formation about their own programme account balances.
The usual comment from the company was, "there's nothing to be upset about because you're making money."
This is a good example of a company whose lack of proper and sufficient internal controls because the controls of the control of the cont brought it down and into the hands of another firm. In the case of Conti in particular, and the commodity industry general the glory years of inflated agricultural markets led to a general disregard for the efficacy and security of

SCHOOLNEH

MINGE CREEK

MEY MARK

The fates of companies are not necessarily due to the vagaries of the market. When agriculturals plummeted and Conti was waterlogged in red ink, the company wanted to take immediate and full advantage of a changed financial landscape without having the appropriate managerial tools

LIVE CATTLE 40,000 ib, cents/fb

LIVE HOGS 30,000 tb. cents/ib

CHICAGO

Brazil nears orange crop price agreement

BY ANN CHARTERS IN SAO PAULO

BRAZILIAN orange juice processors and citrus growers last night appeared to be nearing an agreement on pricing for this year's orange crop, argument over which is said to have disrupted orange juice exports in the past few weeks.

Cacex has supulated that proto shipments of frozen concentration of frozen concentratio year's orange crop, argument over which is said to have disthe past few weeks.

The two sides met yesterday on average costs per tonne of juice concentrate. denies this. Cacex. Brazil's foreign trade authority, was acting as a mediator in the talks.

payments to growers.

But according to Abrassucros,
To back its argument, Cacex the manufacturers' federation,

MAIN PRICE CHANGES

Cacex has stipulated that pro- 10 shipments of frozen concen-

for the third time in six days in is alleged by the manufacturers the basic position remains the a bid to arrive at a consensus to have withheld orange juice same: that Cacex will not issue export registrations, although it more export licences until the two sides have agreed on a

growers were close to an agree-ment on a figure relating to processors' net cost per tonne, which according to Abrassucros averages \$744 from harvesting oranges to loading orange juice Once a consensus on cost has

been reached, the two sides still have to decide how this trans-lates into price per box, with an allowance for profits.

Meanwhile, grow

Meanwhile, growers are becoming increasingly angry at Some of the pressure on processors was relieved this week
when Cacex issued licences for meeting, manufacturers and ments are held up.

U.S. MARKETS

PRECIOUS METALS declined sharply on the postponement of the South African strike 100.90 | 110.90 | 116.2-110.8 111.00 | 110.90 | 111.6-110.4 100.40 | 100.40 | 100.4 100.80 | 100.70 | 100.5 100.60 | 100.50 | 180.5-180.8 99.70 | 99.80 | 39.8 and a firmer tone to the ann a namer tone to the dollar, reports Heinold Com-modities. The weak tone to durable goods-orders in June-pressured copper values. Aluminium was steady reflect-ing a lack of fresh interest. Sugar recovered from early lesses as fresh demand After recent strong price movements in both directions, the merket opened on a cautious nots at alightly higher levels and consolidated in quiet trade. Henewed buying interest ahead of the long weekend and on adverse weather prospects a firmed the merket, reports Coley and Happer.

Sugar recovered from early losses as fresh demand emerged. Cocoa was supported by continuing concerns of pod rot in key producing areas. Coffee found light support from an oversold condition. Cotion weakened on renewed speculative selling, particularly in Describer. early in the day as higher

early in the day as higher spot quotations attracted some short-covering as well as new technical buying; profit-taking pared the early gains but all energy markets appeared to find strong support on the break from the highs. Grains and soyabeans moved lower in early trade on profit-taking following Wednesday's strong advance; soyabean prices firmed later as soyabean meal prices remained strong on expected god export demand.

god export demand. NEW YORK #5.25 #4.25 #7.36 COCOA 10 tonnes, \$/tonnes Latest 2195 2220 2261 2290 2300 2325 High 2196 2256 2286 2299 2300 2325 Low 2160 2220 2251 2275 2300 2325 Prev 2148 2231 2264 2275 2310 2322 2345 COFFEE "C" 37,500 lb, cents/lb Close High Letter 134.96 135.00 134.
Dec 138.60 138.75 138.
March 140.45 149.40
May 140.73 140.75 140.
July 141.38 —
Dec 142.75 —
COPPER 25.000 lb, sems/lb

ORANGE JUICE 15,000 lb, cents/ib PLATINUM 50 troy oz, S/troy oz August Oct Jan April July Oct SILVER 5,000 troy oz, cents/troy ox Close 622.5 623.5 627.8 636.1 640.7 649.1 658.0 667.7 677.8 693.2 Sept Dec March May July Sept Close 3.95 4.15 4.22 4.56 4.72 4.92 4.92 4.98 5.22

SOYABEAN OIL 80,000 Ib. SPOT PRICES—Chicago foose 17.30 (same) cents per pound. York tin 586.0-90.0 (580.0-94.0) per pound. Handy and Harman builton 629.0 (same) cents per ounce.

OTHER MARKETS

PARIS

HUDES—Manchester (Leeds), Second clears, P per kg. (Washthdrawn), Ox: 31-35.5 kg, 91.0 w (82.0 w); 26-30.5 kg, 108.0 (107.1 w); 22-25.5 kg, 112.0 (112.0 w). Cows: under 25.5 kg n/e (105.0 w).

MEAT

order: huyer, seller, husiness), Australian cente per kg. Oct 611.0, 617.0, 617.0, 617.0, 617.0, 617.0, 617.0, 618

LONDON MARKETS

strength against the dollar caused a general fall in base metal prices on the London Metal Exchange yesterday, with copper dropping to its lowest level in more than 13 months after a decline on the New York Comex market. Cash nickel lost £100 on the day to reach £3,415 at the unofficial close, its fall fuelled by expectations that the strike at Falcoundidge's mines at Sudbury, Ontario mines at Sudbury, Untantworld end shortly. Cocoa futures ended an active session near their highest levels since early July, bolstered by sible pod damage to crops in Brazil and doubts over West

ALUMINIUM

	£ per tonne Highliaw			
Cash 5 months	727-8 750,5-1	—8.5	768,6748	
Official (733.5-4), (757.5-8), (Kerb close toppes.	tplae u	nointhe 729 (73	4). Final	

Higher grade	Close	받	High/low
Cash 8 months	966-7	- 18,5 - 19	996,5/997,5 1929/1921, 5
Official of (1,045-5), th .5), settleme Close: 1,014	iree month; ont 997 (1,0	1.02	eh 996.5-7 i5 (1,032- Final Kerb
Cethodes Cash	957-60	-17	974/572

LEAD

	Unofficial + or close(p.m.) - £ per tonhe	High/low
Cash	298-5 ;-0.75	297:297,5
3 months	300-50.5	402:6290
Official	closing (am): Casi	29625
(297.5-8),	three months 301.5	2 (299.5-

8410-80 -- 100 8478-80 -- 96 Official closing (am): Cash 3,415-20 (3,535-45), three menths 3,476-81 (3,580-5), settlement 3,420 (3,545). Final Kerb closs: 3,475-80. Turnover:

ZINC		
	Unorficia close (p.m £ per	リーor! 以 ー High/low tontie
Cash 3 months	515 4 518 9	
		0

Aug 22 + or Month METALS ...£1100

LME prices supplied by Amalgamated Metal Trading

ctose(p.m.) — High/k £ per tonne				
Cash 5 months	727-8 750,5-1	-8 -8.5	768,6748	١
Official (733.5-4), (757.5-8), 1 Kerb close tonnes.	three n	nonthe 729 (73	M). Final	

Higher grade	Unoffic'i	+or	High/low
Cash 3 months	965-7 1918-8	- 18.5 - 19	996 5/297.5 1929/1921, 5
Official ele (1,045-5), thi .5), settleme Close: 1,014.	nee months nt 997 (1,6	1.026	i5 (1,032-
Cethodes Cash	957-60	-17	974/572

Official closing (am): Cash 973-4 (976-7), three months 938-9 (1,006-8), settlement 974 (977). Turnover: 21.80-tonnes. U.S. Producer prices: 66.5-64

; G i	loss(p.m.) — [Hig] £ per tonhs	A MOLE
Cash 3 months	298-5 0.75 287/ 300-50.5 (482/	:00a i_
(297.5-8), th	paing (em): Cash 25 ree months 301.5-2 (2	99.5- 7
300), gerden	299-9-5. Turnover	Final [N

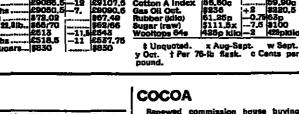
High/low

Unofficial + or : close (p.m.) — High/lov E per tonne				
Each months	5124 5189	1—11.5 1—11	514615 524,617.5	
528-7), th	closing (i ree month	18 513-5	(530-1).	

| Unofficial + or |

COPPER					
ilgher grade	Unoffic'i	+0	High/low		
ash months	965-7 1918-5	— 18,5 — 19	206 5/297.5 1029/1021, 5	l	
Official clo (1,045-5), thi	eng (sm): Ca 1.025	en 996.5-7 5 (1,032-	Į.	

ZINC			
	Unofficial close (p.m. £ per	w —	i High/low
Cash 5 months	518 4 518 9	1—11.5 1—11	614/614 624/617,5
Official	closing (nm): Car	th 513-4



Renewed commission house buying seadled prices by £25-£30 in active trading. Trade hadge selfing against origin seles caused only modest resistance and was absorbed in buoyant market conditions, reports Official closing (am): Cash 9,086-7 9,085-100), three months 9,061-6 9,085-70), settlement 9,087 (9,100).

Official closing (am): Cash 9,085-70 (9,095-100), three months (9,095-30), settlement 9,097 (9,100). Final Kerb close: 9,050-52. Turnover: 1,475 tannes. Straits tin \$m 30.82 (30.78) kile.

Gold nee 5% to \$336%-\$336% on the London builden market yesterday. It opened at \$336%-\$337% and was fixed at \$337.60 in the morning and \$336.50 in the sfarmoon. The metal touched a peak of \$338-\$336% and a low of \$344%-\$335%. looking ground after the firm start, as South African miners postponed the atrike due to start on Sunday.

22 guA (Some cure) HOLLIUB CLICE

(£28814 22812) (£1193-120) (£0114 5114) (£2812-2514) (£2821-253) (£581-5312) (£581-5312) (£561-581) (£561-58) (£54114 56912) (£240-84212)

SILVER

/1 h 7 h 1 ·	
Silver was fixed 1.2p an ounce	
war for apot delivery on the London	n
ullion market yesterday at 449.05p	
.S. cent equivalents of the fixing the state of the state	
ree-month 641.4c, up 5.0c; six-month	
53,65c, up 4.9c; and 12-month 680.95c	
a 4.15c. The metal opened at 4461	
1920 (628-631c) and closed at 44C1	
181 _{3D} (628-631e)	
N VED BUILDE L I ME LL	

+ cr L.M.. p.m. Unoffici -1.20 445.5p -3 -1.85 458.75p -4.73 -1.85 -449.05p 460.56p

Seles: 2.358 (1.621) lots of 5 tonnes. ICO indicator prices (U.S. cents per pound) for August 21: Comp. delly 1879 120.48 (121.71); 15-day average 119.59 (119.38).

GRAINS	
recent gains an about 40p down in, Much specula	nd barley reacted to d finished the do as profit-taking sa tion on weather con and trade was fairt irpace.
WHEAT	BARLEY

YKEA	T		BA	RLEY
inth	Yesterd'y	- or	Yesterdy close	+ 0
163	100 %	- 35.	99.65 102.80 106.35 109.30 112.05	0000
Bus	in ess deni		at Sept	100.5

3RA	IINS				
ecent ibout n. Mu Midns	wheat gains 40p do- ch spec- remain- eports A	and wn a wiatio and an	finishe a profi a on w d trade	d the t-taking resther	day sat con-
YKEAT			_	BAR	LEY
1 deep	esterd'	ys: -	or Yes	terdys	+ Or

lowing stronger sterling and slight in New York, London opened 17 lower, reports Dream Burnham ers, Conditions were again quiet olune was fair in a rerrow range sen commission house switching et inflated the turnover.

INDICES FINANCIAL TIMES Aug. 21 Aug. 20 Mith ago Year ago 252.42 251.75 | 260,96 292,94 (Base: July 1 1962 = 100)

Aug. 22 Aug. 21 M'th ago Year ago 1678.9 1683.4 1673.5 1840.0

_	NES	Month	Yeer
	Aug. 20 114,68 114,44		290 129,77 127,67

Arab Light 27.48.27.50
Arab Heavy 20.20.28.50
Dubal 27.80.27.70
W.T.I. (1pm est) 28.75.28.27
Forcados (Nigeria) 28.05-28.79
Ursis, (cif NME) 28.50-28.79

Petroleum Argus estimate GAS OIL FUTURES

Turnover: 1,525 (2,678) lots of 100

Business was again concentrated or November, presumably in anticipation of rising pre-Christones prices. Other positions remained quietly steady, reports CCST Commodities.

The London physical market opened alightly easier, conditued to drift throughout the day and close on a weak note, reports Lawis and Peat, Crosing prices (buyers): spot 61.25p (52.00p); Sapt 67.50p (68.25p); Oct 67.25p (58.00p). The Kuela Lumpur lob price for RSS No 1 was 184.75 (185.25) cents a kg and for SMR 20 was 150.6 (181.25). SUGAR LONDON DAILY PRICE—Rew sugar \$11.50 (£79.50), down \$7.50 (down £8.00) a tonne for August-September delivery. White sugar \$158.00, down 236.75 | 1.75 | 249.00-87.58 236.00 | 12.00 | 236.25-34.75 236.00 | 1.1.50 | 236.25-34.95 236.00 | 1.1.50 | 236.25-34.25 236.25 | 1.50 | 237.25-34.25 235.25 | 1.50 | 237.25-34.25 233.00 | 1.76

SOYABEAN MEAL

Sales: 2,378 (2,556) lots of 50 tonnes. Tata and Lyle delivery price for grapulated basis sugar was C182.00 (2189.00) a tonne for export. International Sugar Agreement—(U.S. cants per pound tob and stowed Caribbeen ports.) Prices for August 21: Dally price 4.10 (4.15); 15-day average 4.34 (4.35).

COCOA—(FFr per 100 kg): Sept 2040/2047. Dec 2032/2035, Mar 2050/2055. May 2055 bid, July 2055 bid, Sept 2075 bid, Dec 2055 bid, Sept 2075 bid, Dec 2055 bid, SUGAR—(FFr per tonne): Oct 1300/302, May 1320/1303, Aug 1380/1375, Oct 1445/1448.

COTTON

3603F SHAN FIXING

Durable goods upset dollar

The dollar closed in London at the lowest level against the L4290 to L6525. July average D-mark since June last year. It L3783. Exchange rate index touched a peak of \$1.4115 in the stocked a peak of \$1.4125 in the stocked a peak of of statistics is notoriously vola-tile. But forecasters were generally looking for a drop of around 2 per cent. The published fall of 2.3 per cent was there-fore worse than anticipated and put downward pressure on the dollar. After a quiet morning, with the U.S. currency trading around DM 2.75, it fell in the afternoon to a low of DM 2.725 around DM 2.75, it tell in the afternoon to a low of DM 2.7325. There appears to be strong resistance at around DM 2.74 however, and this support point has not yet been broken. The dollar rebounded a little later could be above to show the afternoon to show the afternoon to show the above to show the afternoon to show the above to show the afternoon to show the above the above to show the above the abov dollar rebounded a little later in the afternoon, to finish above the day's lows.

The dollar fell to DM 2.7425 from DM 2.7655 FFr 8.8750 from FFr 8.4475; SwFr 2.2435 from SwFr 2.2865 and Y235.85 from Y236.95. On Bank of England figures the dollar's index declined to 135.3 from 136.5.

STERLING — Trading range

ago.

The D-mark rose against the dollar as a result of a much larger than expected fall in July U.S. durable goods orders. 9.00 am 18.00 am

Divergence Built % ges are for Ecu, therefore

£ Spot | \$1.888.1.4630\$1.4030-1.448 month | 0.48-0.45pm | 0.48-0.45pm\$ months | 1.20-1.16pm | 1.16-1.15pm\$ months | 2.90-2.78pm | 2.78-8.68 pm DOLLAR SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST DOLLAR

POUND SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST POUND 2 spread Closs One month p. 1.4076-1.4115 1.4070-1.4080 0.48-0.46e pm 3 1.5073-1.3080 1.3050-1.3067 0.50-0.41e pm 2 4.33-4.354 4.34 4.36 7.75-1.4080 0.48-0.46e pm 3 1.399-1.4069, 14.07-14.009 7.7-2.00 7.7-2.00 7.7-2.00 7.7-2.00 7.7-2.00 7.7-2.00 7.7-2.00 7.3-2.00

OTHER CURRENCIES

£ Note Rates Argentina Assti. \$1.1281-1.1384 | 0.8000-0.8010 Asistra. Australia Dollar | 1.9630-1.9970 | 1.4160-1.4180 Bergium | 9.572 9.507 | 1.4160-1.4180 Bergium | 6.500-6.880 | Danmark | 6.500-6.880 | Danmar 97.00-27.30 78.95-79.75 13.95-14.09 11.75-11.88 8.85-5.89

Suring U.S. dollar Canadian dollar Austrian schilling Belgian franc Danish Kroner Deutsche mark Swiss franc Guilder Franch franc

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS

Bank Special European rate Drawing Gurrence % Rights - Unit ~

Although a fairly sharp fall had been forecast elsewhere, the Frankfurt market appeared to

STERLING INDEX

82.1 82.1 82.1 82.2 82.2 82.2 82.4

11.00 am

1.00 pm 2.00 pm 3.00 pm 4.00 pm

£ IN NEW YORK

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES

Pi: - +87 Aug. 21	Pound Seling	U.S. Dollar	Doutschemic	J'panesa Ye	nį FrenchFranc	Swiss Franci	Dutoh Gulid	(talian Lira	Canada Dollar	Seigian Franc
Pound Sterling	0.710	1.40B	5,885	351.8	11.79	3.158	4.345	2590.	1.907	78.15 .,
U.S. Dollar		1,	2,743	935,9	9,375	3.844	3.083	1842	1.856	55,55
Deutschemark	0,859	0,364	11,64	85,89	5,062	0,817	1 125	670.6	0.494	20,23
Japanese Yen 1,000	3,014	4,843		1000	35,54	9,518	15.10	7807.	5.747	235,5
French Franc 10	0,848	3.194	3.976	281.4	10.	2.678	3.685	2197.	1.617	66.28
Swise Franc	0,317	0.446	1.923	105,1	3.734	1.	1.376	820.5	0.604	24.75
Dutch Gulider	0.230	0.394	0,889	76,35	2.713	0.797	1.678 .	595.1	0,439	17,99
Italian Lira 1,000	0.585	0.543	1,491	128,1	4,682	1,219		1000.	0,736	30,17
Canadias Dellar	0.525	0.758	2.026	174,0	6,184	1,656	2.279	1359,	2,440	40,99
Belgian Franc 100	1.280	1.801	4.942	484,5	15.09	4,040	5.560	5314,		108,

EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES (Market closing rates)

Aug. 29	Sterling .	U.S. Dollar	Canadian Dollar	Duton Gulider	Swiss Franc	D-mark	French Franc	italian Ura	Selgia: Conv.	Franc Fin.	Yes	Danish Krone
Short-bern 7 days' notice Month Three months Six months One year	1113-1113 1213-1213 1113-1123	714-746 734-718 713-718 713-718 713-816 814-8-8	85e-87g 85g-87g 81g-9 87g 97g 97g-95g 97g-95g	512-512 512-512 612-512 512-512 512-512	14-11g 105g-105g 4 fg 4 fg 4 fg 4 fg 4 fg 4 fg 4 fg 4 fg 4 fg 4 fg	456-412 456-412 456-412 456-412 456-412 456-434	\$\frac{g\(\pa_{\text{q}}\)}{\text{9\(\pa_{\text{q}}\)}\\ \frac{9\(\pa_{\text{q}}\)}{10\(\pa_{\text{q}}\)\\ \frac{10\(\pa_{\text{q}}\)}{11\(\pa_{\text{q}}\)\\ \frac{11\(\pa_{\text{q}}\)}{11\(\pa_{\text{q}}\)\\ \frac{12\(\pa_{\text{q}}\)}{11\(\pa_{\text{q}}\)\\ \frac{12\(\pa_{\text{q}}\)}{11\(\pa_{\text{q}}\)\\\ \frac{12\(\pa_{\text{q}}\)}{11\(\pa_{\text{q}}\)\\\ \frac{12\(\pa_{\text{q}}\)}{11\(\pa_{\text{q}}\)\\\ \frac{12\(\pa_{\text{q}}\)}{11\(\pa_{\text{q}}\)}{11\(\pa_{\text{q}}\)\\\ \frac{12\(\pa_{\text{q}}\	g-14 734-1039 1112-1234 1273-1359 1314-1334 1374 1438	81g-9 83g-93g 91g-10 97g-101g 97g-101g 97g-101g	85e-87s 87g-91g 91g-95g 91g-93g 95g-91g 93g-10	214-219 214-219 214-219 214-214 214-214	81g-9 81g-8 81g-9 85g-91g 85g-91g 91g-95g

Asian S (closing rates in Singspore): Short-term 7-72 per cent; seven days 72-73 per cent; one month 72-72, per cent; these months 75-8 per cent; skr months 83-83 per cent; one year 85-33 per cent. Long-term Eurodollars; two years 93-94 per cent; three years 10-104 per cent; four years 105-105 per cent; nonlinel. Short-term rasse are cell for U.S. dollars and Japanese yen; others two days' notice.

MONEY MARKETS

Difficult conditions for the houses

discount houses were dismayed at paying over 12 per cent throughout the morning for call money, compared with a rate structure on bills well below this level. The houses would have welcomed a repurchase agreement with the authorities on bills, but the Bank of England may have felt that any such offer would be interpreted as a signal for lower interest rates,

UK clearing banks base-lending rate 111 per cent since July 30. and preferred to buy as many bills as possible outright and provide very large late assistance. Rates tended to move up in all periods, and three-manth interbank closed at 11-11-1 per cent. Compared with 11-11-1 per cent. On the other hand discount houses buying rates for three-month bank bills eased to 11-1 per cent from 11-1 per cent. per cent from 11; per cent.
The Bank of England forecast

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING

(11,00 s.m. Aug. 82) 2 months U.S. dollars offer 8 1/12 bld 7 15/18 6 months U.S. dollers

The fixing rates are the archmetic means, rounded to the nearest one sixteens, of the bid and offered tates for \$10m queted by the market to five reference banks at 11 a.m. each working day. The benks ere National Westminater Bank, Sank of Tokyo, Deutsche Senk, Banque Marjonale de Parie and Morgas Gueranty Truss.

Conditions were confused on the London money market yesterday. Sentiment was encouraged by the stronger pound against the dollar, but market rates were very firm, as the Bank of England continued to resist any pressure for a cut in clearing bank base rates. A very large day-to-day credit shortage kept short-term rates firm, and discount houses were dismayed at paying over 12 per cent throughout the marning for call through 200m bank base rates. A very large day-to-day credit shortage kept short-term rates firm and throughout the marning for call through 200m bank bills in band 2 at 114 per cent; 25m bank bills in band 3 at 114 per cent. These contweighed at 114 per cent; 25m bank bills in band 3 at 114 per cent. These contweighed at 114 per cent; 25m bank bills in band 3 at 114 per cent. These contwell in bank in bank 3 at 114 per cent. 255m bank bills in band 4 (64-91 to 4.65 per cent from 4.55 per cent assistance of £480m was also provided.

Bills in band 2 at 114 per cent; 232m bank bills in band 3 at 114 per cent. The assistance of £480m was also provided.

Bills in band 2 at 114 per cent; 232m bank bills in bank 4 (64-91 to 4.65 per cent from 4.55 per MONEY RATES Frankfurt | Paris 114-114 1059-1078 104-1054 1059-2058 104-1018 4.64.7 4.50 4.65 4.50 4.65 4.50 4.65 4.55 4.70 5.5 1436-244 1876-144 145<u>6-1</u>45<u>1, 916-95</u> 916-97<u>1</u> 6,34575 Discount Houses Deposit and Bill Rates LONDON MONEY RATES

191₈-191₄ 114-117₂ 114 114 114 1154-1178 1154 1156 1156 11 1078 124 117 114 114 114 22년 证

MONEY RATES NEW YORK (Lunchtime) Two years.

Three years.

Three years.

Three years.

Tour years.

Tour years.

Tour years. Prime rate 7.7-7.8 712-714 7.7-7.8 744-716 7.76-7.85 714-718 7.9-8.0 714-8 8.1-8.2 8.3-8.4 8-814 Fed fundsFed funds at interven 87g S Treasury Bills Two month ECGD Fixed Finance IV: Average Rate of impress period July 3 to August 8 (Inclusive): 11.989 per cent. Local authority and finance houses seven days notice, others seven days fixed. Pinance Houses Base Rate (published by the Finance Houses Association): 122, per cent from August 1 1385. London and Scottish Clearing Bank Rates for Indiag 112, per cent. Bank Daposit Rates for some at seven days' notice 5.25-8.625 per cent (net). Trassury Bills: Average under rate of discount 10.868 per cent. Cartificates of Tax Deposites (Series 6): Deposite £100,000 and over held under one month 112 per cent; one-three months 112 per cent; three-skx months 112 per cent; ainsender 112 per cent. The per cent; nine-12 months 11 per cent. Duder £100,000 102 per cent from August 3. Deposite held under Scries 5 11 per cent. The rate for sil deposits withdrawn for cash 72 per cent.

6.83 7.21 7.87 9.12 9.81 9.96 10.09

7***

against the dollar in 1965 is 2,4510 to 2,7423. July average 2,9134. Exchange rate index 127.4 against 118.1 six months

trading on the London International Financial Futures back slightly before the Chicago Exchange yesterday. The Eurodollar contract was also held back by the high level of Federal funds in New York. U.S. Treasury bond and Eurodollar futures opened firmer, after moving up overnight in Chicago and later in Singapore. Sentiment was bullish ahead of the U.S. figures for July an consumer prices and durable goods orders. The rise of 0.2 per cent in consumer prices was in line with expectations and indicated that inflation remains under con-

81.8 81.8 81.8 81.8 81.7 81.7 LONDON THREE-MONTH BURODOLLAR \$1m points of 100% Close High Low Prev Sept \$2.04 \$2.07 \$2.02 \$2.01 Dec \$1.76 \$1.80 \$1.72 \$1.72 \$1.71 Dec \$1.35 \$1.35 \$1.72 \$1.71 Dec \$1.35 \$1.39 \$1.72 \$1.71 Dec \$1.35 \$1.39 \$1.34 \$1.32 June \$0.82 \$1.00 \$0.98 \$0.94 \$0.92 \$0.95 Estimated volume 4,311 (5,574) Previous day's open int 19,703 (20,128) THREE-MONTH STERLING \$500,000 points of 100%

(32nds).

STERLING £25,000 \$ per £

Close High Low Prov
Sept 1,4000 1,4095 1,4005 1,3805
Dec 1,3965 1,3950 1,3900 1,3765
March 1,3895 - 1,3800
Estimated volume 247 (64)
Provious day's open int 3,278 (3,239)

Provious day's open int 3,278 (3,239)

March June

JAPANESE YEN Y12.5m \$ per Y100 Close High Low Prev Sept 130.80 131.20 130.70 131.35 Dec 131.70 131.70 131.50 131.85 Estimated volume 103 (128) Previous day's open int 1.653 (1,543)

U.S. TREASURY BONDS 8% \$100,000 32nds of 100

U.S. TREASURY BONDS (CBT) 8% 9100,000 32nds of 100%

U.S. TREASURY BILLS (1MM) \$1m points of 100% THREE-MONTH EURODOLLAR (LMM) 51m points of 100% | Latest | High | Low | 92.06 | 92.06 | 92.06 | 92.06 | 92.06 | 92.06 | 91.75 | 91.75 | 91.38 | 91.35 | 91.35 | 91.35 | 91.35 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 | 90.96 Prev 92.05 91.76 91.35 90.96 90.61 90.28 89.97 89.89

nominated cootracts off the day's larger than most forecasts and highs towards the close of produced a wave of buying trading on the London International Financial Futures back slightly before the Chicago

in consumer prices was in line
in consumer prices was in line
with expectations and indicated
was quiet, reflecting lack of
that inflation remains under control, but the fall of 2.8 per cent
but gilt futures were firmer,

Close High Low Pro Sept 78-00 78-09 77-22 77-4 Dec 78-31 77-04 76-20 76-4 March 76-00 75-0 Estimated volume 4,603 (2.517) Previous day's open int 2,777 (2,902)

Previous day's open interest Calls Pute 10358 7736 For full details of settlement prices call: Louisz Poweli of Liffe on 01-823 0444 Liffe, ROYAL EXCHANGE, LONDON ECSV 3PJ

聞E OPTIONS REPORT

HOMERTON HIGH STREET Long Leachold Property
85 wars unexpired
Communical Industrial Residential
30,000 sq th on 0.7 Acres
Producing Actuae & Estimated Incon
£23,000 s.s. (Ner of Ground Rent
Valuat Pomession of Faclary
by to 19,000 sq th a remarked
Also warms Maissentie
FOR SALE AS A WHOLE
Sole Absorbs HENRY BUTCHER & CO

PUBLIC PROPERTY COMPANY Wishes to acquire a Company whose assets are currently work less than their base value for C.G.T. purposes.
Principles only to Box Number: 76212, financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, London, EC4P 48Y

mpass

cater-Metro-

or are

dartin

mar-

Vic-

direc-

: and divi-

1 has

ining

3Pass

the Pro-

but

EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS ABROAD LIMITED

An international association of employers providing confidential information to its member companies, relating to employment of expatriates and nationals worldwide Tel: 01-637 7604

FINANCIAL TIMES

PUBLISHED IN LONDON . FRANKFURT . NEW YORK

INTERNATIONAL & BRITISH EDITORIAL, ADVERTISEMENT & CIRCULATION OFFICES

Sydney: Editoriel PD Box 182, Spit Junction, Sydney: Tel: 02-207624. Tel Arth: Editoriel 10 Box Glova Street, Tel Arte. Telac: 341130/34(b)19/35779. Tel: 03-286 672. Tokyos Editorial Bit Floor, Minni Keizal Shiehun Beiteling, 1-9-5 Dermarki, Libyote-ka, Tekyo, Fast 245, 0258, Tek. 12-241, 2021/2029, Advertising Kasatara Bulkilan, 1-8-10 Unitisanta, Chipote-ka, Tekyo, Triest. JZ7104, Tek. 03-295-0050, Whethingtons, Editorial Room 504, 13416 Street

VALUE OF

For Share Index and Business News Summary, Telephone 246 8026 (number preceded by the appropriate area code valid for London, Binaingham, Liverpool

S WORLD VALUE OF THE DOLLAR BANK OF AMERICA NT & SA, ECONOMICS DEPARTMENT, LONDON

The table below gives the rates of exchange for the U.S. dollar against various currencies as of Wednesday, August 21, 1985. The exchange rates listed are middle rates between buying and selling rates as quoted between banks, unless otherwise indicated. All currencies are quoted in foreign currency units per one U.S. dollar except in certain specified areas. All

VALUE OF

rates quoted are indicative. They are not based on, and are not intended to be used as a basis for, particular transactions.

Bank of America NT & SA does not undertake to trade in all listed foreign currencies, and neither Bank of America NT & SA nor the Financial Times assume responsibility for errors.

Bank of America, Economics Dept., EMEA. London Eurodollar Libor as of August 21 at 11.00 a.m., 3 months: 8% 6 months: 8%

ECU=\$U\$.800395 5DR1=\$U\$1,0345 Sibor as of August 21 at 11.00 a.m. 3 months: 81 6 months 81

VALUE OF

COUNTRY	CURRENCY	DOLLAR	COUNTRY	CURRENCY	DOLLAR	COUNTRY	CURRENCY	DOLLAR
Afghanistan	Afghani (o)	50,60	Grenada	E Caribean \$	2.70	Paraguay.	Guarani (a.c.)	. 240.00
Albania	Lek	7,2688	Guadaloupe	Franc	8,4875	· magazy :	(Guarani (d)	783.00
Algeria	Dinar	4,948	Guamara	U.S. S	1,00	Peru	. <u>8</u> 01 (0) (2)	13942
Andorra	Fr. Franc .	8.4875	Guatemala	Quetzal (o)	1.00	Philippines	Peso	18,605
VINCE 15 ***********************************	Sp. Peseta	168,70		_iQuetzai(h, l)	3,248	Picari H	N.Z. Dollar	1,8646
Angola	Kwanza	29,91B	Guinea Bissau	Peso	147,323	Poland	Zioty (b) (a)	153,79
Antigus	E Canbbean s	8.70 0:601	Guines Rep	Syli Collect	4.12	PuertoRico	. Elicudo	166,60
Angola	Atherat (c)	1,4164	Haiti	Donate	3 200	Dates	Olmi Olmi	1,00
Allegain di Mariana	Sobilling :	19.52	Honduras Rep	l Ampire	5.00 2.00	Reunion, II de in	Fr. Franc	8.4875
Austria	Port. Escudo 1	168 50		Lempira (d)	2.55	Romania	Leu (o)	4.85
Be raines	Doller .	1,00	Hong Kong	Dollar	7,8055		Leu (c)	19.48
Battrain	Dinar	0.3769	Hongary,	Forint	49,0877	Rwanda	Franc	99,2849
BairainBairain	Sp. Peesta	163.70	loeiand		41.03			
Bangladesk	Take	28,50	i todie	Buses/104	11.91	St. Christopher St. Helens	. E. Candoonan a	3.70
Barbados	Dollar	2.0113	Indopesia	Ruoleh	1119.00	St Lucia	P Christman B	1,3896
Belgium	(Franc (o)	56,31 57,025	iran	Rial (O)	69.2221	St. Plarre	Fr. Franc	8,4875
- "- "- "	(IFRANC (I)	2.00	Irag	Dinar	0.8109	St. Vincent	. E. Caribean S	8.70
Belize	DOMES .	484,375	Indonesia	Punt*	1,1203	Samoa (Western)	Tain	2,1954
Bernauda	Dollar	1.00	1 Q1761	SUBSERVATION	1478.00	Samoa (Am.)	. V.S. S	: 1.00
Bhutan	Ind. Runse	11,91	Italy	Line (13)	1862.10 424.375	San Marino	. It, Line	1862,10
	(Peto (c)	75000.	MOLA COSSE	C.F.A. PRINC	484.313	Sao Tome &		i
Bolivia	(Peto (f)	1100000.	1	B-0 (-1.75)	. 5.75	Principe DR	Dobre	48,7411
Botswans	Pula (6)	1,9512	Jamaica	DOING (D) (S)	237.45	Saudi Arabia	. Riyal (7)	. 3,65
Brazil	Cruzeiro (0)	6750,00	Japan	Dinar	0,3748	Serregal	G.F.A. Franc	424,375
Bruttol announcement	DOUBLE .	2,23 1,016	Kempulahan	Phat		Seychelles	. Rupee	6.9943
Dill BL'12	LOT	424,375	Kenya Kiribati Korea (Nth) Korea* (Sth)	Shilling	n.a. i 15.6104	Sierra Leone	- recue	j 6.00
Burking Fasq	C.F.A. PIRITO	S 2248	Kiribati	Aust Dollar	1,4164	Singapore	- DONAL	2.23 1.5256
Burthal	Franc	8,2248 118,608	Korea (Nth)	Wen	: 0.94	Romali Ren	Shilling	76.60
Camarone Do	C.E.A. Erenz	424,375	Korea" (Sth)	Won	885,40 0.5025	Somali Rep	. Rand	2,4753
Canada	Dollar	1.356	Kuwak	Dinar	75.00 75.00			165,70
		165.70	Lab P pis D. Rep	NP Bound	18.00	Soun Ports in N 1		
Cape Verde Is	Escudo 1	89,2698 0.835	Lao Ppis D. Rep Lebanon	Maleti	2.4753	Span Ports in N.) Africa ; Sri Lanka	Sp. Peseta	, 155,70
Cayman k	Dollar	484,375	I Line III	LICUIAL	i 1.00	Sri Lanka	. Rupee	27.37
Cen. Africa Rep	C.F.A. Franc	484,376	Libyz	Dinar	(0.2961	Suden Rep	. Pound	2.50
Chile	Pero (o) (9)	177 43	Liechtenstein	Sw. Franc	2.2785	Surinam	Collidge	; 1.785
China	Resmintal Yren	8,9095	Lucembourg	LUC PRINC	56,31	Swaziland	. [Liangen]	9,4783
Colombia	Peso (a)	160,15	Macao	Pataca	8.1138 563.261	Swaden	Krona	6,3925
Comoros	C.F.A. Franc	424,375	Madagascar D.K	Preside	166,50	Switzerland	Pound (C)	2.2785 3.925
Congo Ppis Rep. of	C.F.A. France	484,375	Molevi	Kwacha	1,7147		round (o)	.
Costa Rica	Colon	51.05 0.9311	Macaco Madagascar D.R Madagascar D.R Malawi Malaysia Maldive is Mali Rp Malta Martinique Martinique	Ringalt	2,463	Talwan	Dollar (c) -	40,45
Cuba Cyprus Czechoslovskia Denmark Djibouti Rp. of	Peso :	1.7224	Maldive Is	Rufiya	7.00	Tanzania	Shilling	16,90
Cracked make	FORIGY :	5.80	Mail Rp	C.F.A. Franc	424,376	Thailand	Baht	. 26.805
Dagmark	Krone	10.07	Malta	∏ts.	2,2297	Togo Rep	C.F.A. Franc	424.375
Diibouti Rp. of	Franc	164,168	Martinique	Franc	5.4875	Tonga is	Pa'anga	1.4164
		2.70	Manual Services	Puzee	14.98	Trinidad & Tobago	DONAL Biss-	2,409
Domin. Rep	_!Peso	1,00	Miguelon	Reso (d) (18)	332.50	Turkey	I Ira	536.75
DOMIN AVERNAL	Peso (d)	8.97 57,18	Marcico	Peso (6) (13)	287.20	Turks & Caloos	U.S. 8	1.00
Equador	Sucre (o,c)	105.00	Miguelon	Fr. Franc	8.4875	TEVEL U	Aust, Doßar	1,4164
Equation	3 Surgre (0)	95.75			8.4875			'
	(Pound	95.75 0.83	Mongolla Montserret	Tugrik (a)	3.3555	Uganda	Shilling	595,20
Egypt	Pound (c)	1.26	Montserret	e, canadera 🛊	, 2.70	United Arab Emir.	Dirham	5.673
El Eshador	(Colon	2.50	Name to	Dishem	1 10.05	United Kingdom	Pound Sterling	1,3895
El Balvador	Dolon (d)	4,50	Marocco	Minera Metica	48,411	Uruguay	Paso Im)	. 102.63
Eq'ti Guinea Ethiopia	C.F.A. France (4)	424,376 2.0727	Namibla	S. A. Rand	8.4758	USSR	Rouble	0.813
ETHOPIA	BUT (6)	10.07				Managem	re-k-	
Faeroe Is	Canada ;	1.3895	J 22	Accel Buller	. 1,4164	VanuatuValicari	f 1	106,332 · 1852.10
Faikland It	Politice :	1.335	Nopel	Marian Prince	18,30	4 GTTGGT	Bollone (a)	7.50 ·
Fighend	Markin	5,9285	Netherlands	Guilder	3,129	Venezuola	Bolivar (g) (1)	4,30
Finland	France	8,4875	Neth Antiles	Gulider	1.80	ASUCEROJO"	Bollvar (0)	14.30
Fr. City in Af	C.F.A. Franc	484,375	Mew Zasland	Dollar	1,8548	,	BOI(AST, (G)	14.40
Fr. Guiana	Franc	6,4876	Micerague	Cordoba	1000	Vietnam	Done	96,6653
Fr. Pac. Is	C.F.P. Franc	154.518	CONTRACTOR	Cordoba(d)	525,00	Virgin is. British Virgin is. U.S	U.S. 3	1.00
Fr. Cty in A7 Fr. Guiana Fr. Pac, Is Gabon Gambia	G.F.A. Franc	484,575 5,5984	Niger Ro	C.F.A.Franc	424 375 0,896	Virgia is. U.S	U.S. &	1,00
CAMPINE	Dalasi	2.78	Nigeria	Maira Vanda	0,895	Yemen	Riei	7,50
Germany (E)	CHECKERIK (O)	2.78	Norway	_	1 1	Yemen PDR	Dinar	0.343
Germany (W)	MATIC	57.00	Oman Sultanuta of	Rial	0,3456	Yugoslayiz	Dinar	276,73
Ghana	Fight (T4)	1 22DK	R-M-t-	Burnet	1 15 0070	Zalas Basubila	Tains	1 80.46

n.s. Nor swellable. m) Market rate * U.S. dollars per National Currency unit. (a) Fraemarket central bank. (b) Official rate. (b) Fraemarket interbank. (c) Commercial rate. (d) Fraemarket (e) Controlled. (f) Financial rate. (e) Professortial rates. (h) Non-assential imports. (i) Floating tourist rate. (a) Professortial rate devaluation of approx. 12 per cent. (3) Poland, June 1: Official out devaluation of 3.2 per cent. (4) Equatorial Guines: December 31. Currency joins France zone. (5) Jamaica: November 8. Rate adjustment floated by Central Bank bi-weekly sucrioe. (6) Sotswans. August 4: Puls revalued by 3 per cent. against a basket of currencies. (7) Saudi Arabia: June 10, Official devaluation of 1.1 per cent. (3) Argentina: June 15, New currency introduced: 1.4 June 15, Official devaluation of 7.0 July 1. Official devaluation of 8.8 per cent. (10) larged to replace old free rate. (13) Maxico: July 11, New free rate introduced to replace old free rate. (13) Maxico: July 11, New free rate introduced to replace old free rate. (13) Maxico: July 14, New free rate introduced to replace old free rate. (13) Maxico: July 14, New free rate introduced to replace old free rate. (13) Maxico: July 14, New free rate introduced to replace old free rate. (13) Maxico: July 11, New free rate introduced to replace old free rate. (13) Maxico: July 15, New foother per cent. (14) Ghans, August 12: Code devalued by approximately 7 per cent.

urig. ~SOT:. atire

'n,

ten

ការ

.00-

7f0-อะไล alt

ા હો

lerable Giribthe crience ly and by the ely suscan be 15 not

appar

ide of

or in s called sort of Nations! Cucer WI. £1.

Kr 5.00; Portugal Esc 80; Spein Pts 130; Sweden Kr 6.50; Switzerland Fr 2.20; Flor Lolland matchet land latest share tades of 240 was, overseus markets, Di 245, 1886

l#tiff

Flor Lought market land latest mare tades of M6 8026; overseds markets, 01:34 And

pro-

đe-

y 1k 1k 1s 1n be en out of order of the order

mid Son ed.

api er:

Equity market falters after recent advance

London equity markets faltered 20 to 404p. In contrast, profit-yesterday following the overnight taking in the wake of the interim revelation that Hanson Trust had results left Dewey Warren 17 launched its biggest ever takeover bid—a \$745m offer for the
U.S. diversified group SCM Corporation. This removed one of
the props that has underpinned
equity sectors throughout the
summer; Hanson made a £519m
settling only 2 dearer on balance

of a number of leading industrials. The market's resilient performance was again a reflection of the current shortage of stock in many blue chip issues. In the background, the continued firmness of Wall Street and persistent talk of possible domestic bank-base rate cuts within the the next few weeks were positive factors that offset the damaging effects on international stocks of a firm sterling/dollar exchange firm sterling/dollar exchange Amstrad up again

its constituents, fell to the day's low point within half an hour of the market's opening before finishing the day 4.2 off at 1,309.7.

GRE react

A profits downgrading by hrokers de Zoete and Bevan depressed Guardian Royal Exchange and also put other Composite Insurances under pressure. Quotations attempted to rally once initial selling subsided, but this failed to hold and closing prices were generally the day's lowest. GRE settled a net 19 favourable circular and touched down at 748p, while Royals finished 13 lower at 663p, General Accident shed 7 to 623p and Sun Alliance lost 9 to 511p. Life Insurances gave modest ground in the wake of Pearl's disappoint-

EQUITY GROUPS

First Declara- Last Account Dealings tions Dealings Day July 29 Aug 8 Aug 9 Aug 18
Aug 12 Aug 29 Ang 30 Sept 9 ing interim results, but Lloyds brokers continued to trade firmly.

Sept 2 Sept 12 Sept 13 Sept 23 brokers continued to trade firmly. Stewart Wrightson rose 10 to 630p and Sedgwick added 3 to 393p, while Steel Burril Jones, interim figures due shortly, rose London equity markets faltered results left Dewey Warren 17 down at 228p.

summer; Hanson made a £519m settling only 2 dearer on balance rights issue in mid-June and many leading industrials issues have performed strongly on the view that Hanson was looking for UK expansion. Among this group Reed International, Bowater, Thorn EMI and Distillers all lost ground in early trading.

However, once the initial bout of selling of the Hanson bid favourites had subsided, sentiment improved amid talk that a brace of institutions were buyers of a number of leading industrials. The market's resilient performance was again a reflection of the current shortage of stock in many blue chip issues. In the background, the continued firmness of Wall Street and

at 652p. Among other Chemicals, Laporte firmed 2 to 325p, while W. Canning still reflecting the U.S. expansion moves, hardened

a firm sterling/dellar exchange rate.

Gilt-edged made good progress for the second consecutive session with conventional issues improving steadily as the pound moved up against the U.S. currency in the wake of the disappointing 2.8 per cent fall in U.S. durable goods orders during July, after a 3.6 per cent rise in June.

Longer-dated maturities settled with gains in the region of \$\frac{1}{2}\$ but rises in index-linked were restricted to around \$\frac{1}{2}\$.

Narrow movements in blue chips were well illustrated by the performance of the FT Ordinary share index which held close to its overnight level prior to settling a net 1.0 lower at 987.2. The FT-SE index, which includes many overseas earners among its constituents, fell to the day's low point within half an hour of the market's opening before finishing the day 4.2 off at 1,309.7.

Amstrad up again

Static throughout the session, leading Electricals succumbed to scattered offerings after-hours. Static throughout the session, leading Electricals succumbed to scattered offerings after-hours. Static throughout the session, leading Electricals succumbed to scattered offerings after-hours. Static throughout the session, leading Electricals succumbed to scattered offerings after-hours. Static throughout the session, leading Electricals succumbed to scattered offerings after-hours. Static throughout the session, leading Electricals succumbed to scattered offerings after-hours. Static throughout the session, leading Electricals succumbed to scattered offerings after-hours. Static throughout the session, leading Electricals succumbed to scattered offerings after-hours. Static throughout the session, leading Electricals succumbed to scattered offerings after-hours. Static throughout the session, leading Electricals succumbed to scattered offerings after-hours. Static throughout the session, leading Electricals succumbed to scattered offerings after-hours. Static throughout the session, leading Electricals succumbed to scattered offerings after-hours. Static through

Firm sterling boosts Gilt-edged FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES

Gold Mines 12/9/56. SE Activity 1974. Letest index 01-246 8028.

HIGHS AND LOWS S.E. ACTIVITY

					- IKDN)EJ	
	19		Since Co	mpilat'n		A07.	Aug. 20
	High	Low	High	Low	Daily Gift Edged		
pvt. Secs.	63.87 (80/7)	78,02 (25/1)	127,4	49,18 (8/1/76)	Bargaine Equities	119,9	1
xed int	88.74	82.17 (28/1)	150.4	50,53		7 79.7	145,9 807.1
rdinary	1024.5 (22/1)	911.0 (25/7)	1024,5 (22/1/65)	49,4	Gift Edged Bargains Equities	127,6	134,5
old Mines	536.9 (15.4)	298,1 (8/8)	734,7 (15/2/88)	48,8 (28/18/71)	Bargains	131.1 784.7	125.0 723.0

Leading Foods were high-lighted by Tate and Lyle which rose 15 to 460p following a broker's upgraded profits esti-mate. Elsewhere, Kwik Save mate. Elsewhere, Kwlk Save attracted fresh support on speculation of a bid from Argyll Group and firmed 6 to 222p; Argyll shed that much, to 322p. Bid chatter also accompanied demand for Pyke Holdings, up 13 at 318p. Needlers fell 5 to 110p on disappointment with the interim results, but USM quoted Sims Catering gained 6 to 158p following accuisition news. Hillsdown

ever, some of the potential Hanson takeover targets in the Miscellaneous industrial sector were
tupset by the news and came
under selling pressure at the
outset. This was quickly absorbed in many cases, but Bowater,
in which Hanson holds a 7 per
cent stake lost 8 to 310p. Reed
International, after reacting to
684p, picked up to 702p prior to
closing a net 6 off at 696p. Elsewhere, Beecham, 341p and
Fisons, 363, both shed 7 on currency influences, but BOC added
a couple of pence to 291p. rency influences, but BOC added a couple of pence to 291p. British Aerospace slipped 2 to 373p and the new shares closed 4 down at 198p. Among the second-liners, Kean and Scett rose 5 to 38p following the agreed bid worth 394p per share for the oustanding 17.52 per cent of the equity from Hawley Group, a penny better at 81p, after 78p. Speculative counter Parkfield touched 143p prior to closing a penny better at 137p, but Apricot Compaters fell 12 to 133p on lack of support.

As expected, Harisan Travel

esterday.

Ciocing Day's price change 176 + 4 99 - 25 923 - 7 225 + 17 748 - 19 212 + 3 137 + 1 894 - 6 663 - 12 683 - 2 236 + 8 511 - 9

5 12 Sept.

50 6 1 129 3.50 247 1.90

55 1

1 0.20

30 0.05

1 0.20

30 1.05

25 8.90

12 12.20

28 21 8.90

13 12.20

15 17 100

2.50 B

10 0.90

10 0.90

10 0.90

Oct. 7.70 2.80 3.60 1.80 23.60 1.90 7.70 4.80

0-10 5.50 1.50 1.30 7.20 4.50 7.20 8.40 A 1.40 1.60 0.70 4 8.20 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50

\$7001 PL305 FL310 FL310 FL325 FL320 FL340 FL360 FL360 FL360 FL360 FL306
EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE

YESTERDAY'S

to 49p before fininshing only 2 cheaper on balance at 51p. In contrast, support was forth-coming for USM-quoted remould tyre and battery concern BTS 7 up at 78p. Distributors failed to maintain best levels. Current speculative high-filer Caffyns touched a new high of 178p before settling a net 2 dearer at 176p, while Lex Service rose 7 to 212p, after 2140. to 212p, after 214p.

Fleet Holdings hardened the turn to 342p, after a new peak of 345p, awaiting bid develop-ments in the light of the Monothe approach from United News-papers. The latter were unchanged at 300p. Advertising agencies and related concerns went better where altered. Re-vived takeover hopes stimulated support of Good Relations, 17 higher at 225p, while Lowe Howard-Spink firmed 8 to 258p. Richard Clay hardened a few pence to 148p shead of the unwelcome offer from McCorquo-

unwelcome offer from McCorquodale, 2 off at 142p.

In Properties, Rush and Tompkins, up 6 on Wednesday on
news that Border and Southern
Stockholders Trust had increased
its holding to 10.94 per cent,
gained 8 more to 246p, after
248p. Estate agents Bairstow
Eves firmed 2 to a 1985 peak of
98p on vague takeover hopes and
USM-quoted Trencherwood
moved up 6 to 204p.
A number of features emerged
in Textiles. Bid propects continued to bouy Allied Textiles,
another 40 to the good at 455p,
while speculative activity was
also evident in Don Brethers
Budst, 212p, and Yorklyde, 173p,
up 14 and 10 respectively.

Leading oils edged higher at the outset, responding to the oversight improvement on Wall Street, but subsequently eased back reflecting the rise in sterling against the dollar to close little changed on balance. Falls of a few pence were common to BP, 545p, Brittell, 226p, LASMO, 275p and Shell, 683p while Tricentrel lost 6 to 183p. Among the secondary oils, Invent Energy touched £12o prior to closing ½ up at £11½; preliminary results are expected in mid-Spetmber. Dealings rein mid-Spetmber. Dealings re-sumed at 9.30 in Hadson Petro-leum which, having opened at 40p, slipped to 38p before closing at 42p.

Golds weak

Rumoured and actual events prompted another erratic performance from South African mining markets. Reports that Group, a penny better at 81p, after 78p. Speculative counter restricted touched 143p prior to closing a penny better at 137p, but Apricot Computers fell 12 to 133p on lack of support.

As expected, Horizon Travel revealed poor interim results and the price, having already fallen from 125p to 111p this week, shed 3 more to 108p. Intersun, a firm market on Wednesday, gave up 3 to 135p on profit taking.

Motor Components held close to overnight levels. Kwik-Fit, firm recently amid hopes of a bid from Ward White, dipped

Randfontein registered the severest fall in the leaders closing £2‡ off at £56‡, while losses of around a point were common to Vaal Reefs, £53‡

South African Financials wer similarly affected. De Beers weak market since the announce results earlier in the week, gav-up 5 more to 332p. London domiciled Financials attracted modest profit-taking with RTZ and Consolidated Gold Fleids down around 5 apiece at 580p and 438p apiece:

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1985

NEW HIGHS (93)

Brown (N.)

ELECTRICALS (2)

Armstrad

Armstrad

Armstrad

Tellos

Tribles

Great Northern

NEW LOWS (25)

n Pacific
CHEMICALS (1)

RECENT ISSUES

EQUITIES

	_			_			_					1
	ause epho	Amount pedd up	Renuna, date	19 High	65 Low	Stock	Olosing	+ er	Z Ž	Times	S TE	4 : 1 :
in the second of	\$59 180 67 7 7 4 1286 50 120 120 125 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120	PROFES OF THE PR	9/8 5/9 20/9 20/9 20/9 20/9 20/9 20/9 20/9 20	550 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250	255 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265	AATA Selection 5p. Abbay Life 5p. Abbay Life 5p. Abbay Life 5p. Abbay Life 5p. Alox. & Alex. c. \$1. Anglo Uzu. Dev. Anglo Uzu. Ballife Grd Shin Npr. Do. Warrants Ballife Grd Shin Npr. Do. Warrants British Aerospace 5lp Bri	62 246 219 219 132 147 198 118 118 118 118 118 77 118 78 118 78 118 78 118 78 118 78 118 78 118 78 118 78 118 78 118 78 118 78 118 78 118 78 118 11	+1+1	bg 1.58 0.6	2-0-1-1-2-1-2-1-2-1-2-1-2-1-2-1-2-1-2-1-	588 107 - 3588559 - 781 6584497 700911	18. 17.15 17.16 18.6 5.5.1611 9.16 18.11 28.16.1612 14.14.18.18.1
d Z	110 575 110	F.P.	8,08	110 103 132	104 74 117	Tiphoek 10p ‡Trilion:10p ‡Yellowhammer 5p	ena i	+2 2	h-11	4 D	1.5	178.

					 - -	-
	price price	nount Fd up	rtest nuno. ate	1985	٠٠.	Stoc
ı	25	₹8	그윤의	High Low		٠:

price				90	Stock	185	+ 0
	₹8	320	High	Low		충호	
87.305 196.458 91 11 11 50p 88.466 499.855 199.096 100 91 100	235 F.P. 230 235 F.P.	6/9	55p. 51 fs. 254 1001g 103 54 fs 1004 1001g 1124 100	264 100 157 411 295 25 100 100 100 100 1084	*** Cannon St. Inva. 7.750s. Cm. RefPTS4.5 Stanson Tat. 5.757 Cnv. Cum. Red. Pri Intt. St. for Rec. 5 Dev. 912 Ln. 2010 Keystoris Inva. 1142 Deb. 2010/15 Lowiand Inv. 1142 Deb. 2010/15 Macallan-Ghen. 61 Cnv. Uns. Ln. 2005. Mataysis 1042 Ln. 2008. Mataysis 1042 Ln. 2008. Mataysis 2045 Ln. 2008.	100 157 53p 354 100 102 53 100 100 1124 1100	+ 14
•	1447	. ,	-6-1001		de la company de la company de la contraction de	.bp.u.	•

RIGHTS OFFERS

!saue price		Latest Renunc. date	198	15	Stock	#5	 + 0
Price	₹2	uate	Kigh	Low		85	-
90 180 25 5 880 360 185 210 25 280 190 15 400 425 280	MII F.P. NII F.P. NII 100 F.P. NII F.P. NII F.P.	23/9 9/8 17/9 11/9 13/9 27/9 28/10 4/9 24/9 24/9 20/9 20/9 23/9	110pm 293 4½ 72 328 56pm 138 680 8pm 46pm 145 4pm 548 505	280 3 54 504 45pm 99 595 5pm 30pm 123 3pm 463 446	MApplied Holographics Sp. Bestwood 15p. Bestwood 15p. Brown (J) A Dares Est. 85p Stell Fornhaws Burtonwood. Hanson Trust Maziewood Foods 20p. Molton. Oceans Dev. Inv. 7st. Frestwich MITD Group IR 1,75p. Siebe. TAGE 10p.	290 4 7 7 512 50pm 128 670 5pm 30pm 145 3pm 542 475	+5 +6 +2

put was struck in BSR Inter-national and a double option was arranged in Kia Ora Gold. OPTIONS First Last Last For Declara- Settleings ings tiom ment
Ang 19 Sept 6 Nov 21 Dec 2
Sept 9 Sept 20 Dec 5 Dec 16
Sept 23 Oct 4 Dec 19 Dec 30

mational and a double arranged in Kia Ora

RISES AND I

YESTERDAY RISES AND FALLS

For rate indications see end of Share Information Service
Stocks favoured for the call Stocks favoured for the call Stocks favoured for the call Foneign Sonds ... F

MHE-C

FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES

These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times. the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

		uru; Erti			T	HET?	i Aug	Ass	Aug 20	19				
Fi	& SUB-SI gures in parenthe stocks pe	ses show		of Sed		/s	Est. Earnings Yield % (Max.)	Gross Dir. Yield% (ACT at 30%)	Est. P/E Ratio (Het)	nd adj. 1985 to date	index No.	index No	Index No.	Index.
3	CAPITAL GOOD	S (206) .		595			10.56	4.14	11.93	10.52	536.32		526.88	499.85
2	Building Material			558		1	11.80	4.74	10.50	11.92				456.87
3	Contracting, Cont Electricals (14)	STRUCTURE	LE7/	8 57 1416			11.91 11.34	4.94 5.24	10.83	17.54	834.87 1414.50		832.79 1995.78	679.99 1532.62
5	Electronics (38)			_ 1446			10.52	3,12	12.53			1613		1775.46
6	Mechanical Engli	neering (52)	_ 296			10.98	4.72	11.12	6.15	296.39	292.95	289.05	247.32
8	Metals and Metal Motors (16)			208 167			11.99 13.17	7.52 5.84	10.49	413	298.22			145.65
10	Other Indestrial 8	dateriak					7.51	3.57	9.38 16.56	355 1581	166.66 953.20	165.73 943.15		119.12 674.64
21.	CONSUMER CR	OUP (17	6)	678	.93 -0.	1	9.43	3.85	13.22	12.36	679.76	677.15		511.75
22	Brewers and Dist	illers (24		559			10.73	4.42	33.78	1381	660.38			509.25
2	Food Manufactur Food Retailing ()	mg (21). (4)		498 1641			11.91 5.59	4.89 2.54	10.79 23.77	13.09 16.93	494.38 1633.99		457.16 1609.19	391.49 1192.99
27	Health and House	shold Pro	ducts (9)_	_ 1065	.83 -1	8	636	2.79	18.49	11.95		1068.16	1054.93	375.85
29	Leisure (22)			667	32 +A	<u> </u>	8.48	4.92	15.43	20.79	666.48	668.60	651.15	572.14
32 33	Newspapers, Pub Packaging and Pa					3	8.33 9.85	4.19 4.11	15.46 12.04	37.91 6.26	1846.39 368.66		1831.19	1282.95
34	Stores (41)	A-1 (4.1)			59 -0.		7.36	313	18.51	9.53	680.86	68163	364.18 676.62	243.55 433.85
35	Stores (41) Textiles (16)			328			13.29	4.99	8.53	7.97	327.72	325.58	322.62	266.36
36 41	Tobaccos (3) OTHER EROUP: Chemicals (19) Office Equipment	E (740)		786 657			18.78 9.23	5.47 4.12	14.02	18.71 14.13	791.84			682.88
42	Chemicals (19)	- (TAT)		_ 67			14.62	5.44	9.04	24.95	667.23 674.88	685.53 669.69	682.50 662.55	456.86
44	Office Equipment	(4)		207	ــ ابع	. J	7.72	4.25	15.46	3.64	207.01			137.96
45	Shipping and Tra	risport (1)	2)	1172	-0.		8.16	4.45	15.21	25.71	1173.89		1168.89	858.5 7
46	Miscellaneous (6 Telephone Netwo	4) vis (2)		- 25 2			7.38 8.36	3.73 3.65	15.95	14.86 14.38	846.99 892.31	842.67	538.25	635.A3
49	INDUSTRIAL CI	ROUP (4	<u> </u>	651			2.66	440	13.67	12.50	651.92		891.16 644.89	<u>0.0,</u> 505.29,
51	01ls (17)			114			16.34	7,32	7.52	39.A7	1123.85			1076.37
59	500 SHARE IND	EX (500))	692	.92 -0.	2	10.52	443	11.93	14.68	694.16			553.06.
61	FINANCIAL GR						1	4.91		12.39	490.51	490.28	485.19	384.43
62 65	Banks (6)	/01		490 764			11.25	6.03 4.27	7.83	19.80	490.57	489.27	460.78	361.26
8	Insurance (Life)	osite) (7)		_ 373			_	125	=	14.71	767.39 379.81		768.70 375.28	534.16 280.67
67	Inguistrice (Broke	rs) (7)		[114]	38 +0.	5 ł	8.37	3.63	15.99	21.00	1136,12		3/3.25 1107.76	200,97 848,35
68 69	Merchant Sanks	O1)		232 458			5.65	4.79	l	4.92	233.79	232.14	231.06	202.12
70	Property (50) Other Financial(2	253		279			242	3.62 5.90	23.75 12.98	9.88 8.14	659.24 279.92	661.23 279.75	659.11	587.79
7	INVESTAGEM 1 LTREE	2 CUUD		- 367		_	_	3.65		10.05	586.83		274,70 584,54	<u>26.32,</u> 509.55
80	Mining Finance C	3)		_ 260			12.45	5.80	9.32	5.36	263.04	258.67	249.68	272.21
95	Oversets Traders			600 633		_	12.53	6.63 4.50	9.57	23.86	598.79	591.42	595.06	568.88
**	ALL-SEPARE INI	1EA (1.30		inde	_	- +	=			13.61	635.21	632.16	626,94	510.12
l	_			No.	Cha	AQC.	Day's High	Day's Low	Aug 21	Aug 20	Apg 19	ෂ	Aug 15	Year ago
\neg	FT-SE 100 SHAI	te inde	X	130	9.71 -43	2 1	3129	1309.7	1313.9	1307.1	1294.9	1299.1	1302.2	1001.1
	FD	KED !	INTE	REST	Γ				AGE GR			Thers Aug 22	Wed Ang 21	Year age (approx.)
							ㅗ					4		(Tithus)
1	PRICE	Titers	Day's	Wed	ज्ये औ.	mi:	4		iy Equal		- 1			
	NDICES .	Ass	change	Aug	today	19	∞	1 Low 2 Coppo		jears jyears		9.95 10.13	1.99	11.13
		22	%	21	L	to d		3	25	years		10.14	30.18	10.49 10.21
7	lyttich Government				1)		4 Mediu		years.,.	141	10.68	10.75	11.85
1 !		119.91	+634	119.74	! —	7.	.68	5 Compo		years		10.49	10.55	11.10
	-15 years	133.62	+0.39	132.50	 	9.	11	6 7 High		j years	******	10.15 10.77	10.18	18.44
	-	137.55		157.A9	l <u> </u>			/ Niga 8 Coupe		years years		10.64	20.83 10.69	11.86 11.26
- 1					l _			9) TEMES		30.26	10.29	18.54
				152.12 130.60	-	l l	1 1	0 Imade	mables		<u>t</u>	9.97	16.00	10.16
_5/4	5 All stocks 230.98 +0.29 3				<u> </u>	-		I Deks 4		5 years		114	11.56	124
6	6 Sabenhary & Louis 112.75 +0.36 1				_	6.		2 Leses		15 years		11.36	11.2	12.33
\rightarrow		70 47		4	68 1	4 Prefer		25 years		11.24	11.27	12.18		
711	72 1472 CZ	79.84					KED STO		<u> </u>	ا فيعه	12.28	13.66		
				-	T SUVER									
8 4	ii stocks	223.20	+0.22	110.86		2		5 Inflatio 6	n rate	5%. 10%.		3.56 3.56	3,58 3,58	3.76 3.57
				-										

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS Aug. Nov. Feb. Aug. Nov. Feb. 27 11₂ 15 6 7 25 | 200 | 1 | 5 | | 500 | 82 | 95 | | 500 | 52 | 50 | | 500 | 5 | 52 | | 70 | 512 | 13 | | 20 | 114 | 812 | | 20 | 10 | 612 | | 20 | 114 | | 20 | 114 | | 20 | 114 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 | | 20 | 214 0 M274.48 TraFgar Hse 330 - 363 36 - 360 - 363 12 390 -30 40 17 30 7 12 8 -10 22 40 Bt. Telecom 130 (*196) 140 150 160 170 180 220 220

The state of the s

1:23

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

AUSTRIA Aug. 22 Price + or Schiz + or Schiz -	Aug. 22 Aust.5	JAPAN (continued) or Aug. 28 Price + or Yen - ;	CANADA	WE regret latest Canadian prices were not available for this edition due to a communication failure.
Creditaristalt Sa6	Christiania Bank 140 +0.5 Hardie (James) 3.22 miles 127 -3 Hardie (James) 2.25 miles 127 m	Missui Estats	TORONTO Closing prices August 21 103 Abb Proe \$20\(\) 20\(\) 20\(\) 4 \\ \) 13 103 Abb Proe \$20\(\) 19\(\) 20\(\) 4 \\ \) 13 103 Abb Proe \$20\(\) 19\(\) 20\(\) 4 \\ \) 13 103 Abb Proe \$20\(\) 19\(\) 20\(\) 4 \\ \) 13 103 Abb Proe \$20\(\) 19\(\) 20\(\) 4 \\ \) 13 103 Abb Proe \$20\(\) 19\(\) 20\(\) 4 \\ \) 13 103 Abb Proe \$20\(\) 19\(\) 20\(\) 4 \\ \) 13 103 Abb Proe \$20\(\) 19\(\) 20\(\) 4 \\ \) 13 103 Abb Proe \$20\(\) 19\(\) 20\(\) 4 \\ \) 13 103 Abb Proe \$20\(\) 19\(\) 20\(\) 4 \\ \) 13 103 Abb Proe \$20\(\) 19\(\) 20\(\) 4 \\ \) 13 103 Abb Proe \$20\(\) 19\(\) 20\(\) 4 \\ \) 13 104 O Agra ind A \$8\(\) 8\(\) 8\(\) 20\(\) 4 \\ \) 18 104 All Energy \$18\(\) 18\(\) 18\(\) 14\(\) 13 105 Dichman A \$1 \$8 \$7\(\) 8 10785 Dichman A \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1 \$1	Salet Stock High Law Close
Andelsbanken - 256 + 5	Mo och Domajo 169	Tellin	5500 Coseka R 340 325 340 11270 MICC 425 425 425 1432 1432 1434 1434 1434 1434 1434 1434	1301 1 201 1 305 2 35 - 15 5173 Tranc 415 395 395 - 15 14050 Triton A \$200, 200, 200, 200, - 2, Total Salos 2 899 376 shares
Forenede Baryas 940 Forenede Damps 900 Forened Damps 900	Swedish Match 157 +1 157	Toray	NEW YORK	August Au
Sinck Sales Singh Lew Last Cheng History	Secondary 17 174	Feb. 1.64 44 175, 175, 175, 175, 175, 175, 175, 175,	NORTH AMERICAN QUARTERLIES ENOUTH-PORTIAN Whose & spirits, consustics First quarter 1985-96 1984-95 Revenue 280.3m 280.3m 15.5m 165.5m 165.5	Chief price changes (In pence unless otherwise indicated) RISES Tate & Lyle 460 +15 Vosper 222 +12 RISES Allied Tex 583 +13 Coble & Wire 583 +13 Don Bros Buist 212 +14 Good Relat 255 +17 Kean & Scott 38 +5 Beecham 341 - 7 Kwik Save Disc 256 + 6 Pyke Hidgs 316 +13 Ruddle (C) 145 +13 Ruddle (C) 145 +13 Rush & Tomp 246 + 8 Finamec 47 - 5 Simon Eng 236 + 8 Royal Ins 683 -12 Steel Burrill 404 +20 Unitech 233 -24 Special Subscription Delivery Service of the Financial Times in Barcelona Fw further infermation contact: International Press Service Madrid Tel-Madrid 33 95 48 Rick 4724

STAYING IN LYON?

Complimentary copies of the Financial Times are now available to guests staying at the following hotels:

HOTEL DES ARTISTES LYON-FRANTEL LYON GRAND HOTEL CONCORDE LYON HOTEL LE ROOSEVELT · HOTEL SOFITEL LYON Enjoy your personal guest copy of the FINANCIAL TIMES

while staying at any of these Hotels: ...in Düsseldorf
Nikko Hotel, Immerikansara
Ramada Resnika, Nord, Zuis
Intervola, Karl-Armold-Plaz
Seigenberger, Constitution ...in Hamburg
...in Frankfurt
Creat Hotel, Kepandring
Atlante Hotel, An der Alster
Rangela, Geole Reichen
Herscher Hof, Friedt-Bert Anlage
Intercent, Will-Lenethop-Str.
Shemton, Flaghalen



cater-Metro-Coles, Vicdirecsional
; and
divith.
) has
f the
erers
i reming
ipass
first
the
provice
maz;
Dick-

nn oy-oh nn

de de

France Fr 8.00: W. Germany DM 2.20; italy £1,200; Notherlands Fl 2.50; Norway Kr 8.00; Portugal Est 80; Spain Pta 110; Sweden Kr 6.50; Switzerland Fr 2.20; Italy 6.50; Make 200.

Flor Londay metrhet and latest there takes 01-248 8026; overseus markets, 01-246 8086

Ar century of universal banking

lom-but g a ber.

ti-lel ng he ce ke ns ix it

ter iat, tee nds

S + S Y - IK IK IS

AND PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O

The said of the said

NYSE COMPOSITE PRICES	AMEX COMPOSITE PRICES	Prices at 3pm, August 23
247 157 PorG pit.40 13. 22 34 357 34 249 358 258 - 5 357 357 2 368 26 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	Suck De E 198s ligh Low Gase Charge Suck De E 198s ligh Low Gase Charge Suck De E 198s ligh Low Gase Charge 1 24 29, 29, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20	TubAlor 9 23, 23, 24, 4, 4, 43, 43, 47, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41, 41
	Administration of the control of the	Kuicke 12 631 145 137 14 - 16
pre-cent or more has been paid, the year's high-law range and devicted are about for the new stock only. Disease otherwises and devicted are about for the new stock only. Disease otherwises and devicted are about for the new stock only. Disease otherwises are around disbursaments based on the intest declaration.	Biotest 2 111-16 111-16 111-16 -1-18 Density 207	Section Sect
hand-delivered to your office in the following countries, contact:	Children 58 647 911 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91 91	Ocities 7 16 15½ 15½ 15½ 15 COCITIES 7 16 15½ 15½ 15½ 15 COCITIES 100 15% 15½ 15½ 15½ 15½ 15½ 15½ 15½ 15½ 15½ 15½

EUROPEAN TRADED OPTIONS

Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday

Gold Hartest and talker share radics 01.316 5025; oversels markets, 01.246 5026

Only in the Financial Times '

FINANCIAL TIMES WORLD STOCK MARKETS

WALL STREET

Concern on economy a dampener

THE RENEWED slide in credit market rates, touched off by fresh indications that the U.S. economy is slowing down, snuffed out the rally in Wall Street stocks yesterday, writes Terry Byland in

Early gains in the blue chips stocks were soon eliminated, and share prices turned easier, in a moderately active

At 3pm the Dow Jones industrial average was down 7.62 at 1,321.91.

Once again it was the takeover stocks and special situations which provided the features.

Short-term interest rates dipped afresh on the Commerce Department's disclosure that durable goods orders had fallen by 2.8 per cent in July - more sharply, than even the pessimists ex-pected. The news heightened the credit market's renewed concern over the economy, sparked earlier this week by the Commerce Department's revised

Three-month Treasury-bill rates dipped below 7 per cent for the first time in six weeks, bringing the fall on the week to around 15 basis points. Bond prices rose by half a point, with a modest gain of only 0.2 per cent in July, con-sumer prices encouraging those who believe that inflation has been curbed.

The reaction in the stock market was somewhat muted at first. But the institu-

1000

200

150

NEW YORK

DJ Transport

S&P Composite

D.I Utilities

FT-SE 100

FT-A 500

FT-A All-share

FT Gold mines

FT-A Long gitt

Nikkei-Dow

Tokyo SE

AUSTRALIA All Ord. Metals & Mins.

AUSTRIA

BELORINA

CANADA

Credit Aktier

Belgian SE

Mostreei Portfolio

DENMARK

FRANCE

CAC Gen

WEST GERMANY

Commerzbank

HONG KONG

Hang Seng

Banca Comm.

METHERLANDS

ANP-CBS Gen

ANP-CBS Ind

NORWAY

Oslo SE

SINGAPORE

Straits Times

SOUTH AFRICA

JSE Industrials

Madrid SE

SWITZERLAND

Capital Int'l

Swiss Bank Ind

SPAIN

SWEDEN

J&P

WORLD

London

Zürich

Paris (fixing)

Luxemboura

New York (Oct)

ITALY

Toronto Metals & Minis

LONDON

TOKYO

Frankfurt Commerzbank

Paris CAC General

1982

Previous Year ago

1,329.53 1,231.78

696.04

159.42

189.16

1,313.9

635.21

694.16

322.8

12,734.05 12,704.81 10,538.3

1.018.50 1.019.60 815.39

542.9

2,058.1° 2,082.7 2,020.0 2,768.7° 2,784.3 2,358.8

n/a 216.85

217,2

123.8

364.99

217.5

192.9

n/a

217.4

124.1

218.2

1,426.6 1,416.5

1,671.87 1,650.78

753.74 755.87

111.25 111.92

4724

Aug 21

220.0

GOLD (per ounce)

1,318.77 1,317.45 1,534.68

470.7

218.8

\$335.25

\$338.92

\$337.30

\$336.60

136.03 116.3

192.1

88.9

907.99

219.79

164.8

131.5

284,44

99.31

382.4

Yearago

184.9

Prev \$335.25

\$336.05

\$326,72

\$336.25

\$341.80

101.96 101.68

2,338,08 2,330,92

10.29

STOCK MARKET INDICES

Aug 22

159.01*

187.64*

1,309.7

633,95

692.91

310.1

541.9

10.26

1.321.91*

1983

524.27

130.80

167.06

1,090.2

510.12

553.06

578.4

483.7

53.25

10.29

1984

tions took the opportunity to sell some stock when the market opened higher. Turnover picked up as prices headed downwards.

back as takeover ferment eased off. Trading in Pan Am remained heavy, but the price edged up only \$% to \$8%. TWA at \$22% was \$% up as Mr Carl Icahn's victory was formalised.

The latest addition to the airline speculative scene was Ozark, which jumped \$1% to \$12% in busy trading on the American Stock Exchange. Now that Texas Air has been thwarted from buying TWA, Wall Steet is busy searching

out the next bid target.

A strong feature was Union Carbide, which jumped \$2 to \$54 in hefty trading as Wall Street awaited the company's report today on the mishap at the West Virginia plant Some analysis suggested. Virginia plant. Some analysts suggested that Union Carbide would also announce

a stock buying programme.

AT&T reacted calmly to the planned reductions in the workforce, which have already attracted bitter comment from the union representing large numbers of the telecommunication group's work-force. At 214, AT&T eased \$4, and turnover was modest by the standards of one

of Wall Street's most widely held shares. But the other well-known names made little movement. IBM shed \$\% to \$128\%, General Electric \$\% to \$61\%, and General Motors \$\% to \$67\%. Ford at \$44\% was little changed after disclosing plans to cut office staff by 20 per cent by the safe of the decade. the end of the decade.

In the financial sector, American Express gained \$1/2 to \$431/4 after announcing the purchase of First Data

Other active features included SCM, which made a delayed start on the news of an offer from Hanson Trust of the UK. At \$84%, against Hanson's planned

CURRENCIES

236.95

8.4475

2,2685

3.124

56.25 1.3555

INTEREST RATES

U.S BONDS

Aug 22

100%

100%

FINANCIAL FUTURES

Latest High

Yield

Yield

100% 8.769 98°% 8.89 102 9.956 101°% 9.99 102°% 10.096 102°% 10.13 102% 10.406 101°% 10.43

Prev

10.10 100% 10.20

10.45 99.869 10.65

10.50 99.582 10.70

82% 8.25 82% 8.25 84% 10.88 83% 11.00

103% 11.40 103% 11.40

101% 12:00 101% 12:10

77-31 78-10 77-28 77-23

93.08 93.12 93.05 93.07

92.37 92.41 92.37 92.38

92.04 92.07 92.02 92.01

112-18 112-20 112-01 111-27

Aug 22 449.05p

\$27.45

£2,986.00 £2,004.50

£1,647,50 £1,661,00

450.250

U.S. DOLLAR

Aug 22 Previous

2,7425 2,7655

235.85

8.375

2*2*435

1,842.0

55.55

1.3535

3-month U.S.\$

6-month U.S.\$

th CDs

(3-month offered rate)

U.S. Fed Fu

1987

1992

2015

10% June 1990

3% July 1990

8% May 2000

10% March 1993 100%

Federated Dept Stores

10% May 2013 95.00 11.20

U.S. Treasury Bonds (CBT)

U.S. Treasury Bills (ROM)

Certificates of Deposit (TMM)

el Cit

COMMODITIES

Diamond Shamrock

10% May 1993

11.80 Feb 2013

12¼ Dec 2012

CHICAGO

8% 32nds of 100%

\$1m points of 100%

\$1m points of 100%

\$1m points of 100%

£50,000 32nds of 100%

Three-month Eurodolla

Sept

LONDON

(London)

Silver (spot fixing)

Oil (spot Arabian Light)

Copper (cash)

Coffee (Sept)

Abbot Lab

10%

1300

-11000

950

900

STERL BAG

1.393

3.85 329.5

11.73

3.155

77.9

1.8831

11% 4% 4% 11%

8716 8¼ 7½ 7.70 7.02

Aug 22 Previous

1.4075

3.8625

331.75

11.79

3.1575

1,861.0 2,590.0 2,579.0

78.15 1,9065

11% 4% 4% 11%

8% 7'%' 7.70° 7.00°

KEY MARKET MONITORS

\$60 a share offer, SCM was \$64 up. There was brisk trading in A. H. Robins, \$1% down at \$8% also after a delay-The Dow transportation average fall

ed start prompted by the NYSE's announcement that it would review the stock quote in the light of the group's filing under Chapter 11 bankruptcy protection in the face of heavy litigation relat-ing to its Dalkon Shield contraceptive

Stock in Jack Eckerd jumped 4% to \$30% in heavy turnover after the board confirmed recent speculation by disclosing that the company is up for sale. Eckerd has been a takeover hope for some weeks, with Wall Street predicting a leveraged buyout in the wake of its successful sale of two subsidiaries.

The dip in short-term rates was held in check by a federal funds rate at 7% per cent, Treasuryhills edged above their lowest levels at midsession, and falls in money market rates were held to two or three basis points.

Bond prices also settled down after their opening spurt to show gains of % to % a point. The market was waiting for the announcement of the weekly money supply statistics, which were expected to show some moderation of the recent

TOKYO

Buoyed by lower rate prospects

CONTINUED foreign buying and improved prospects for lower interest rates worldwide led investors to keep seeking

large capital issues in Tokyo yesterday, urites Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jiji Press.
The Nikkei-Dow market average put on 29.24 to 12,734.05 on firmer volume of 601m shares, up from Wednesday's 562m shares. Declines slightly outnumbered advances 396 to 392, with 155 issues un-

Mitsubishi Heavy Industries strengthened Y15 to Y377 with the biggest trad-ing volume of 90.60m shares, hitting an all-time high for the fourth consecutive session. The surge was prompted by the narrowing gap between interest rates in Japan and overseas and expectations of a stronger performance due to higher defence spending. Active foreign buying

Kawasaki Heavy Industries, the second most active with 22.56m shares traded, firmed Y6 to Y209.

Other defence-related stock also drew popularity, with Japan Steel Works adding Y5 to Y277 and Sumitomo Heavy Industries Y7 to Y274.

Conversely, steels dipped on a wide front. Nippon Steel shed Y2 to Y177 on profit-taking with the third largest vol-ume of 22.46m shares. Kawasaki Steel weakened Y4 to Y154 after reports that the group's first-half recurring profit declined 15 per cent to Y18bm, reflecting

lower profitability in exports to the U.S. Mitsui Construction, the fourth most active with 21.18m shares, soured Y22 at one stage but closed Y2 down at Y405. Nissan Construction strengthened Y36

Lagging biotechnology issues attracted interest in the afternoon. Kanebo firmed Y17 to Y527 on revived interest in its biotechnology development while Kyowa Hakko surged Y83 to Y875 on small-lot foreign purchases. Takeda Chemical rose Y17 to Y890 and Toray Y13 to Y514. Hitachi eased Y7 to Y693, falling below

the Y700 level on a volume of 3.4m shares. Other blue chips generally re-Foreign buy and sell orders through

four leading securities companies in earby trading swelled to 45m shares and 33m shares, respectively. Stimulated by the overnight plunge in yields on long and short-term U.S. bonds

and the yen's strength against the U.S. dollar, bank dealers and securities houses continued busy trading on the The yield on the benchmark 6.8 per

cent government bond due in December 1994 dropped to a record low of 6.165 per cent from 6.250 per cent.

HONG KONG

CONFIDENCE returned to Hong Kong after Wednesday's sharp losses as Sir John Bremridge, the colony's financial secretary, denied rumours that a bank was suffering financial difficulties.

The Hang Seng index recouped more than half the previous session's losses to end up 21.09 at 1,671.87.

Renewed buying interest in banks left Hang Seng HK\$1.50 firmer at HK\$46.75, Cheung Kong 20 cents higher at HK\$18.70 and Hongkong Bank up 10 cents at HK\$7,65.

Elsewhere, Hutchison Whampoa added 40 cents to HK\$28.80, Jardine Matheson 20 cents to HK\$12.90 and Swire Pacific 10 cents to HK\$25.50.

SINGAPORE

BLUE CHIPS turned lower under light selling pressure in Singapore, and the Straits Times industrial index fell 2.13 to

DBS again led bank stocks lower. shedding 6 cents to reach yet another 1984 low of SS4.86. Both OCBC and Malayan Banking dropped 5 cents to S\$7.95

and \$\$5.45 respectively.

Malaysian-linked stocks Raleigh Cycles, up 15 cents to S\$2.05, and General Lumber, 16 cents to S\$1.43, moved against the trend.

Plantations came under pressure, and most industrials finished the day with losses of a few cents.

and the second of the second o

EUROPE

Corporate results tend to stimulate

The second secon

A FRESH battery of corporate results confronted investors on the European bourses yesterday offering good profits news while further consideration of Wednesday's trading statements underlined many share and sectoral move-

Frankfurt had much to ponder. The 10.1 rise in the Commerzbank index to 1,426.2 reflected early strength that focused on select blue chips and car mak-

The market digested the release of data showing a record number of new car registrations in July and gave Daimler a DM 4 boost to DM 894 while Porsche picked up DM 2 to DM 1,270. BMW, particularly active in the previous session, held steady at DM 439, and the faint-hearted deserted VW, leaving it 80 pfg weaker at DM 314.

Highlight of the day was the technology sector, which had Nixdorf results to scrutinise. The bubbling turnover figures for the first half failed to convince the doubters of the computer group, shares of which have turned weaker in recent weeks leaving it near the bottom of its 1985 trading range. By the close Nixdorf had shed DM 4.50 to DM 533. In sharp contrast, the other high-tech wun-derkind, robot maker IWKA, surged DM 12 to DM 281.

A respectable profits forecast for energy conglomerate Veba failed to spark a price reaction, and it closed steady at DM 235. The group also announced that it was considering a share listing on the London Stock Exchange.

Profit-takers ran riot among chemical shares, forcing Hoechst DM 3.50 lower to DM 213 and BASF DM 2 down to DM 222.20, both after Wednesday's results. Bayer, holding its trading statement until next week, also lost ground with a DM 2.50 decline to DM 220.50.

Degussa, which suffered an explosion and fire at one of its Frankfurt plants, was unchanged at DM 365.

The retailers continue to radiate with confidence as Kaufhof flaunted a DM 3.90 advance to DM 281.40 after trailing fellow retailers for most of the week. Karstadt added 50 pfg to DM 258.50.

Another hectic hond session produced sharp rises of up to 70 basis points with a soft dollar offering an incentive to buy-ers seemingly seduced with the prospects of yet lower German interest

The Bundesbank took advantage of the market's strength to sell a large DM 61.2m in paper after Wednesday's DM

The bulls continue to set the pace in Brussels as the Stock Exchange index rose 7.18 to 2,338.08. Petrofina managed another gain of BFr 30 to BFr 5.880, but the main attractions were Wagons Lits' BFr 130 sprint to BFr 3,280 and zinc producer Vieille Montagne, which finished higher yet again at BFr 8,310, a gain of

Amsterdam finished mixed although the ANP-CBS industrial index hit a high for the year with a 0.9 rise to 193.8.

A results and rights issue announcement from Buehrmann-Tetterode left the printing and packaging group FI 4 higher at FI 114, a new peak for the year and a net gain of FI 13 over the last nine

trading sessions.

VMF-Stork moved for the first time this week and soared FI 18.20 to a new 1985 high of Fl 263.50 while Nedlloyd firmed FI 3.50 to FI 179 after analysts picked through Wednesday's results.

Paris was partly inspired by Wall Street's overnight firmness. Bouygues held steady at FFr 799 amid results and expansion plans, while L'Oréal perked up with a FFr 70 rise to FFr 2,310. BSN moved against the trend with a helty FFr 165 decline to FFr 2,085, and Skis Rossignol slipped FFr 25 to FFr 1,351 af-

Zurich made good progress amid lower interest rates hopes.

Milan trading featured Montedison L30 cheaper a L2,150 after recent gains, Gemina L60 higher at L1,110 and Bi-Invest closing unchanged at L5,500 after early gains.

Assicuraziono Milano recouped some of the losses of the previous session with a L350 rally to L20,550 after detailing its L5.6bn rights issue.

A weaker Stockholm was awash with fresh results and leftovers from Wednesday. Atlas Copco firmed SKr 3 to SKr 114, and Aga slipped SKr 1 to SKr 115 after consideration of the previous day's statements while Ericsson's downcast performance but glowing optimism for the future arrived after trading that took the telecommunications group SKr 7 higher to SKr 220, a welcome recovery

from Wednesday's low for the year.

Gambro firmed SKr 2 to SKr 78 amid results while Sandvik managed a hearty SKr 10 rise to SKr 430.

LONDON

THE two-day improvement in London faltered yesterday, but a later resilient performance was again a reflection of the present shortage in blue chip stock

Mri63

gas kae**d**

accord brok

Serviced Form

(, in the

Till S

The downward move followed news that Hanson Trust had launched its biggest ever takeover bid - a £745m offer for the U.S. diversified group SCM Cor. poration. Many leading industrial issues have performed strongly on the view that Hanson was looking for UK expansion.

The FT Ordinary share index held close to its overnight level and ended only 1.0 lower at 987.2.

Gilts were again higher. Longer-dated stocks rose about ¼, but rises in indexlinked issues were restricted to about 1/4 Chief price changes, Page 29; Details, Page 28; Chief price changes, Pages 26–27

AUSTRALIA

GOLDS continued lower in Sydney, and other miners and industrials experienced a long overdue technical downturn. The All Ordinaries industrials index shed 2.5 to settle at 954.1.

Castlemaine Toohey took the centre stage after news that a white knight had been found to outbid Bond Corporation Castlemaine, however, remained tight-Castlemaine, however, remaining lipped about the new buyer as its shares added 40 cents to A\$7.90, 40 cents above

Bond's takeover offer.
Howard Smith Industries continued to show a sharp gain, rising 20 cents to A\$8 amid reports that it was about to become a takeover target by Thomas Nationwide Transport.

SOUTH AFRICA

EARLY gains dissipated in Johannesburg after the rand recouped some of its losses and foreign investors began to sell gold issues.

The decision by black miners to delay strike action planned for August 25 was greeted favourably, however.

The losses were light, and among golds Vaal Reefs added R1.50 to R188, Randfontein remained at R201 and Free State Geduld shed R1.25 to R48.

CANADA

HECTIC TRADE in Canada Trustco remained the talking point in Toronto, but most other stocks turned lower after

Canada Trustco lost CS% to CS44% while Genstar, which has put a bid in for the company, was steady at C\$31%. National Victoria and Grey Trustco.

also active, added C\$% to C\$23% after higher nine-month earnings.

May 1985

Issue of

U.S.\$1,000,000,000

Primary Capital FRNs (Floating Rate Notes)

comprising

U.S.\$500,000,000 Primary Capital FRNs (Series "A") U.S.\$500,000,000 Primary Capital FRNs (Series "B")

Issue Price 100%

County Bank Limited

Morgan Guaranty Ltd Orion Royal Bank Limited Shearson Lehman Brothers International

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited

Bank of Tokyo International Limited Barclays Merchant Bank Limited Crédit Commercial de France Girozentrale und Bank der österreichischen Sparkassen

IBJ International Limited Lloyds Bank International Limited Mitsubishi Finance International Limited

Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited Sumitomo Finance International

Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale Algemene Bank Nederland N.V.

Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A. Baring Brothers & Co., Limited Citicorp International Bank Limited Crédit Agricole Dai-Ichi Kangyo International Limited Dominion Securities Pitfield Limited HandelsBank N.W. (Overseas) Ltd. Kansallis-Osake-Pankki F. van Lanschot Bankiers N.V. Mitsui Finance International Limited Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited Oesterreichische Länderbank Aktiengesellschaft

Takugin International Bank (Europe) S.A.

Sparekassen SDS

Bank of Yokohama (Europe) S.A. Banque Nationale de Paris Christiania Bank og Kreditkasse Commonwealth Bank of Australia Crédit Lyonnais Daiwa Europe Limited Fuji International Finance Limited Hill Samuel & Co. Limited Kleinwort, Benson Limited Manufacturers Hanover Limited Mitsui Trust Bank (Europe) S.A. Nippon Credit International (HK) Ltd. Société Générale Svenska Handelsbanken Group Westpac Banking Corporation

Merrill Lynch Capital Markets

Morgan Stanley International

Banque Paribas Capital Markets

Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft

Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft

LTCB International Limited

Nomura International Limited

Goldman Sachs International Corp.

Kidder, Peabody International Limited

Mitsubishi Trust & Banking Corporation
(Europe) S.A.

Sumitomo Trust International Limited

Yamaichi International (Europe) Limited

S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

Salomon Brothers International Limited

New Issue